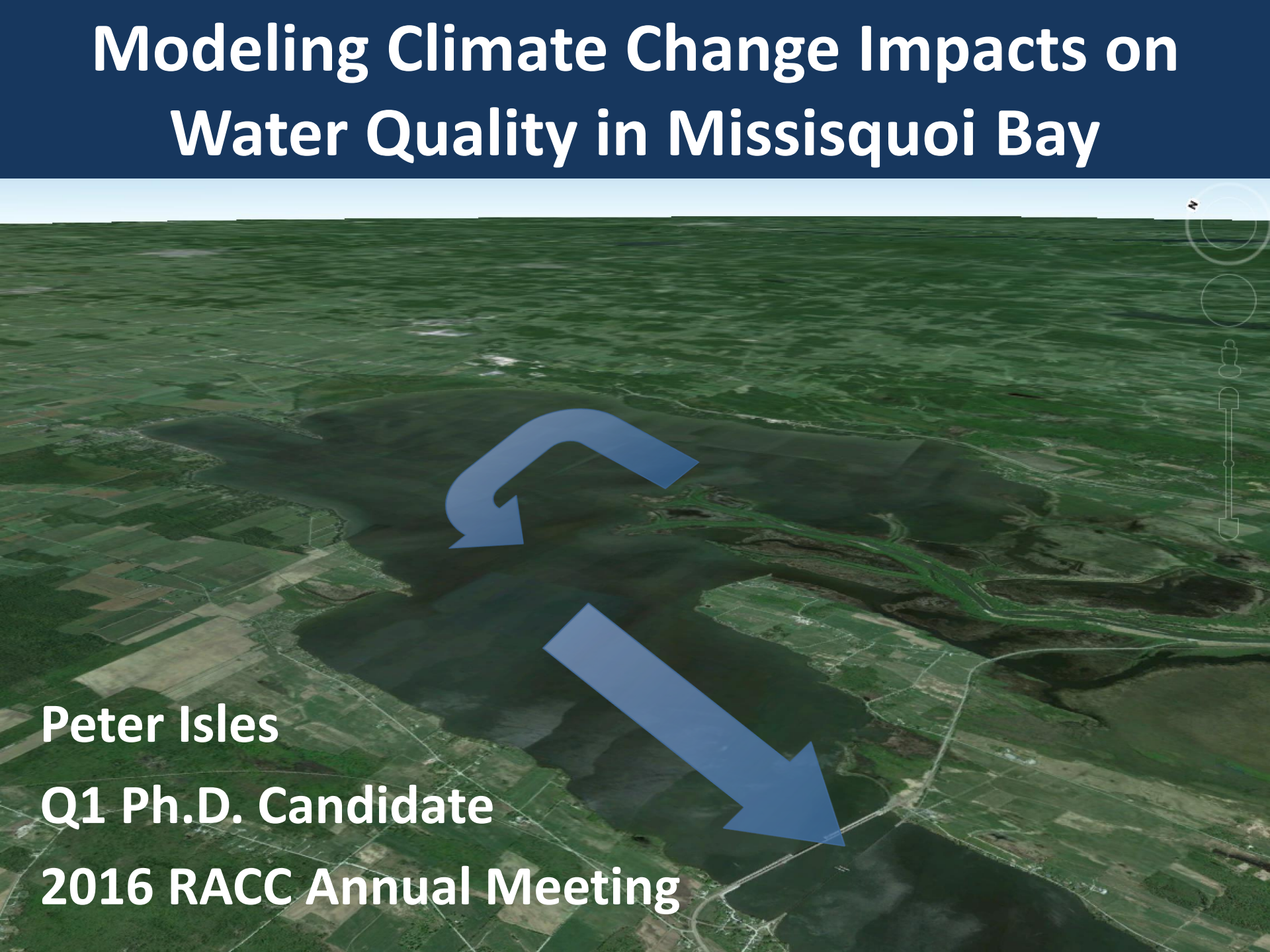


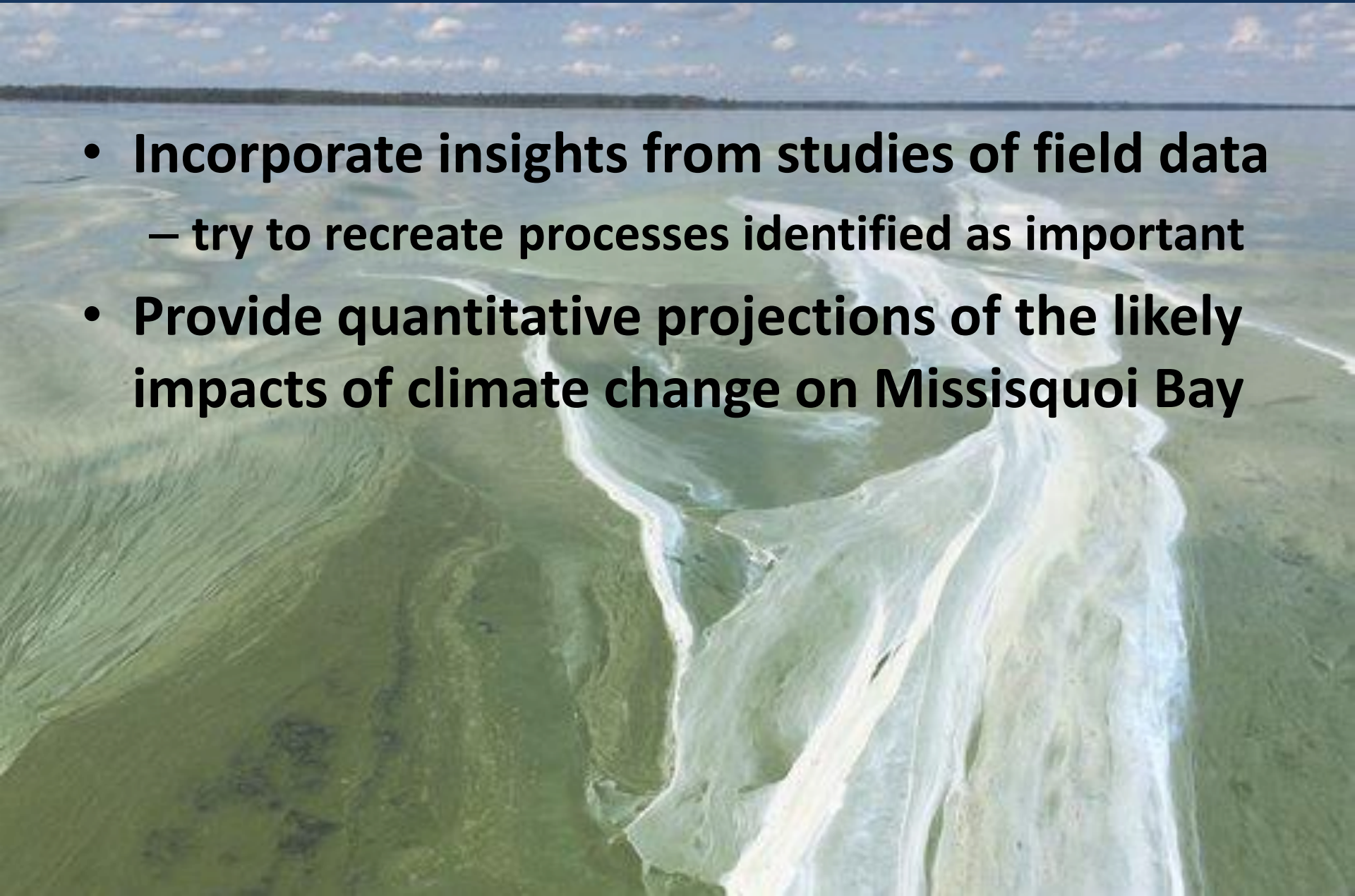
Modeling Climate Change Impacts on Water Quality in Missisquoi Bay



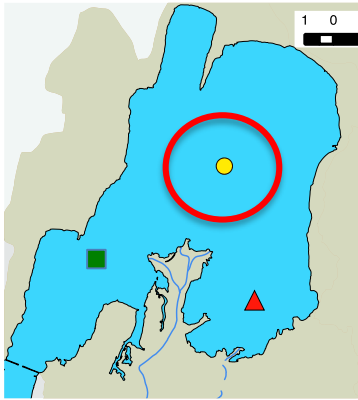
Peter Isles
Q1 Ph.D. Candidate
2016 RACC Annual Meeting

Goals

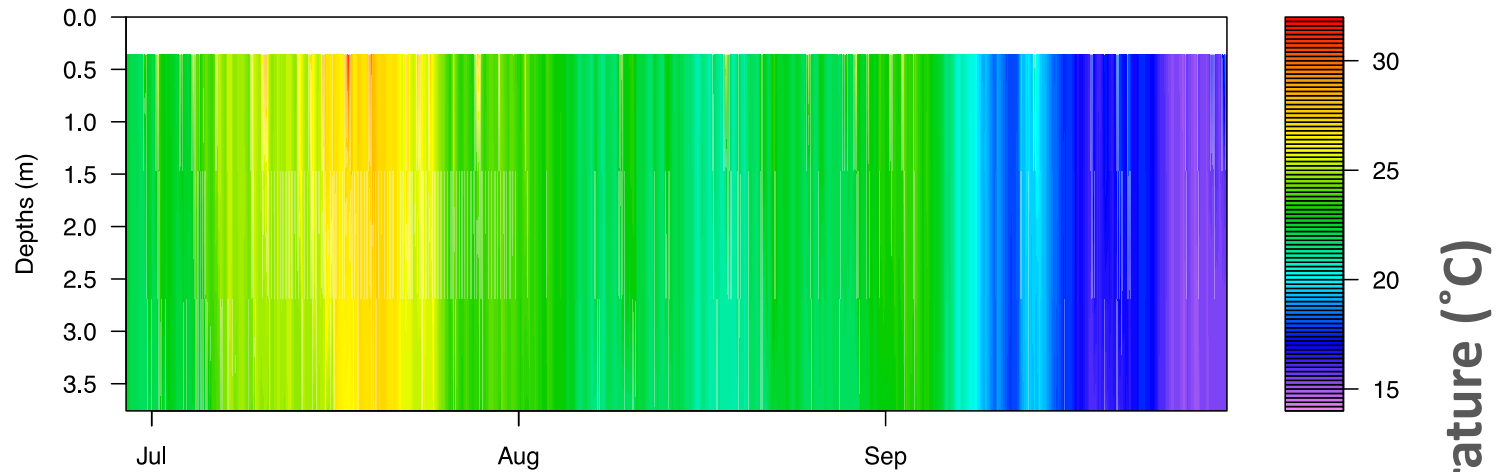
- **Incorporate insights from studies of field data**
 - try to recreate processes identified as important
- **Provide quantitative projections of the likely impacts of climate change on Missisquoi Bay**



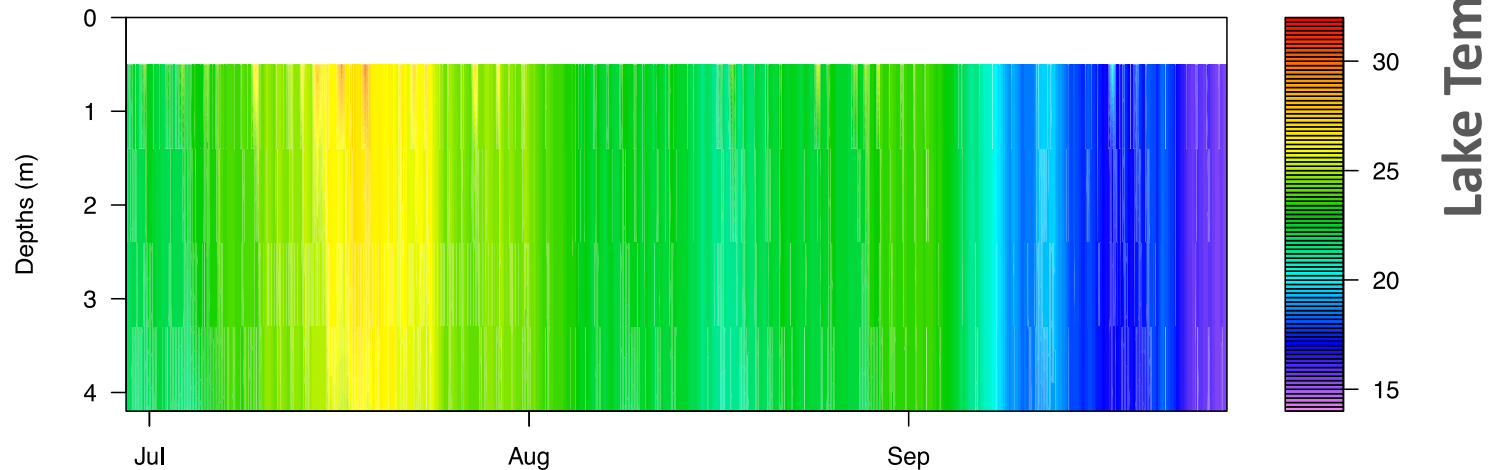
Hydrodynamic Model Results



V1-N.Delta; Observed



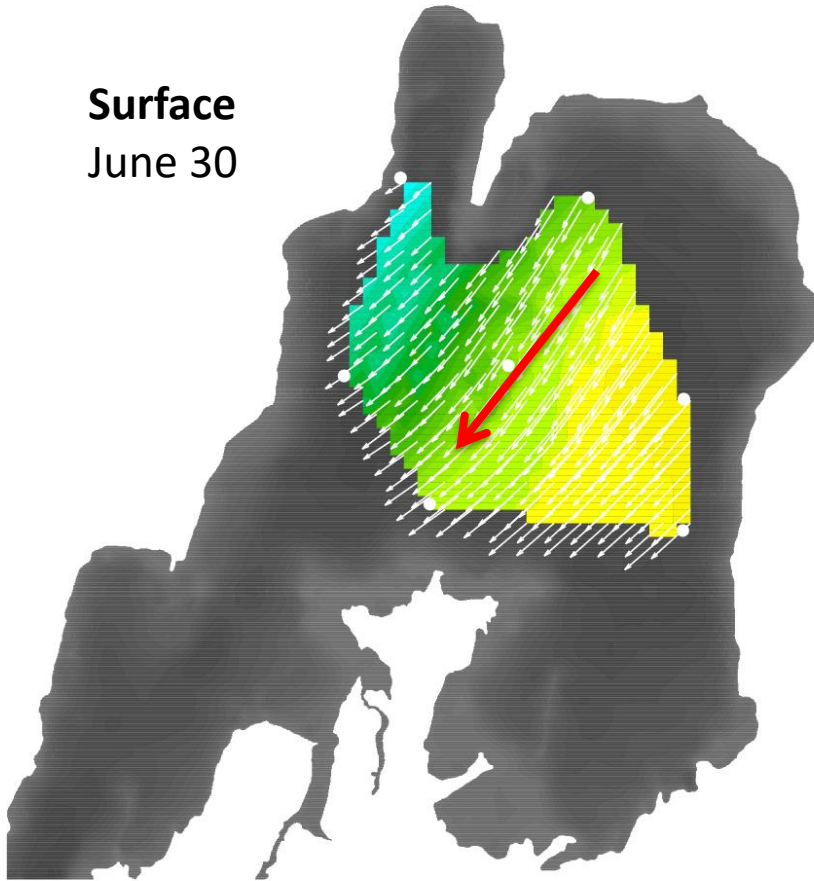
V1-N.Delta; Modeled



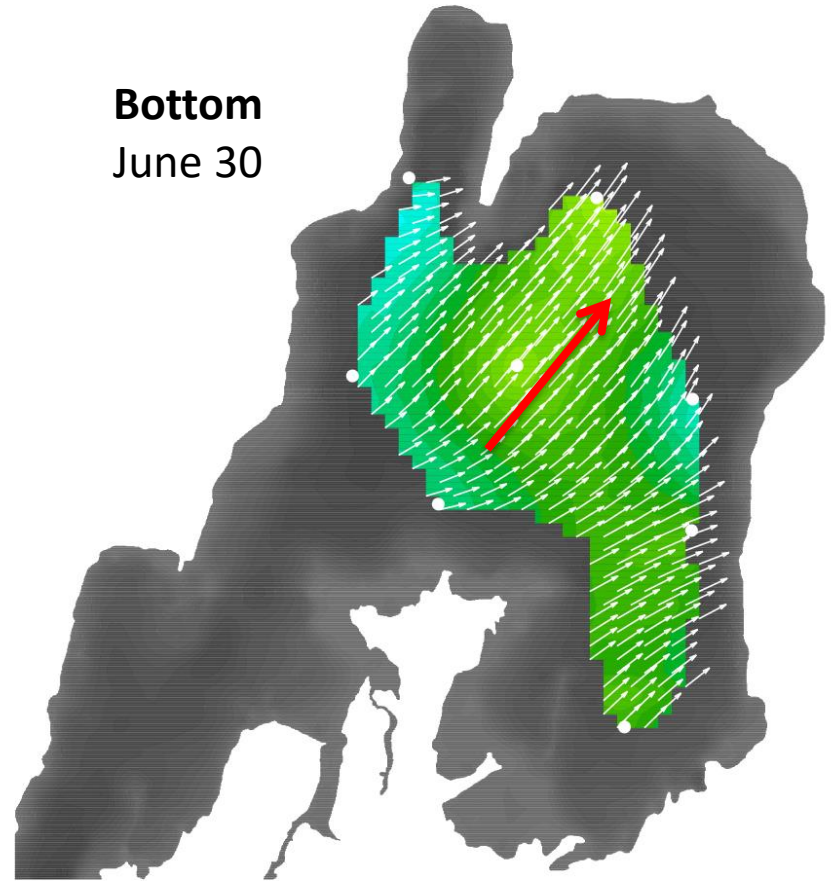
Hydrodynamic Model Results

Circulation patterns

Surface
June 30



Bottom
June 30

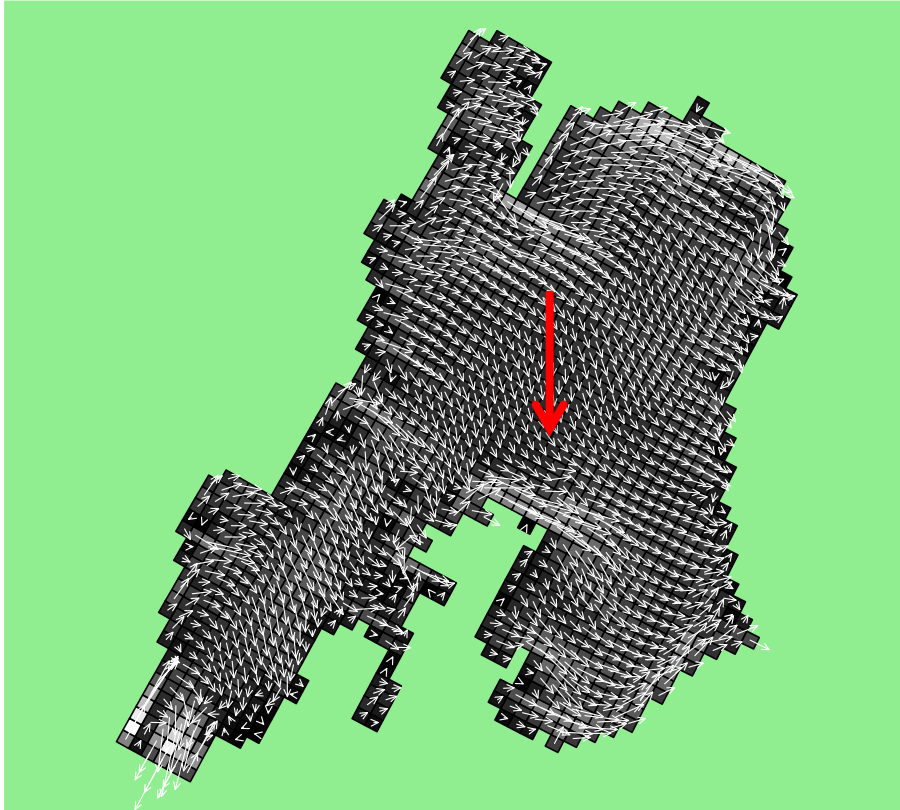


Hydrodynamic Model Results

Modeled Flow Patterns: Shear Events

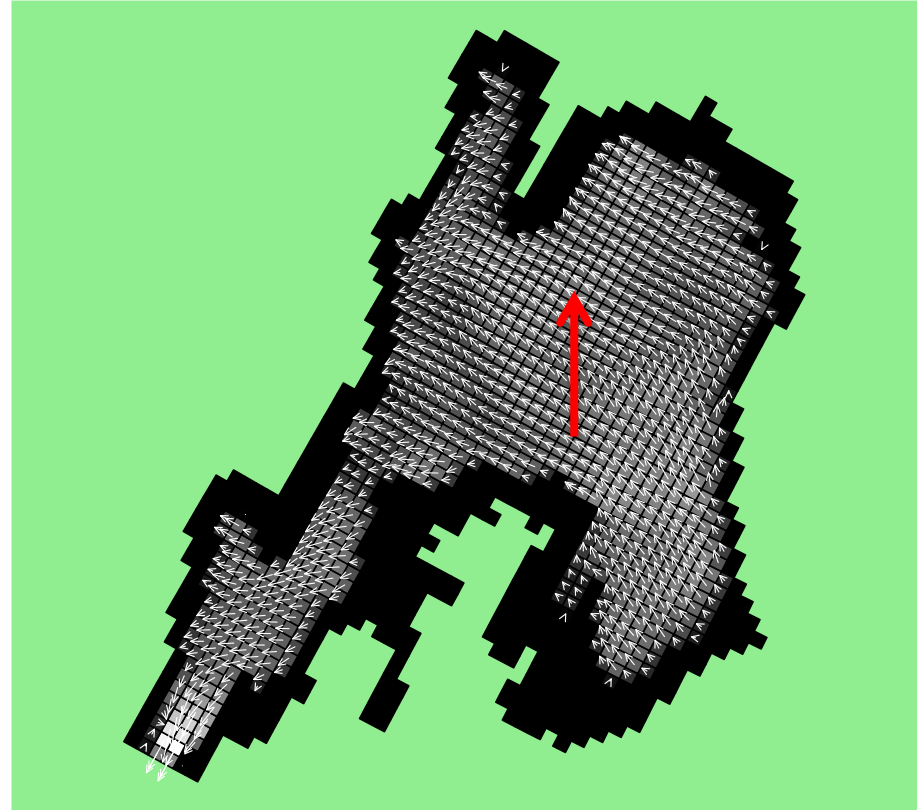
Surface June 30

Horizontal Velocity Surface; Jun 30, 2013 19:58



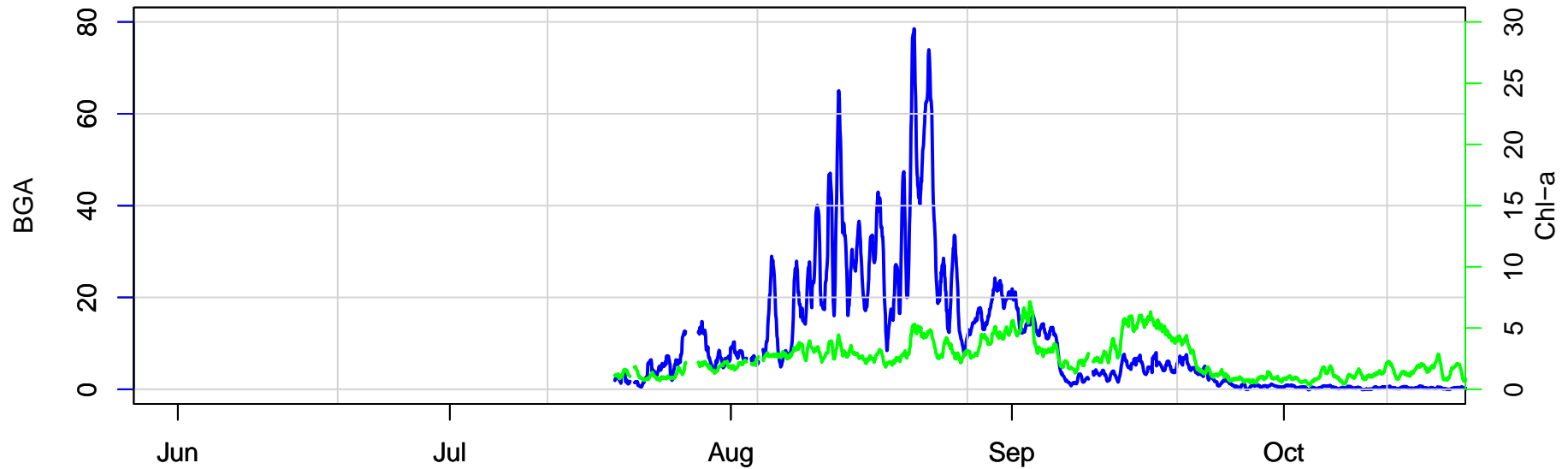
Bottom June 30

Horizontal Velocity Bottom; Jun 30, 2013 19:58

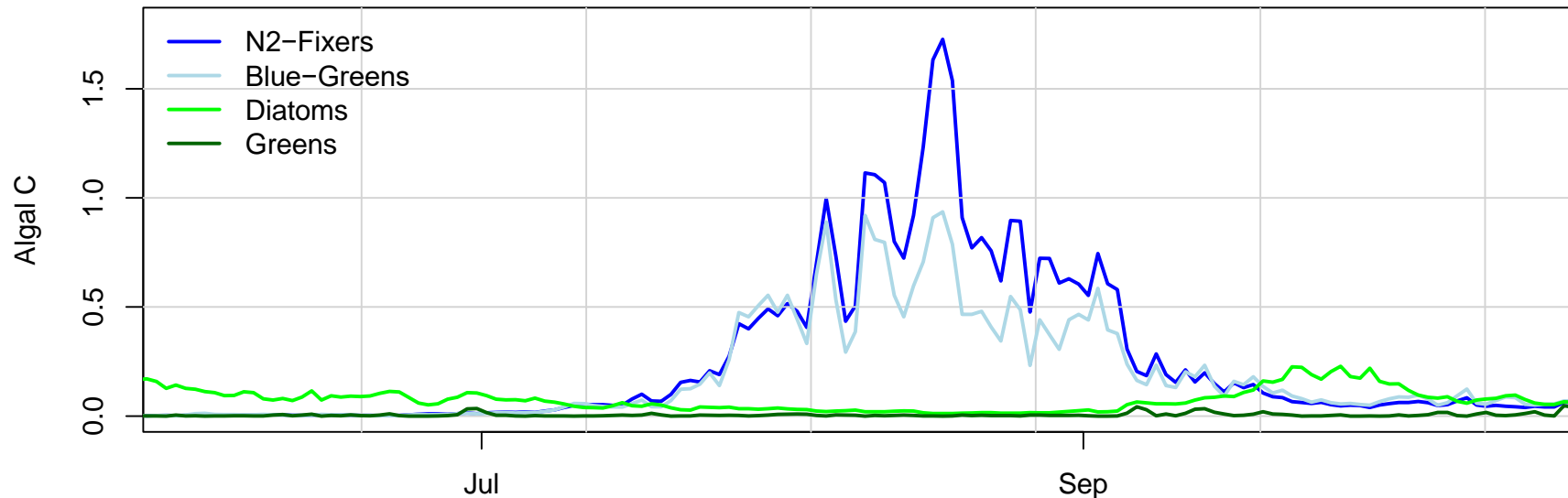


Water Quality Results: Phytoplankton

Observed 2012

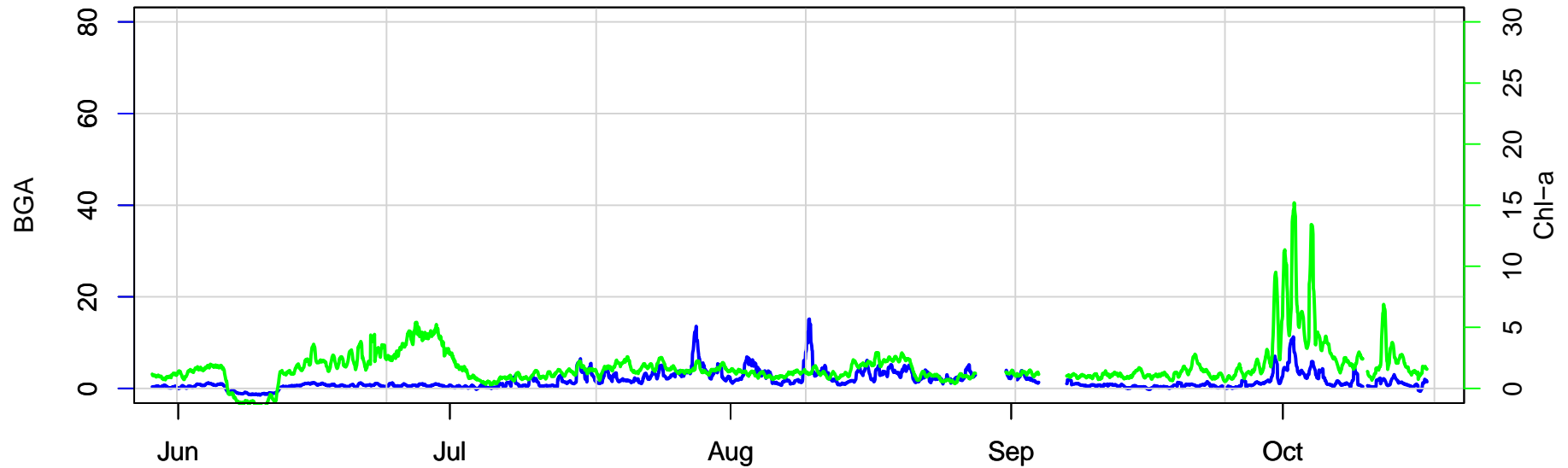


Modeled 2012

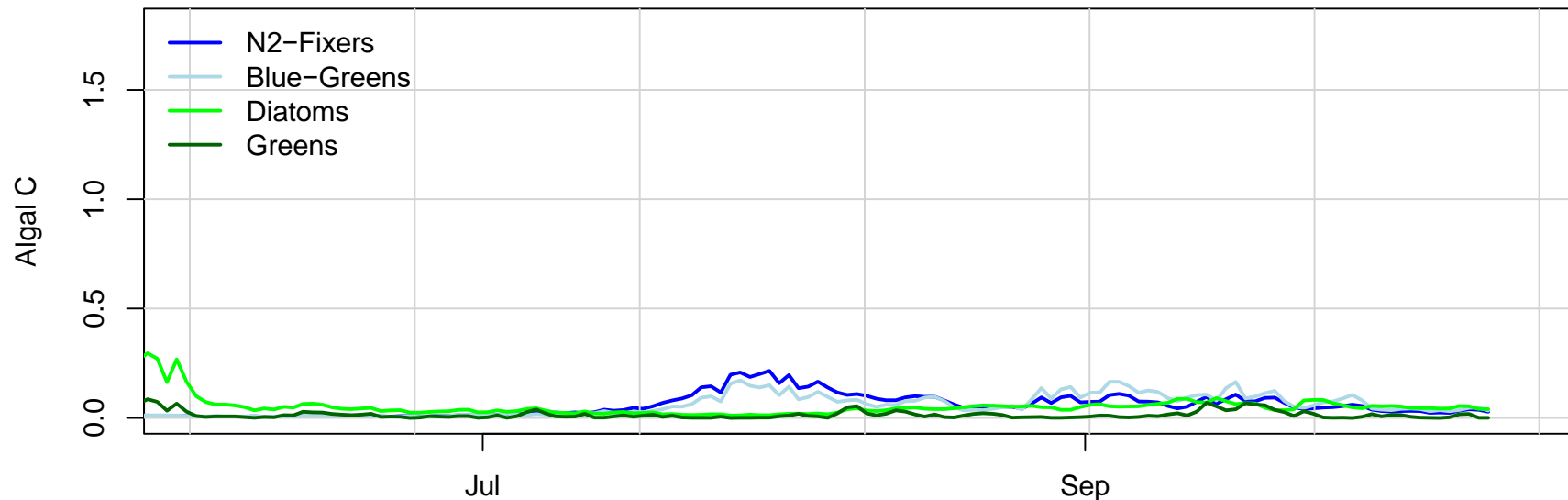


Water Quality Results: Phytoplankton

Observed 2013



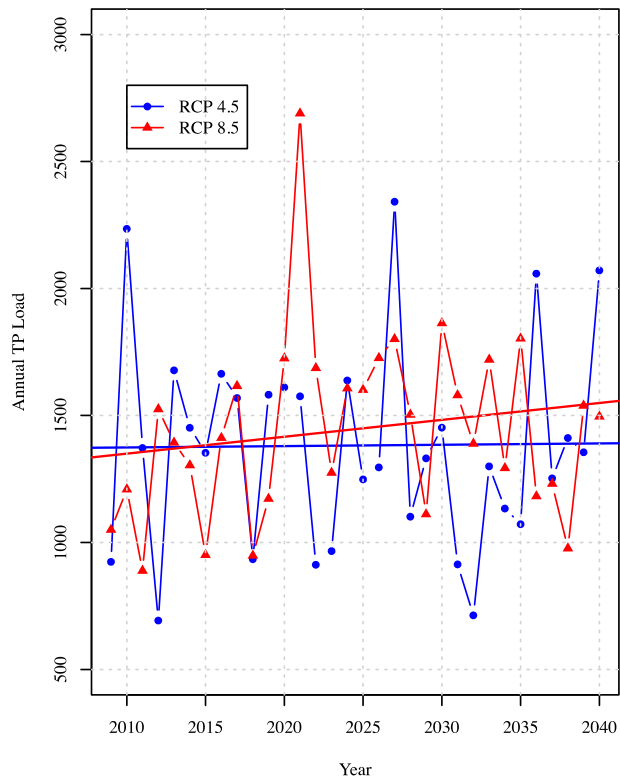
Modeled 2013



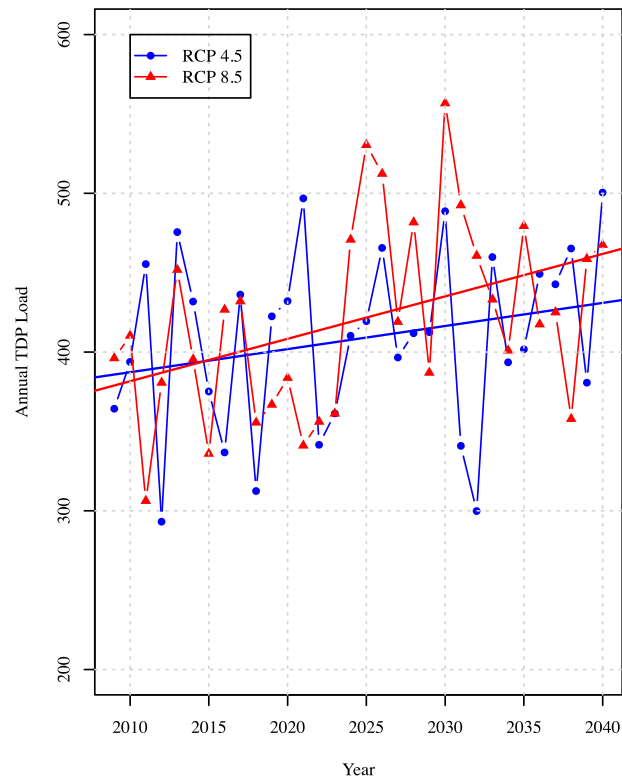
Climate Projections: Nutrient Loads

Increased Dissolved P and Total N despite no change in land use

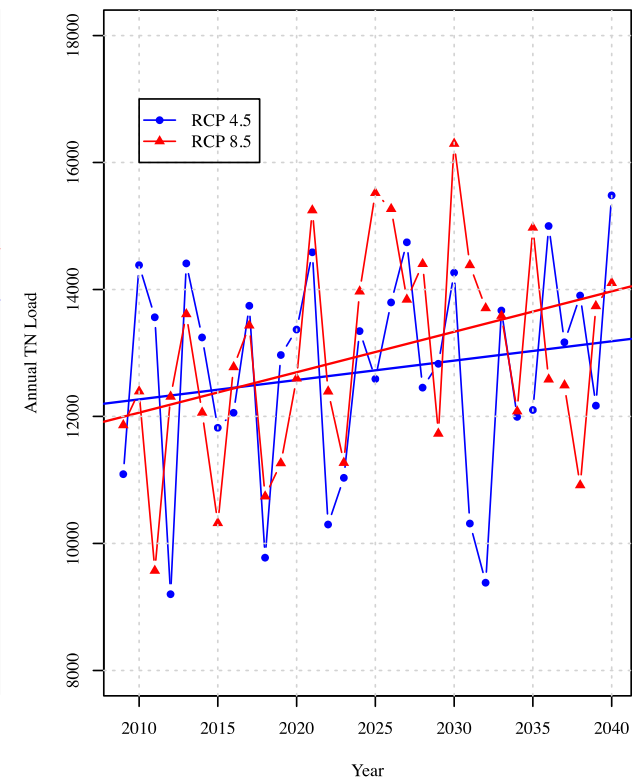
Total P



Dissolved P



Total N



Climate Projections: Lake Temperatures

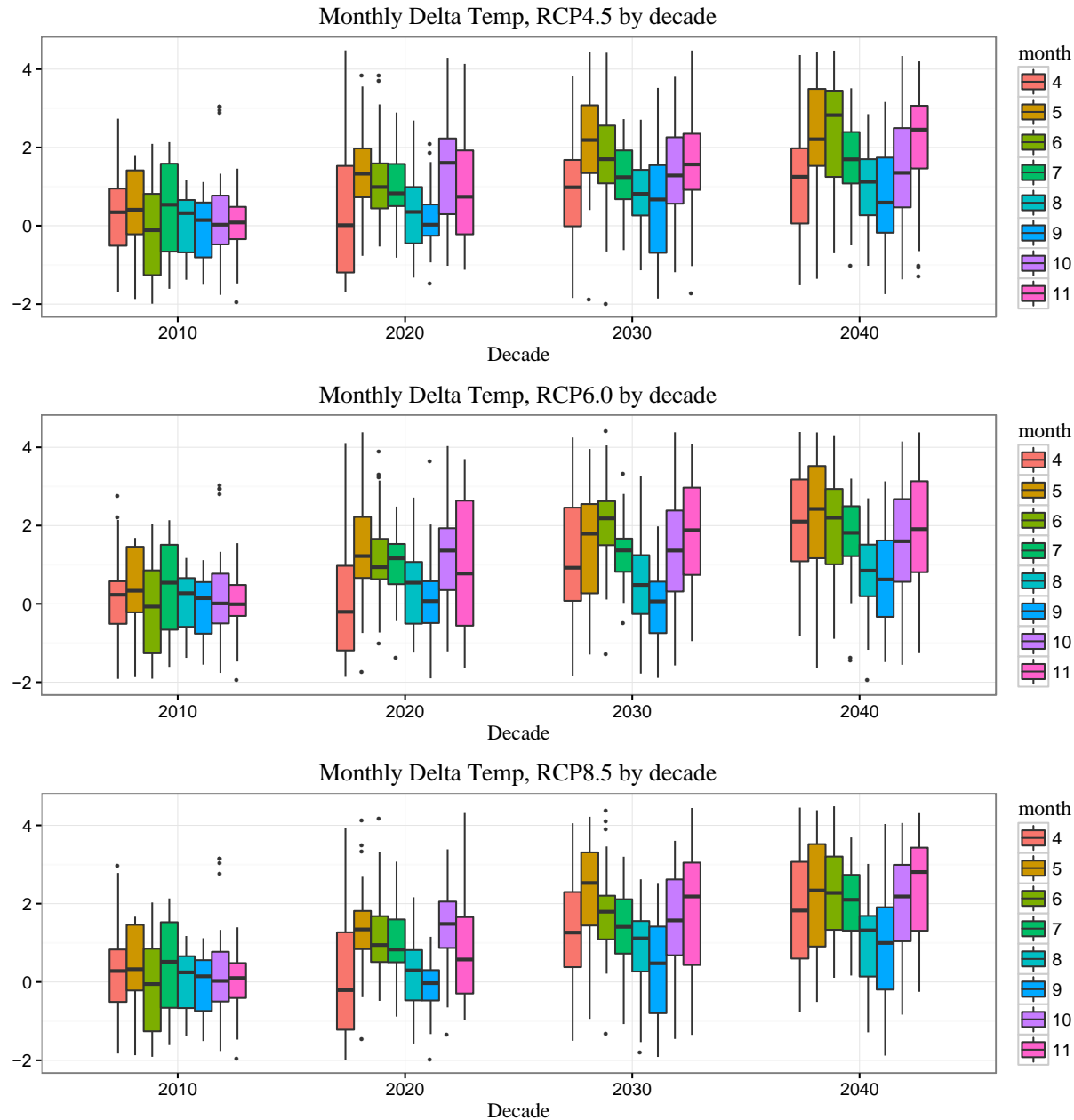
RCP 4.5

RCP 6.0

RCP 8.5

Δ Temperature

Month (April – November)



Next Steps

- **Finalize calibration of sediment flux model to stabilize long-term projections**
- **Project lake Temperature, TP, Chl, Cyanobacteria under 5 GCMs, 3 RCPs, 4 nutrient concentration reduction scenarios (+25%, -25%, -50%, -87%), through 2100.**
- **Submit manuscript (this winter-spring)**