

Climate Change Assembly

Presented by
Lyndon State College Climate Change Committee



Atmospheric Science

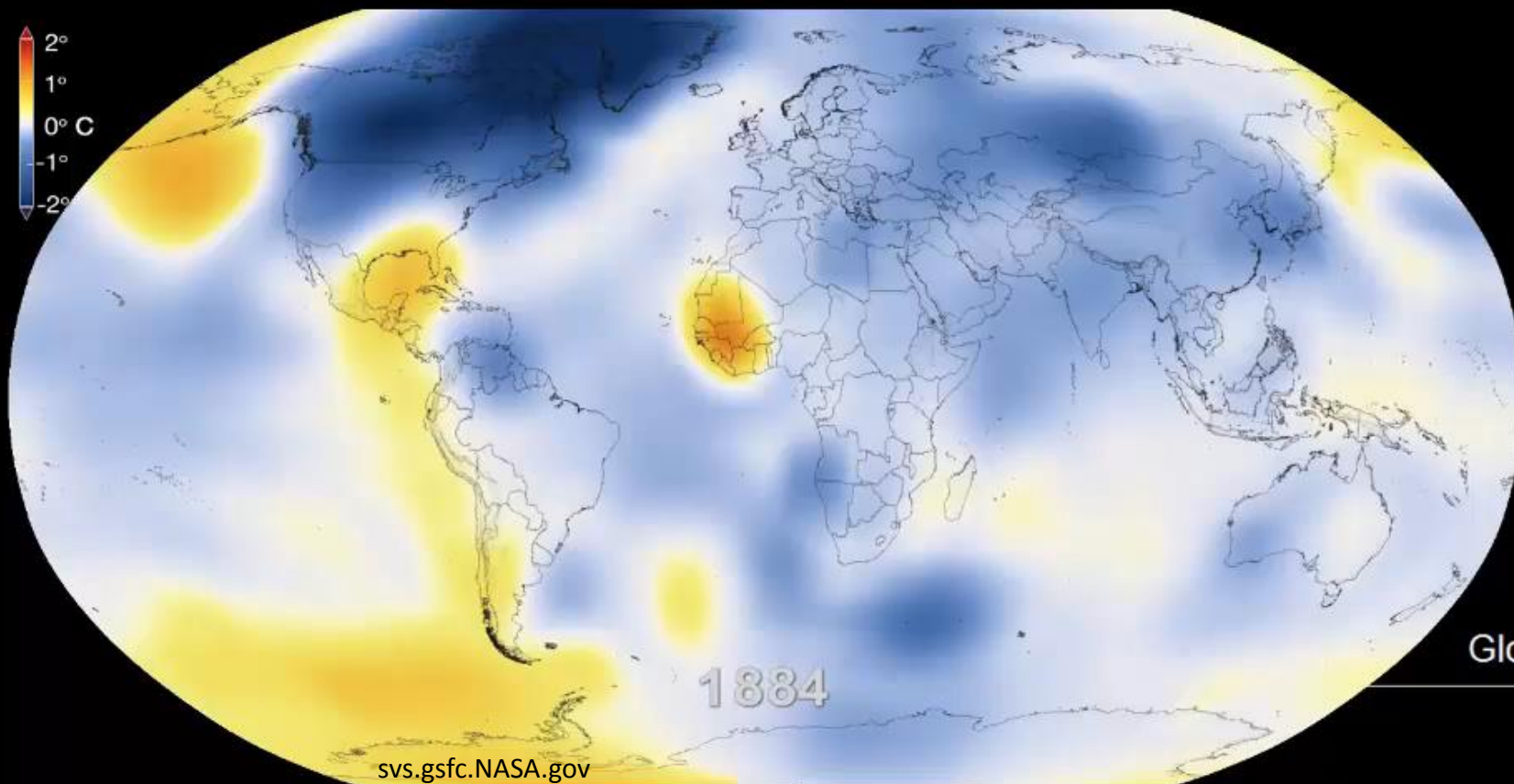
Weather

- Atmospheric state at a given time
- Individual events
- Short-term forecasts (1 – 5 days)

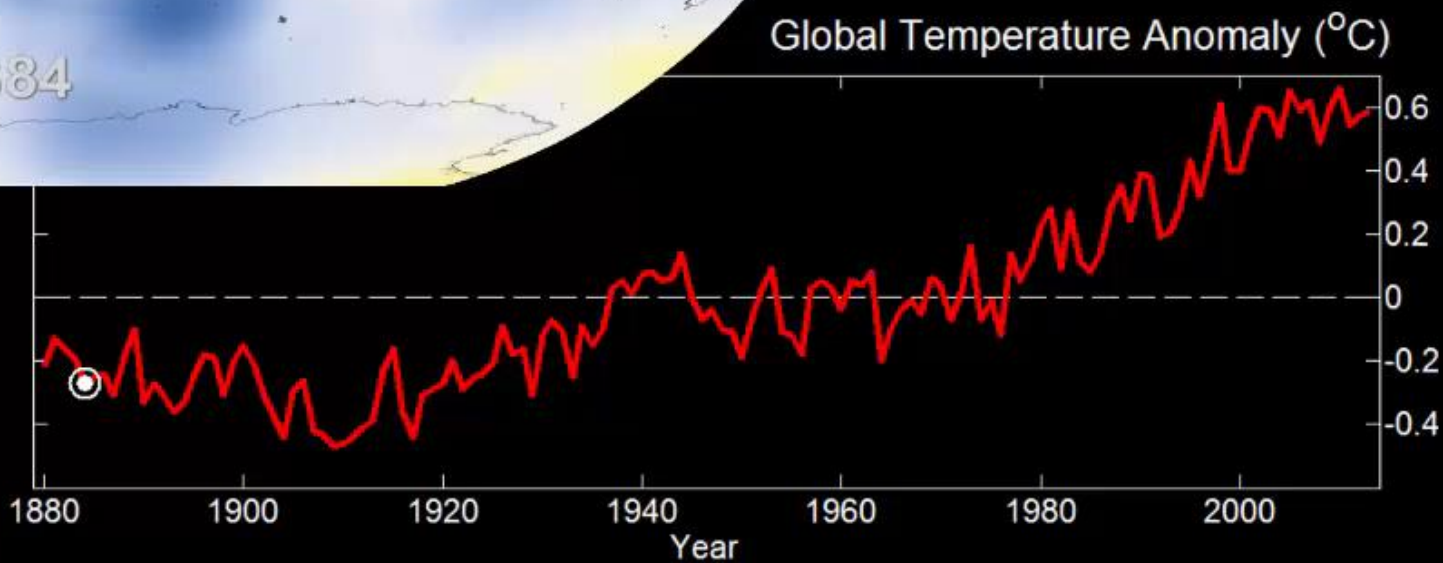
Climate

- Long-term behavior of weather
- Groups of events
- Long-term forecasts (1 – 100+ years)





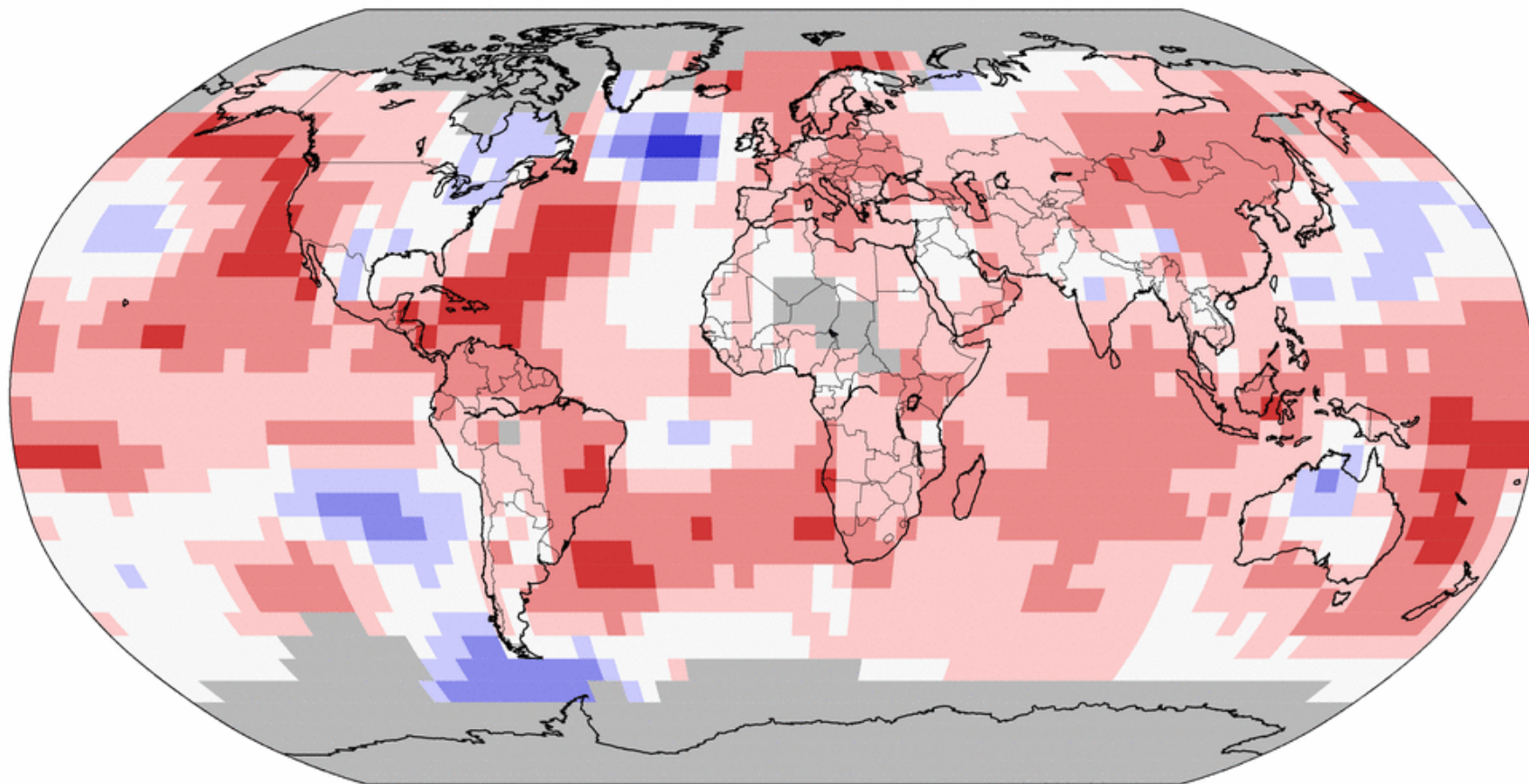
Global warming



Land & Ocean Temperature Percentiles Jan 2015

NOAA's National Climatic Data Center

Data Source: GHCN-M version 3.2.2 & ERSST version 3b



**Record
Coldest**



**Much
Cooler than
Average**



**Cooler than
Average**



**Near
Average**



**Warmer than
Average**



**Much
Warmer than
Average**



**Record
Warmest**



Tue Feb 17 19:11:50 EST 2015

Global warming

- Increasing global temperatures over many years



Climate change

- Temperature
- Precipitation
- Cloud cover
- Wind speed/direction



- Weather systems
- Ocean
- Sea ice



What changes global temperatures?

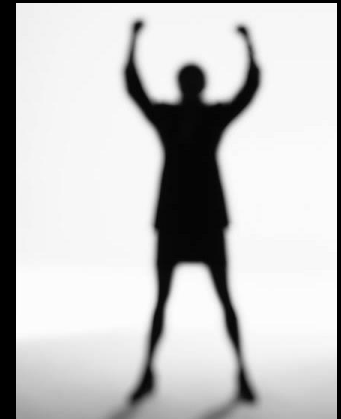
Natural

- Changes in Earth's orbit
- Carbon uptake and release by vegetation
- Ocean currents
- Solar cycles
- Volcanic activity



Anthropogenic

- Aerosol emissions
- Greenhouse gas emissions

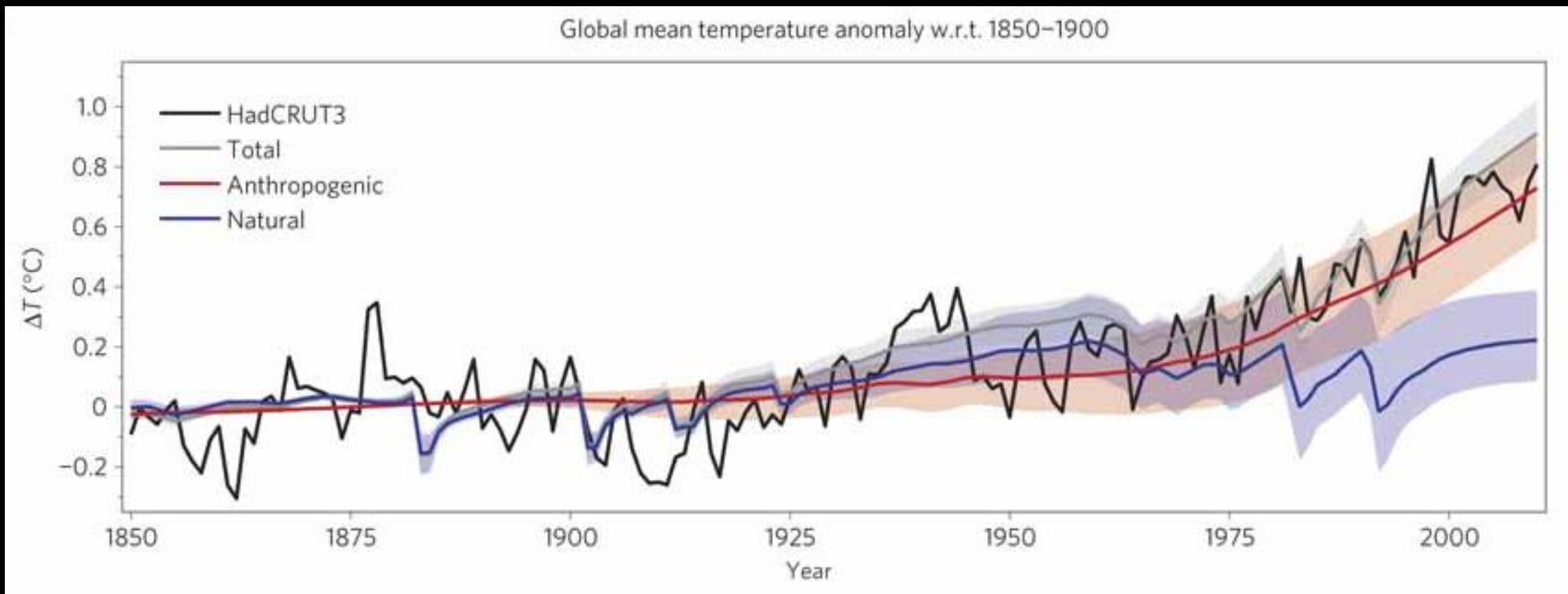


Surface Temperature Change and Sun's Energy

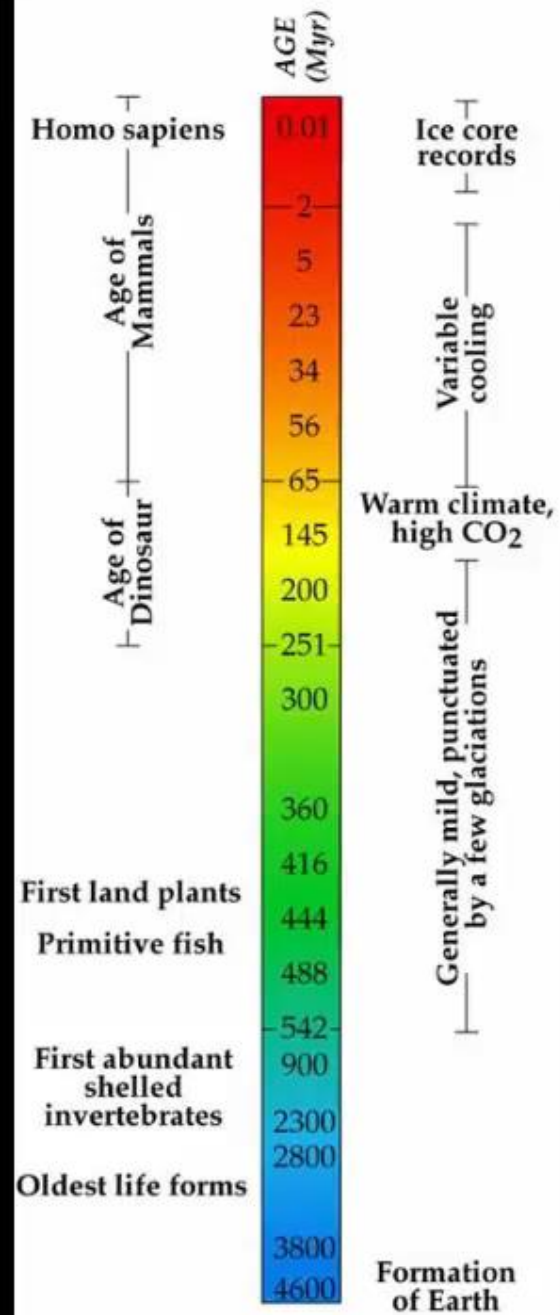
<http://www.climatecommunication.org/>

CLIMATE
COMMUNICATION

Making Science Heard & Understood

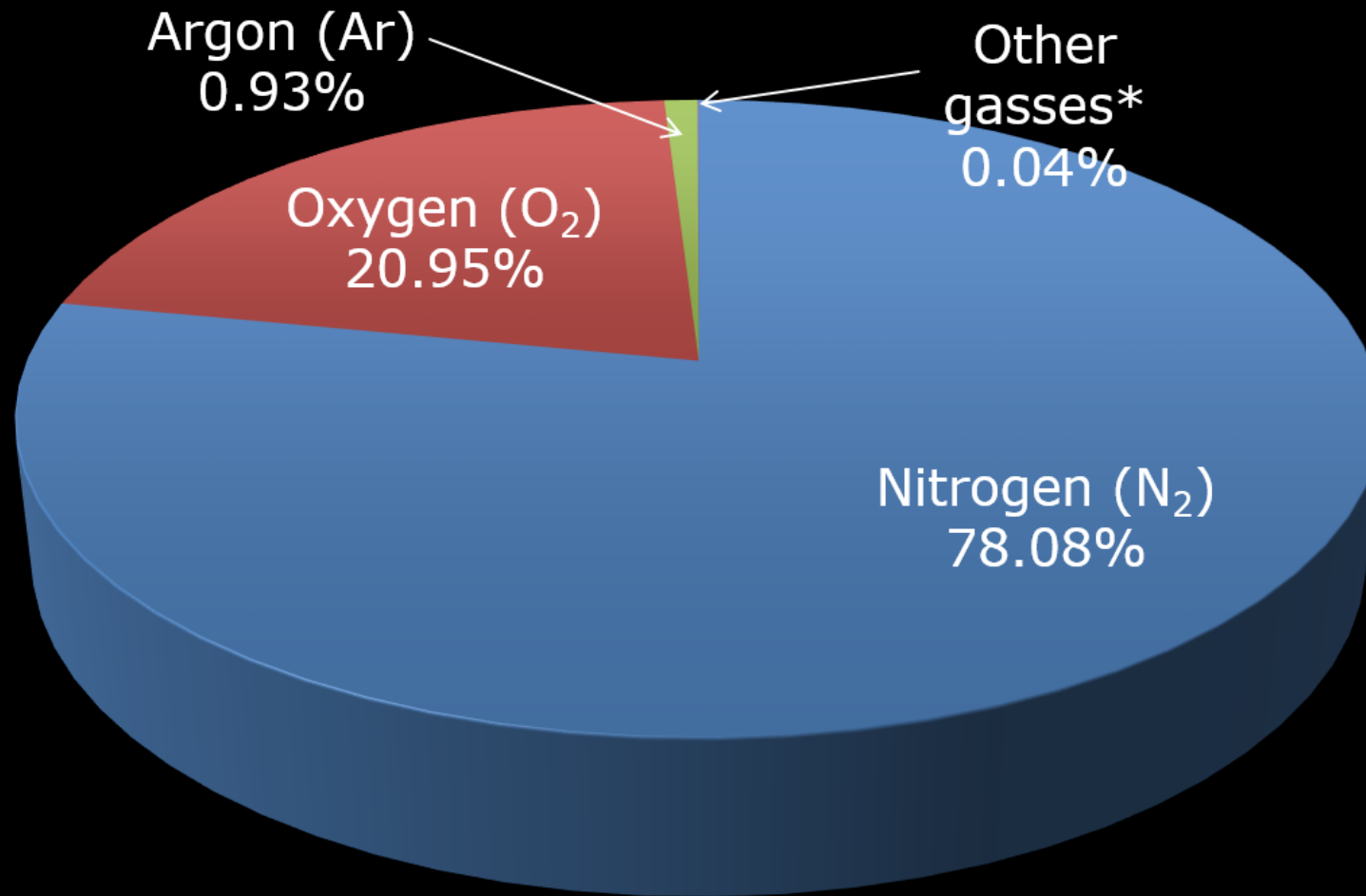


Huber and Knutti (2012), Anthropogenic and natural warming inferred from changes in Earth's energy balance, *Nature Geoscience*



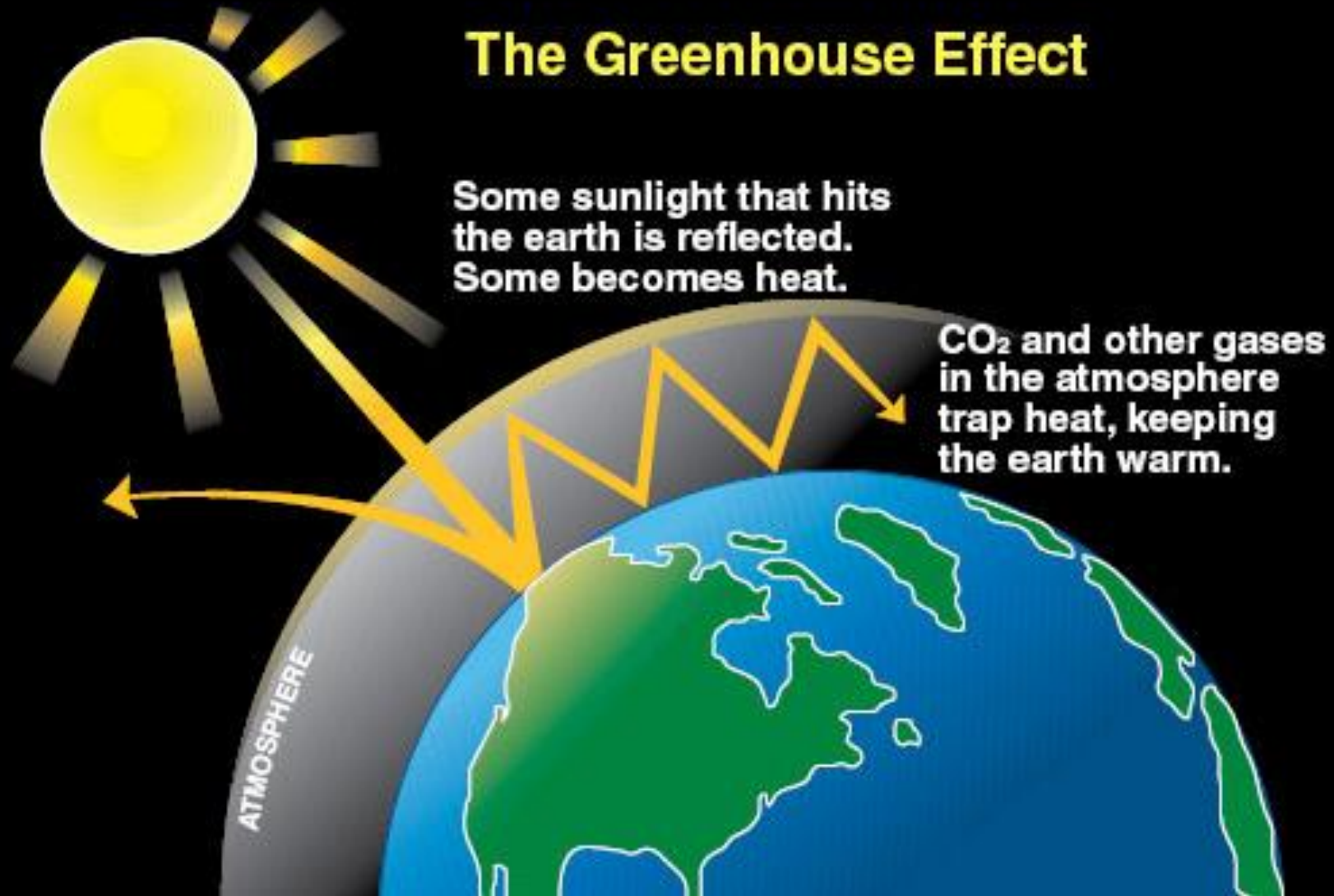
ALLIANCE FOR
CLIMATE EDUCATION
EDUCATE. INSPIRE. ACTIVATE.

Atmospheric composition



*including water vapor, carbon dioxide, neon, helium, methane, krypton, hydrogen, nitrous oxide, carbon monoxide, xenon, ozone, nitrogen dioxide, iodine, and ammonia

The Greenhouse Effect



What is the Greenhouse Effect?

Parts per million (PPM):

$$\frac{\text{Amount of CO}_2}{\text{Amount of other gasses}} \times 1,000,000$$

CO₂



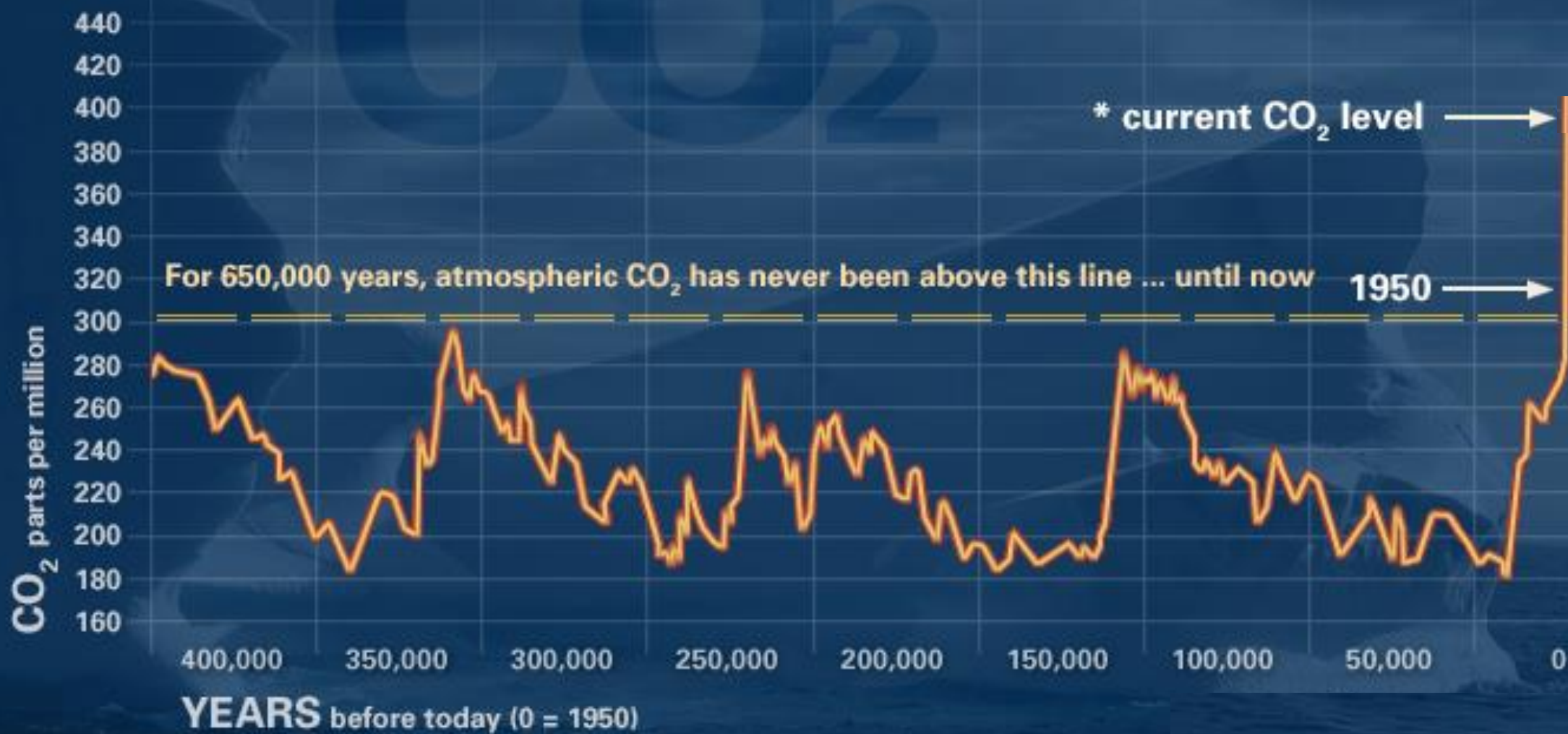
Atmospheric CO2 Concentrations 1960 - 2010

<http://www.climatecommunication.org/>

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Making Science Heard & Understood

CO2 Was Way Higher in the Past



GLOBAL CLIMATE CHANGE

climate.nasa.gov

American Association for the Advancement of Science (AAAS)

“...global climate change caused by human activities is occurring now, and it is a growing threat to society.”

American Meteorological Society (AMS)

“There is unequivocal evidence that Earth’s lower atmosphere, ocean, and land surface are warming.... The dominant cause of the warming since the 1950s is human activities.”

American Geophysical Union (AGU)

“The Earth's climate is now clearly out of balance and is warming.... The scientific evidence for human activity impacting climate is strong and widely accepted within the scientific community.”

Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change (IPCC)

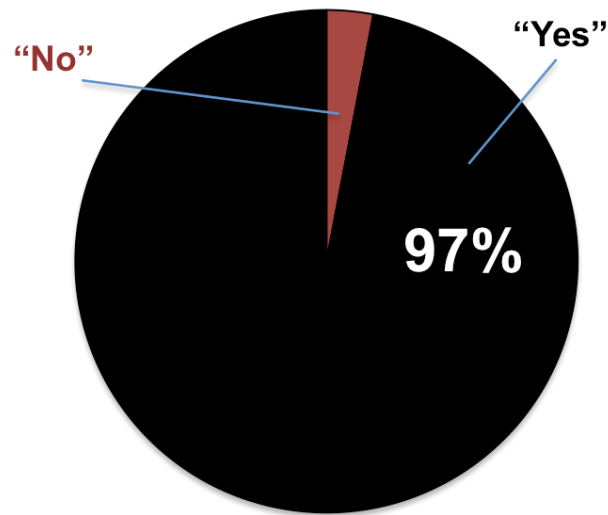
“Scientific evidence for warming of the climate system is unequivocal. ... Human activities have changed and continue to change the Earth’s surface and atmospheric composition... and are thus drivers of climate change.”

The Geological Society of America

“...global climate has warmed and human activities (mainly greenhouse-gas emissions) account for most of the warming since the middle 1900s.”

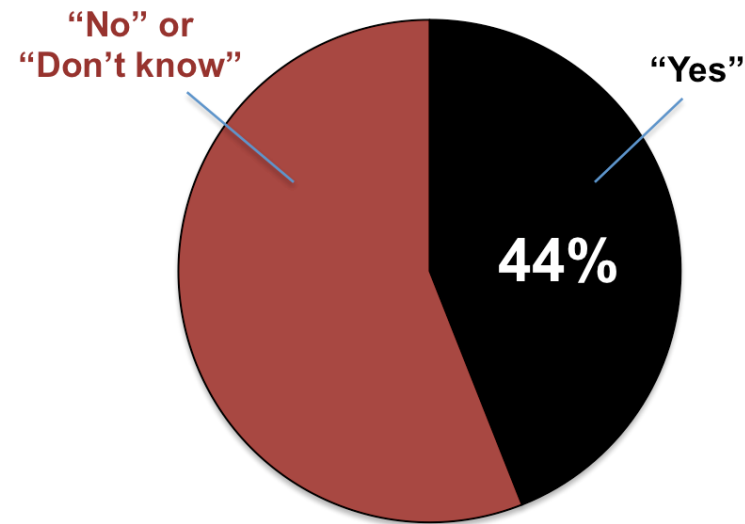
Is Global Warming Happening and Mostly Human Caused?

Climate Scientists¹ say...



¹Proportion of peer-reviewed papers that stated a position on the reality of human-caused global warming and said it is happening and human caused (Cook et. al, 2013).

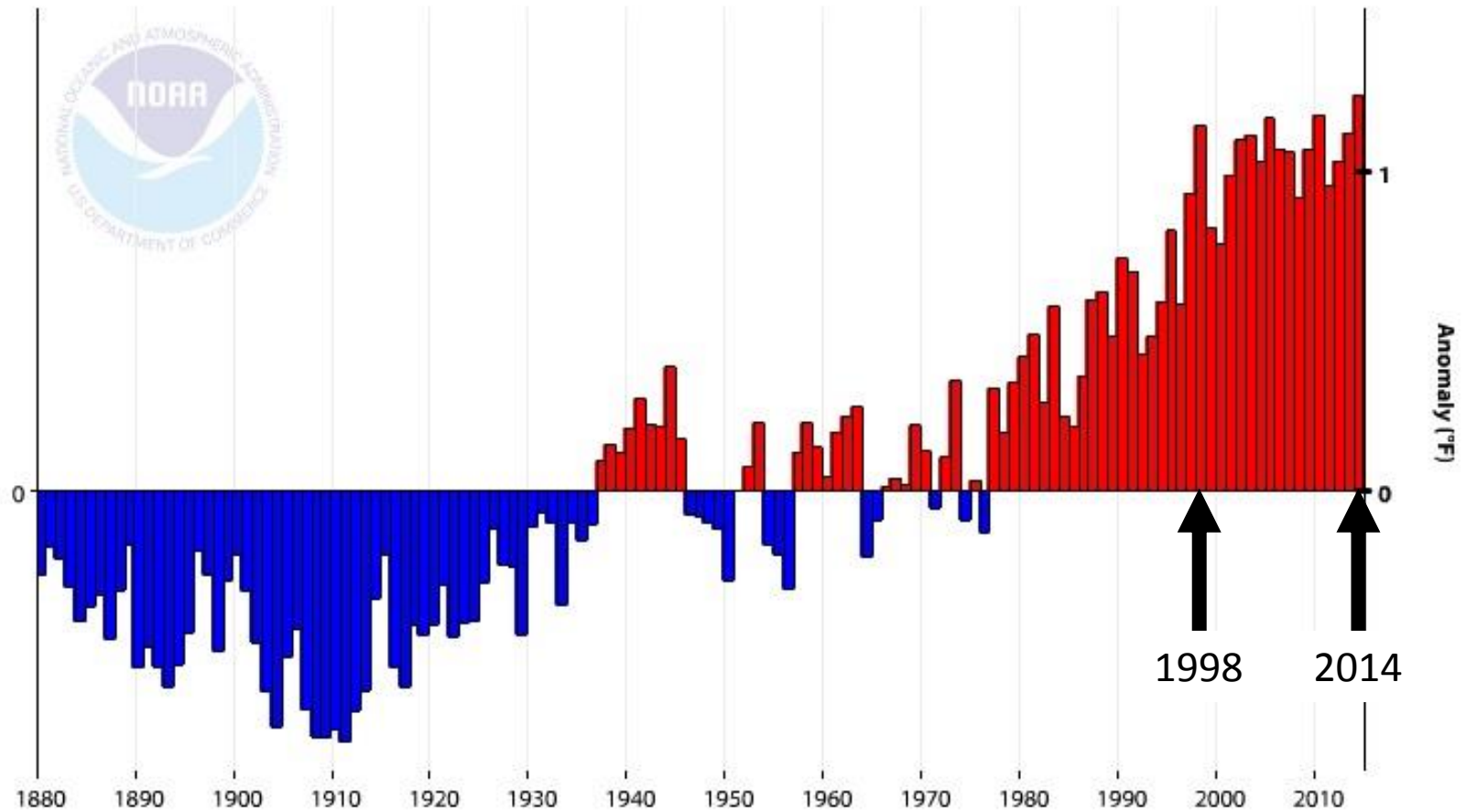
The American Public² says...



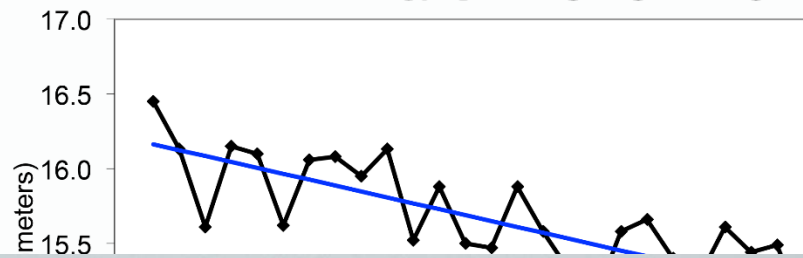
²Question asked of Americans (18+): Assuming global warming is happening, do you think it is caused mostly by human activities; caused mostly by natural changes in the environment; other; none of the above because global warming isn't happening."

Base: Americans 18+ (n=1,013). April, 2014.

Global Land and Ocean Temperature Anomalies, January-December



Average Monthly Arctic Sea Ice Extent March 1979 - 2014



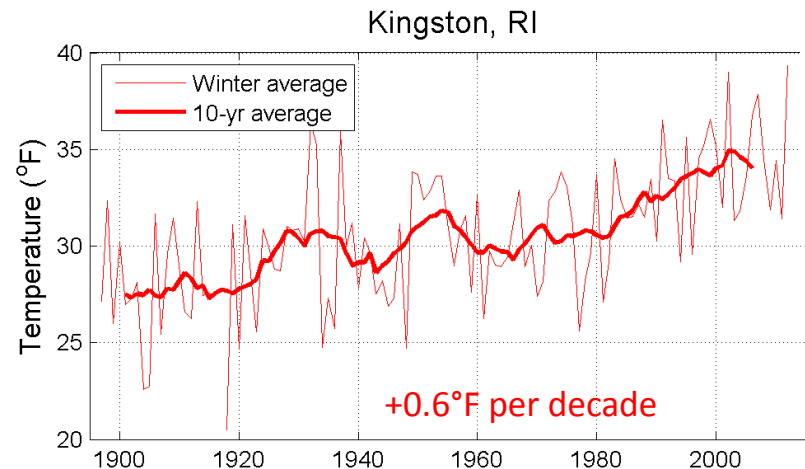
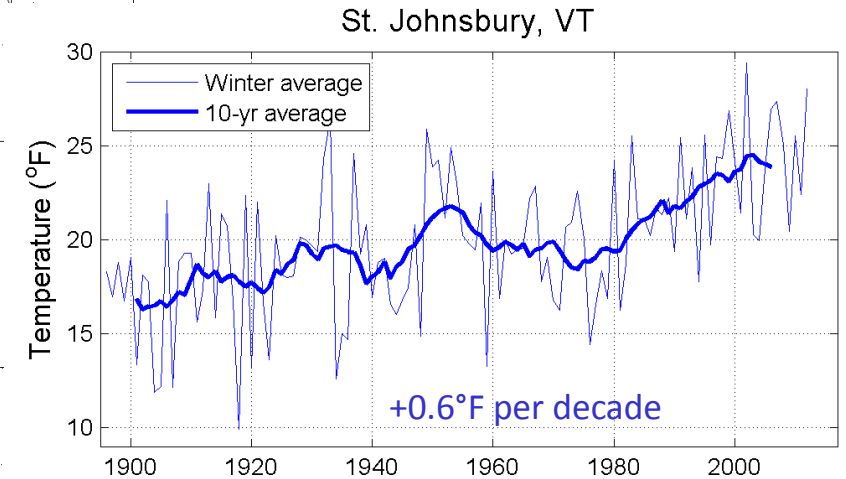
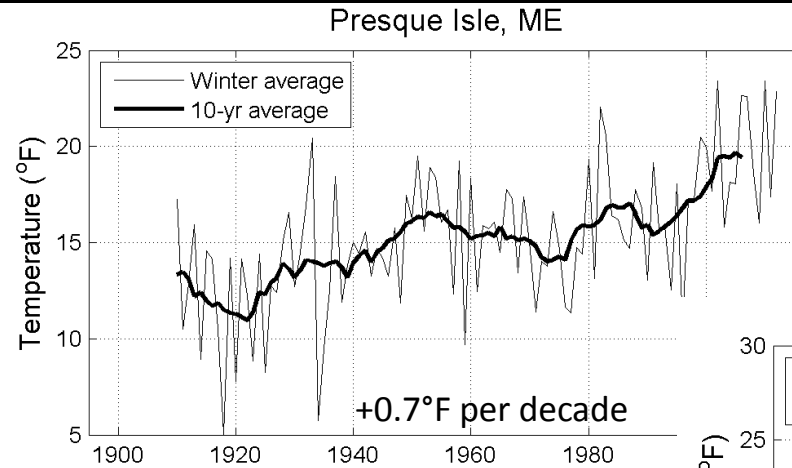
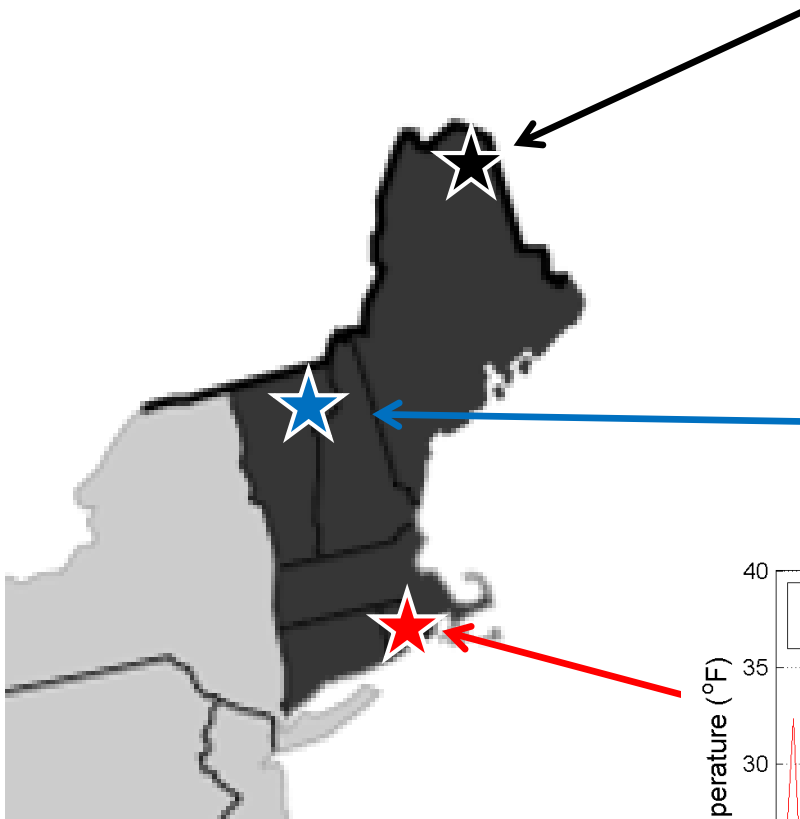
Climate changes in New England

- More days with temperatures above 90°F
- Flooding due to increased heavy precipitation
- Greater frequency of drought events
- Shorter and warmer winters
- Less snow, more rain/freezing rain
- More energy outages due to severe weather events
- Migration of invasive species
- Increasing transmission of infectious diseases
- Worsening of air quality
- Shorter sugaring season
- Increasing sea levels



Climate changes in New England

Wintertime temperatures



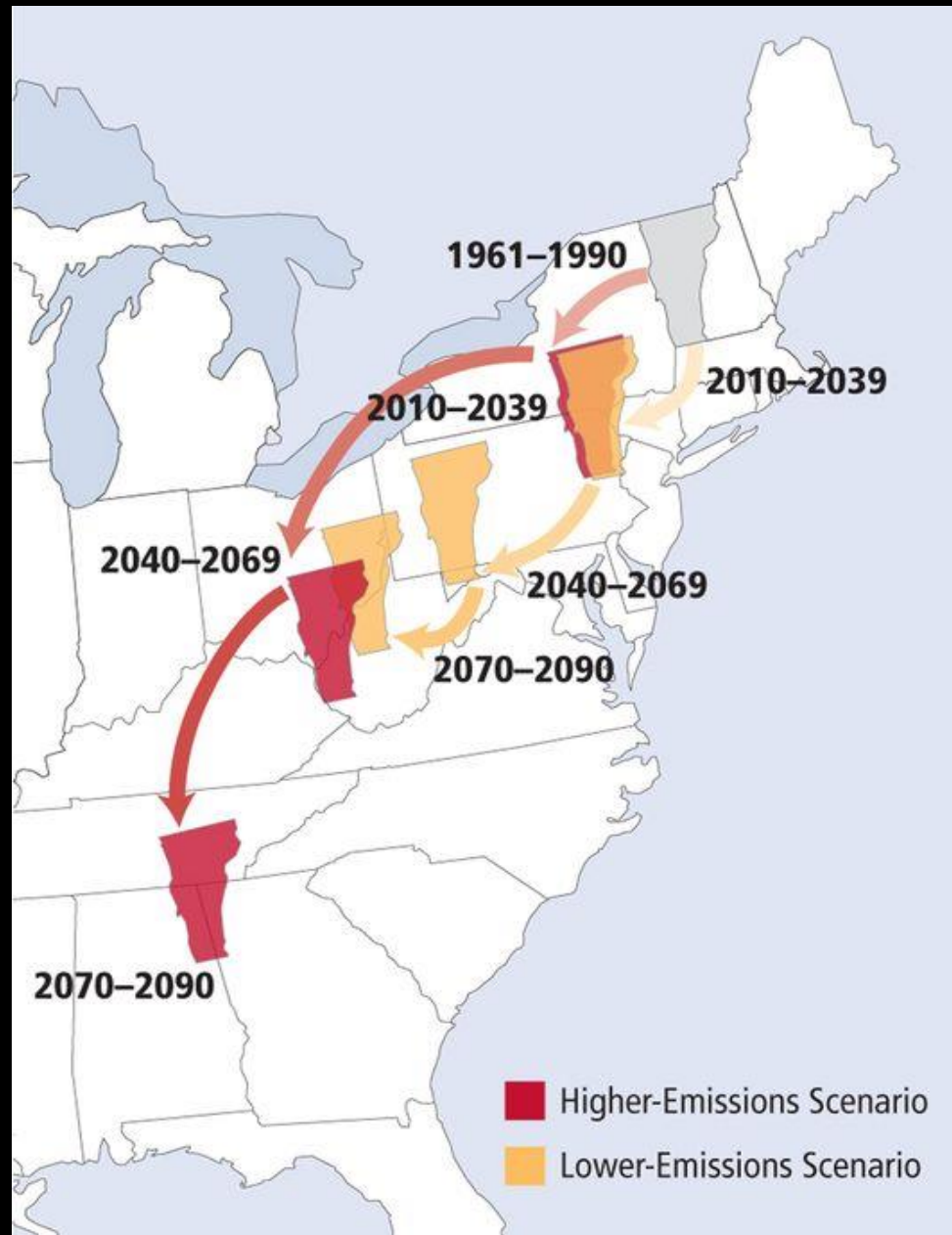
(Global annual average: +0.13°F per decade)

A Range of Possible Futures

<http://www.climatecommunication.org/>

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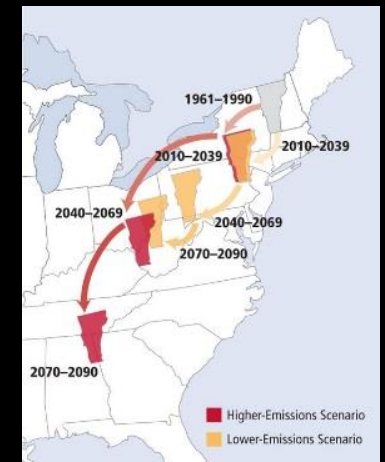
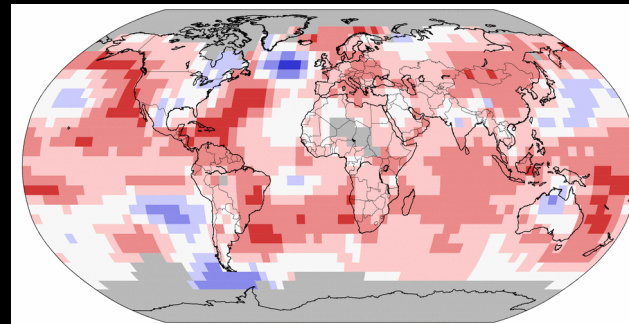
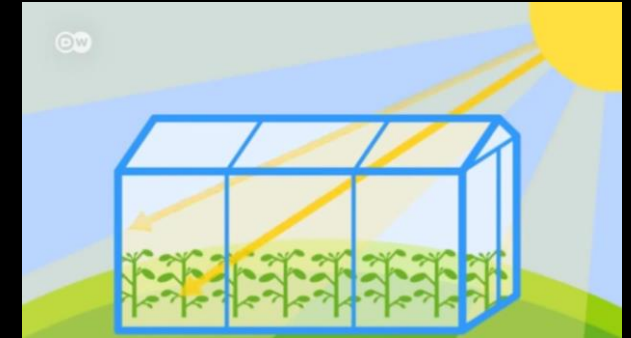
Making Science Heard & Understood



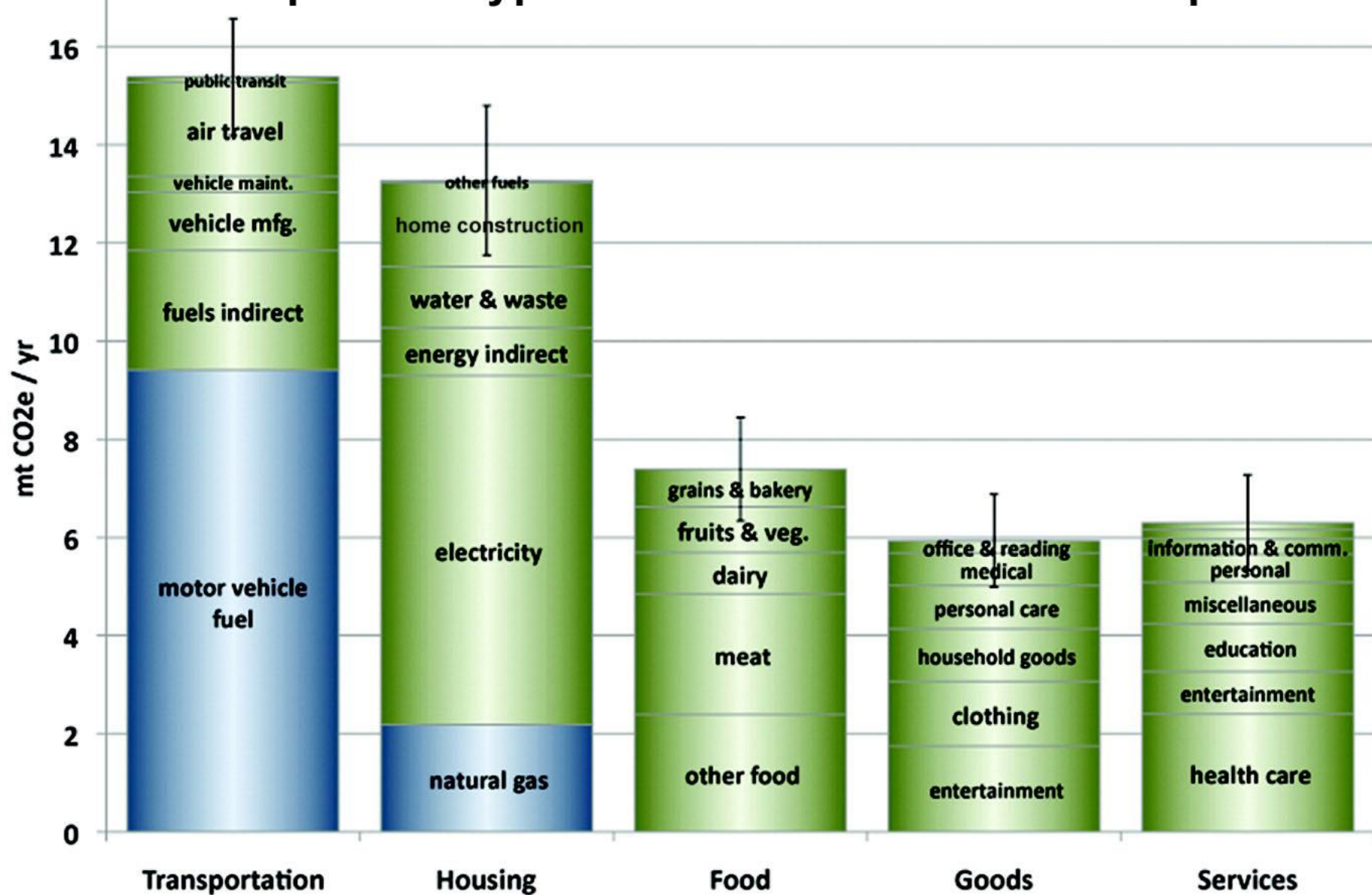
Let's review!



- Fossil fuels were trapped underground for millions of years
- CO₂ and other greenhouse gasses are now being emitted into our atmosphere
- Result? Our planet is warming and the climate is changing (and scientists agree!)
- Climate will change more drastically in some locations
- Global warming will only get worse unless we do something... Now!

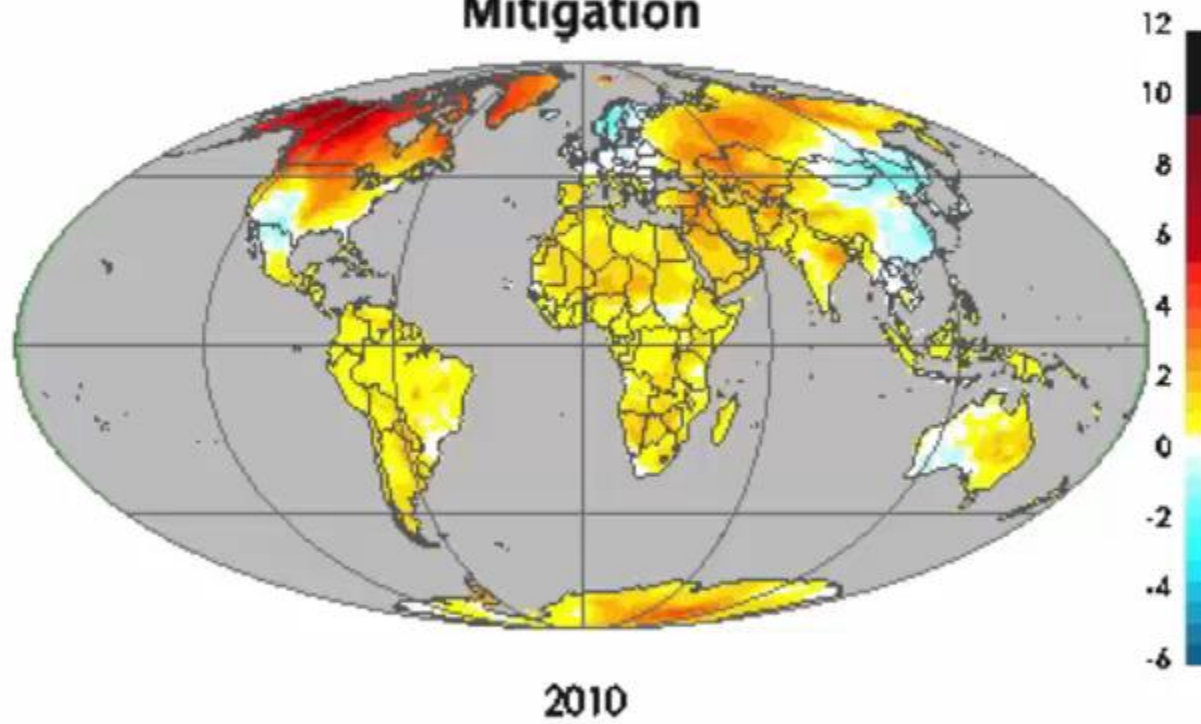


Carbon Footprint of Typical U.S. Household: 48 Tons per Year

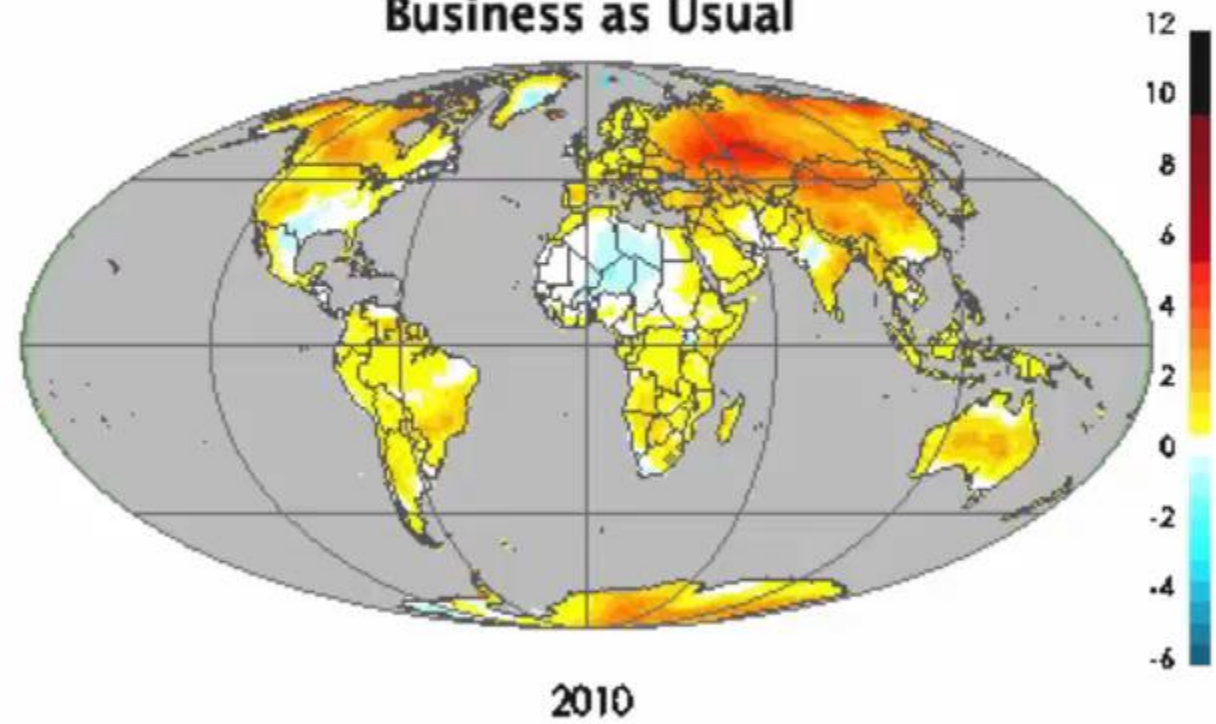


Expected temperature change (°C)

Mitigation



Business as Usual



NOAA Earth System Research Laboratory

**Unplug
chargers**

Carpool

**Meatless
Mondays**

**Walk/Bike
when you can**

**Turn off water
when brushing
teeth**

DOT:
Do One Thing

**Take shorter
showers**

**Turn the lights
out when you
leave a room**

**Carry a
water bottle**

**Reduce,
reuse,
recycle**

Buy local

Scientists on the Front Lines of Climate Change

THE STORY GROUP
multimedia journalism

www.thestorygroup.org

Thank you!

For more information:

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