

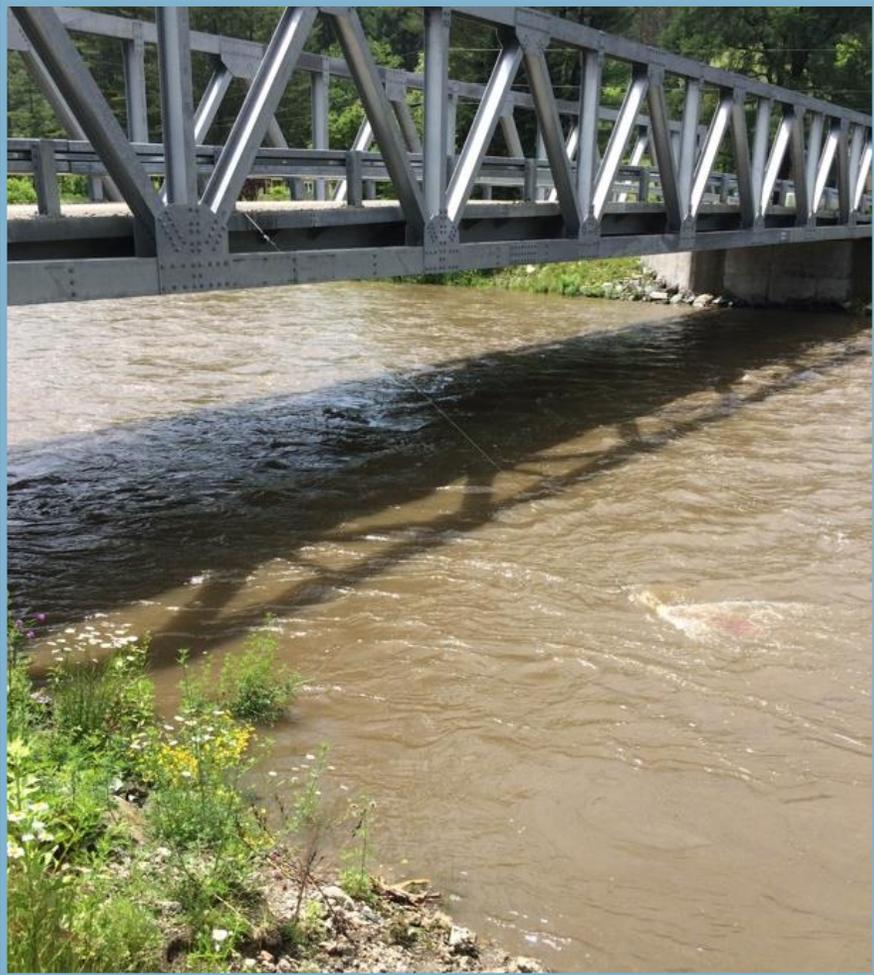
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# STREAMBANK EROSION AND PREDICTION OF SUSPENDED SEDIMENT FLUX

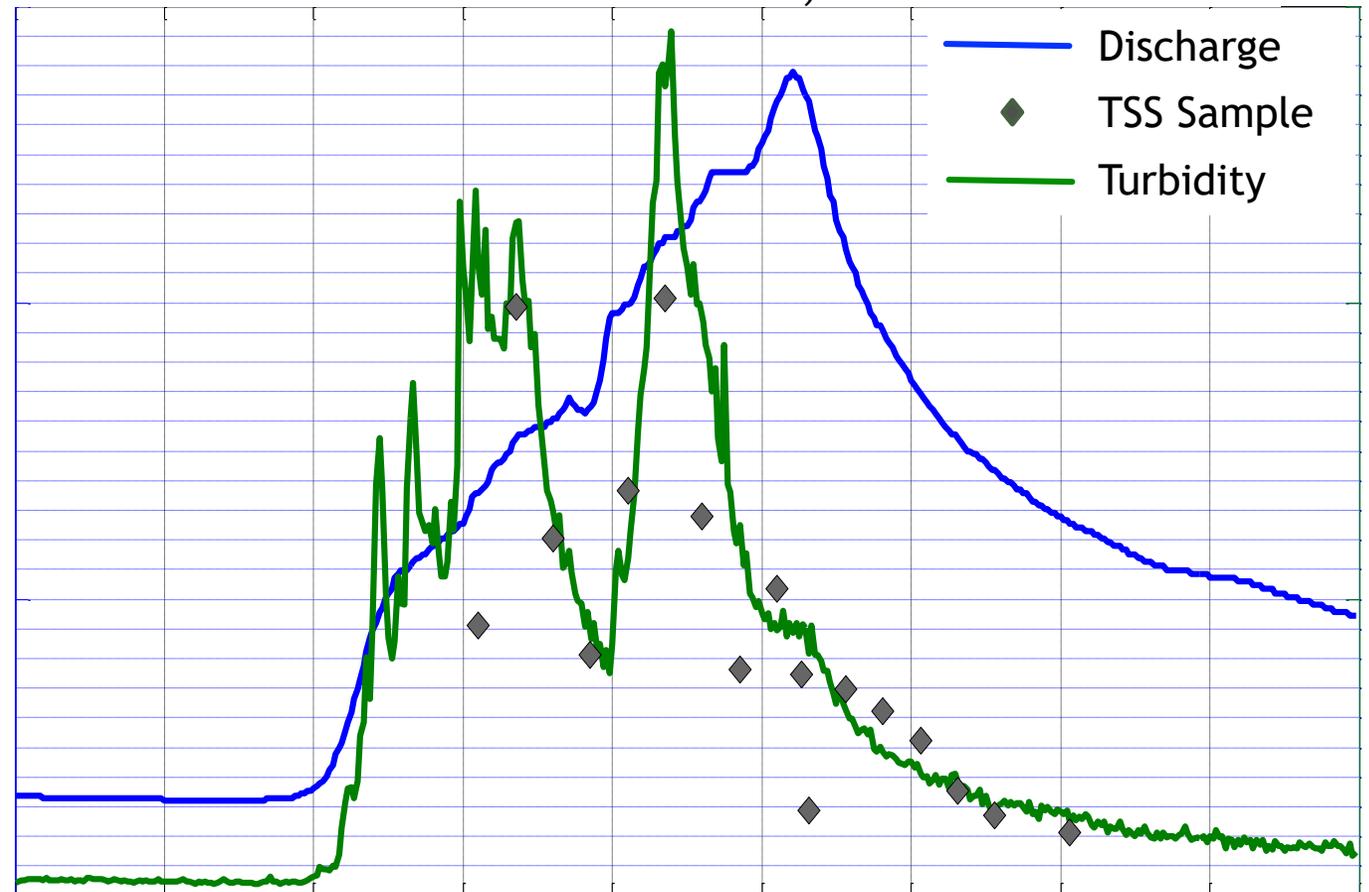
SCOTT HAMSHAW | FEBRUARY 6, 2016



# MOTIVATION: CHALLENGES IN SEDIMENT STUDIES



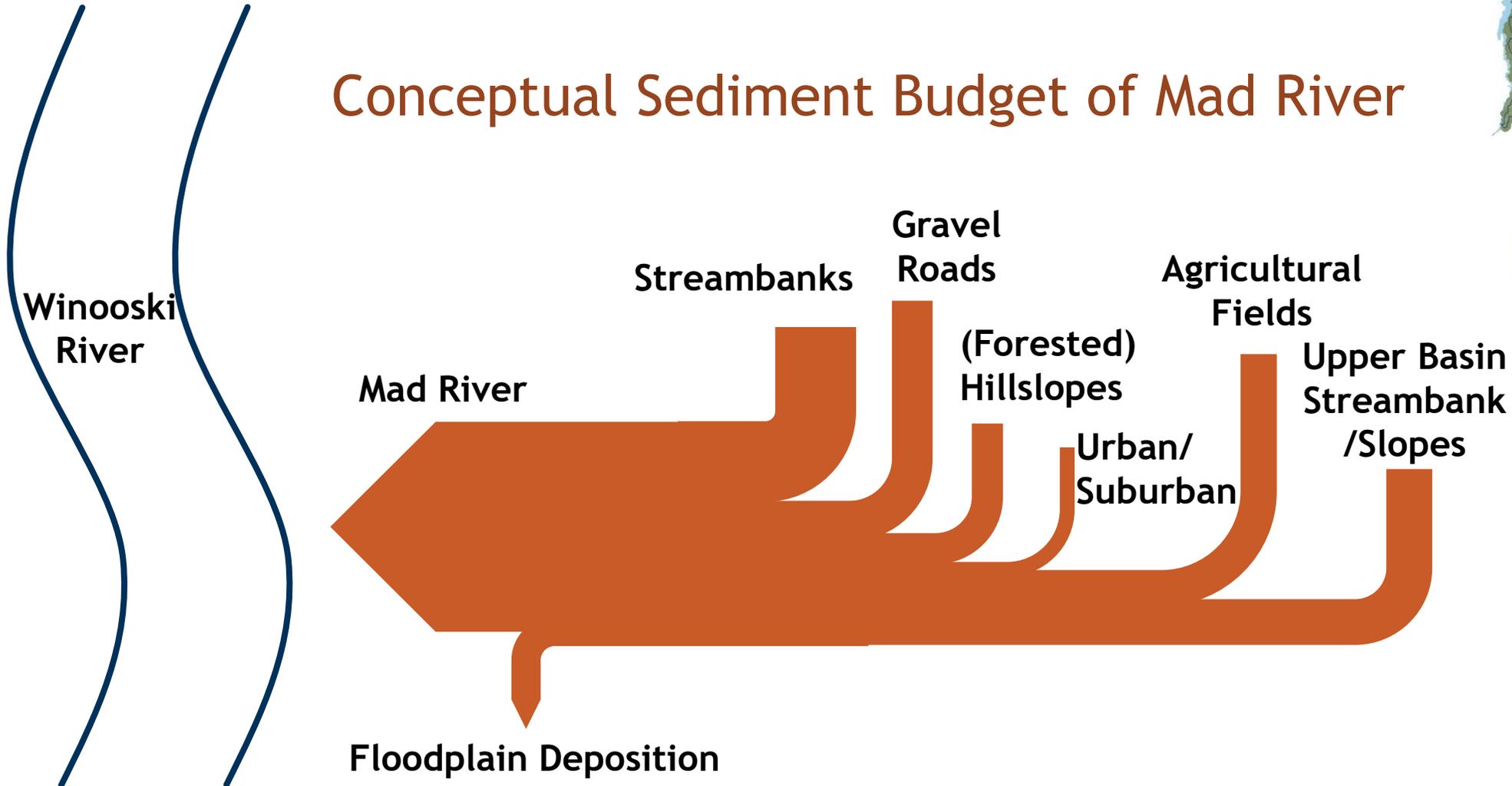
Mad River at Moretown, Vermont



# CONTEXT: ESTIMATE QUANTITIES AND SOURCES OF SEDIMENT FLUX



## Conceptual Sediment Budget of Mad River

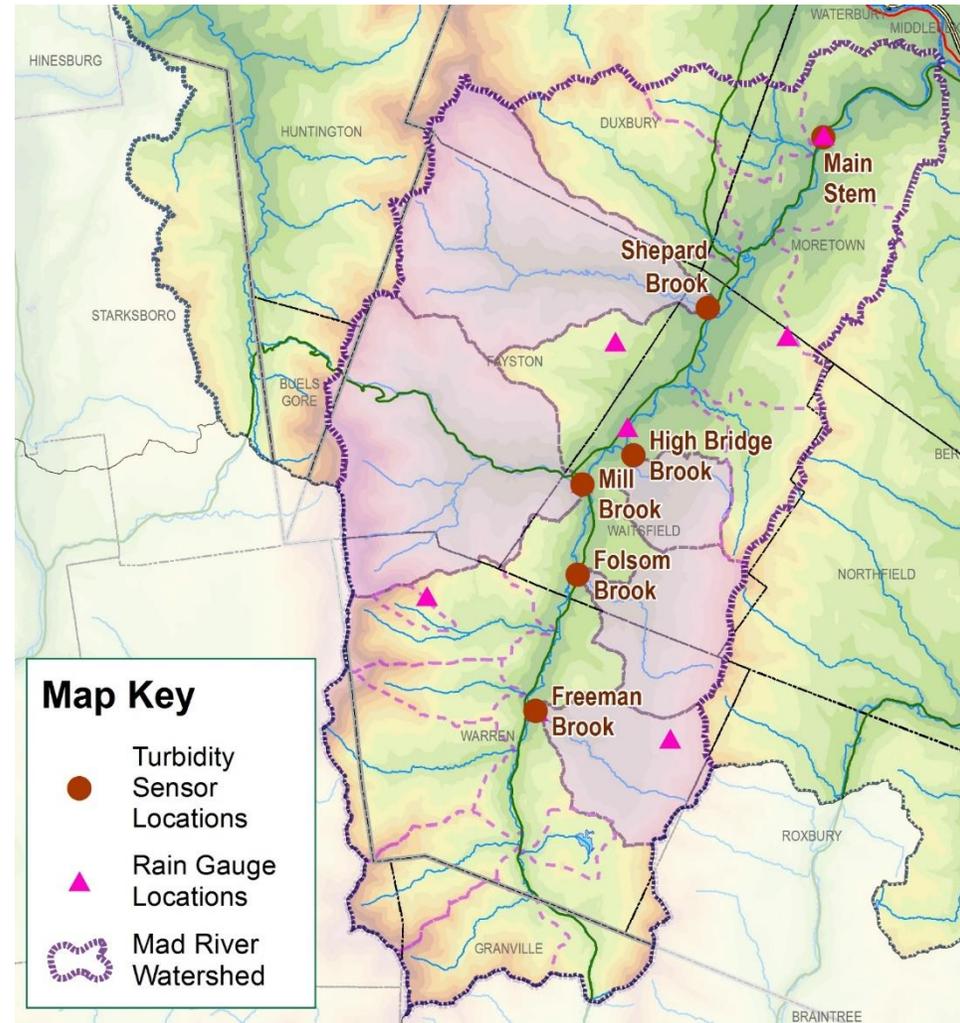


# THREE YEARS OF SEDIMENT MONITORING IN MAD RIVER WATERSHED

- Turbidity sensors to capture near real-time sediment concentration



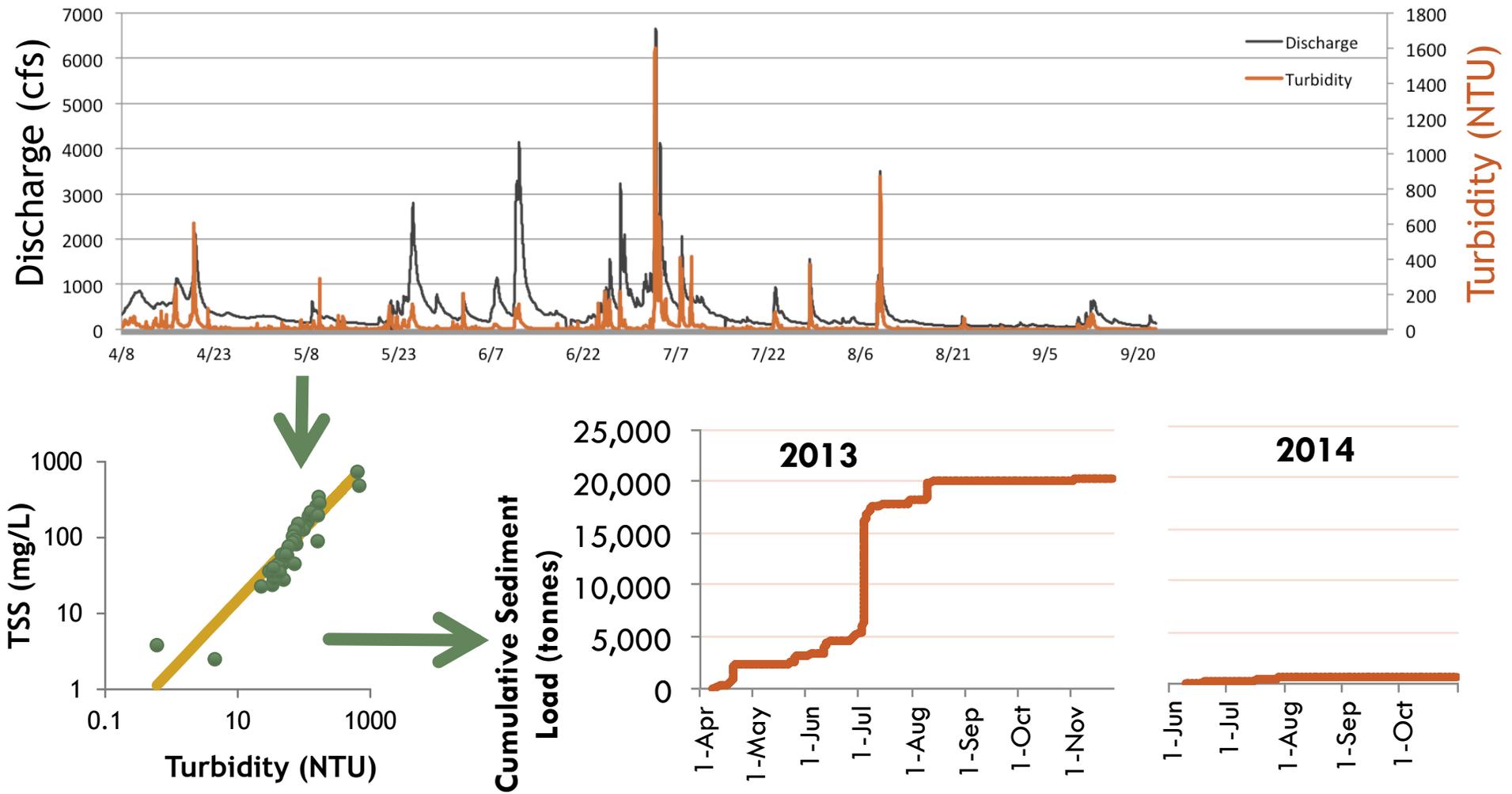
- Coordination with RACC River ISCO sampling efforts and team



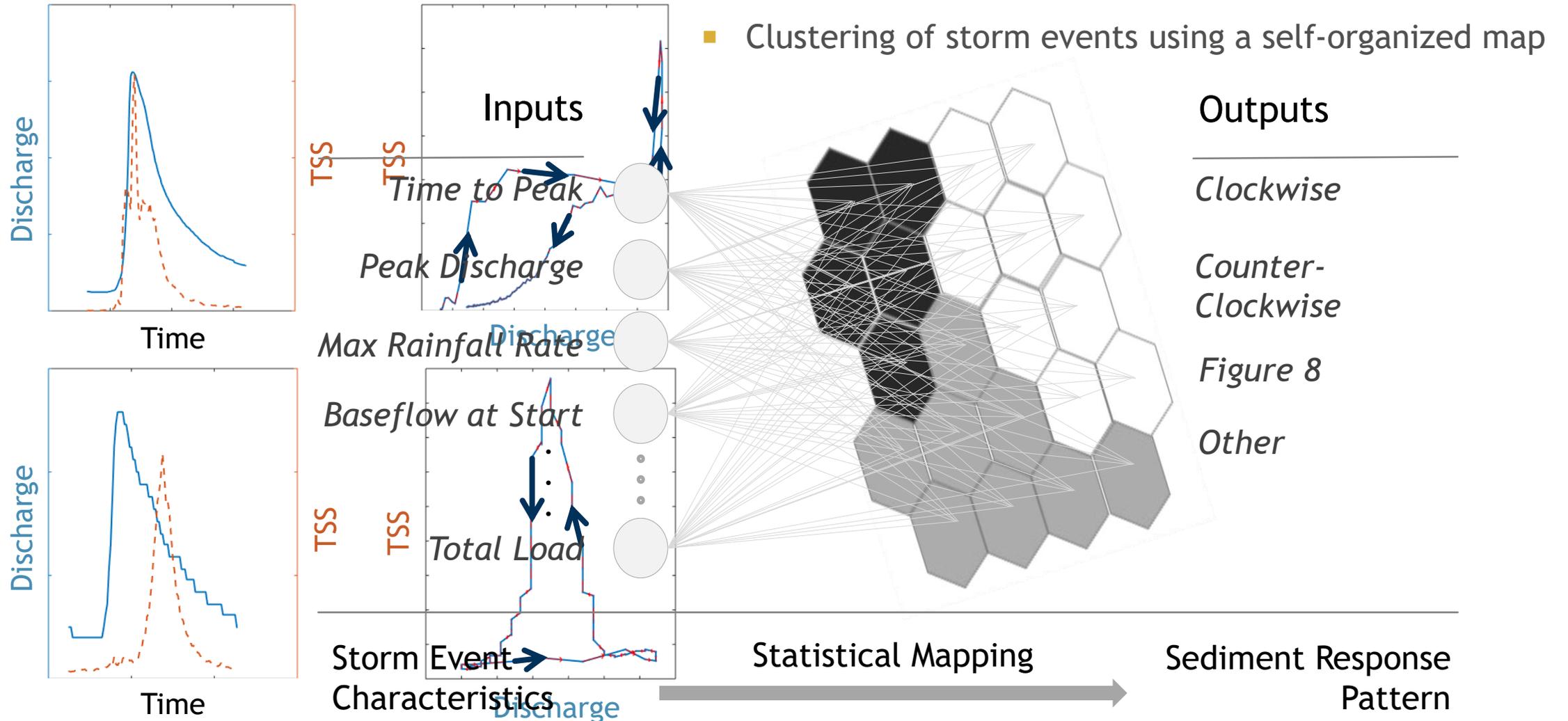
SEDIMENT  
MONITORING  
SITES



# SEDIMENT LOAD ESTIMATION



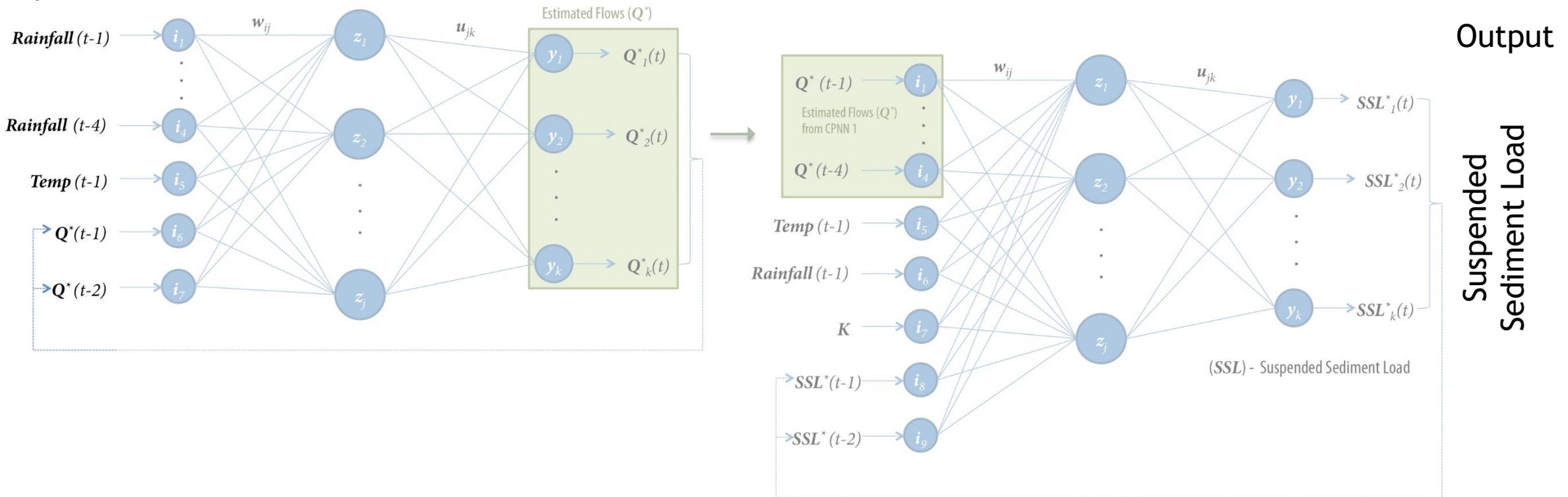
# CHARACTERIZING SEDIMENT RESPONSE DURING STORM EVENTS



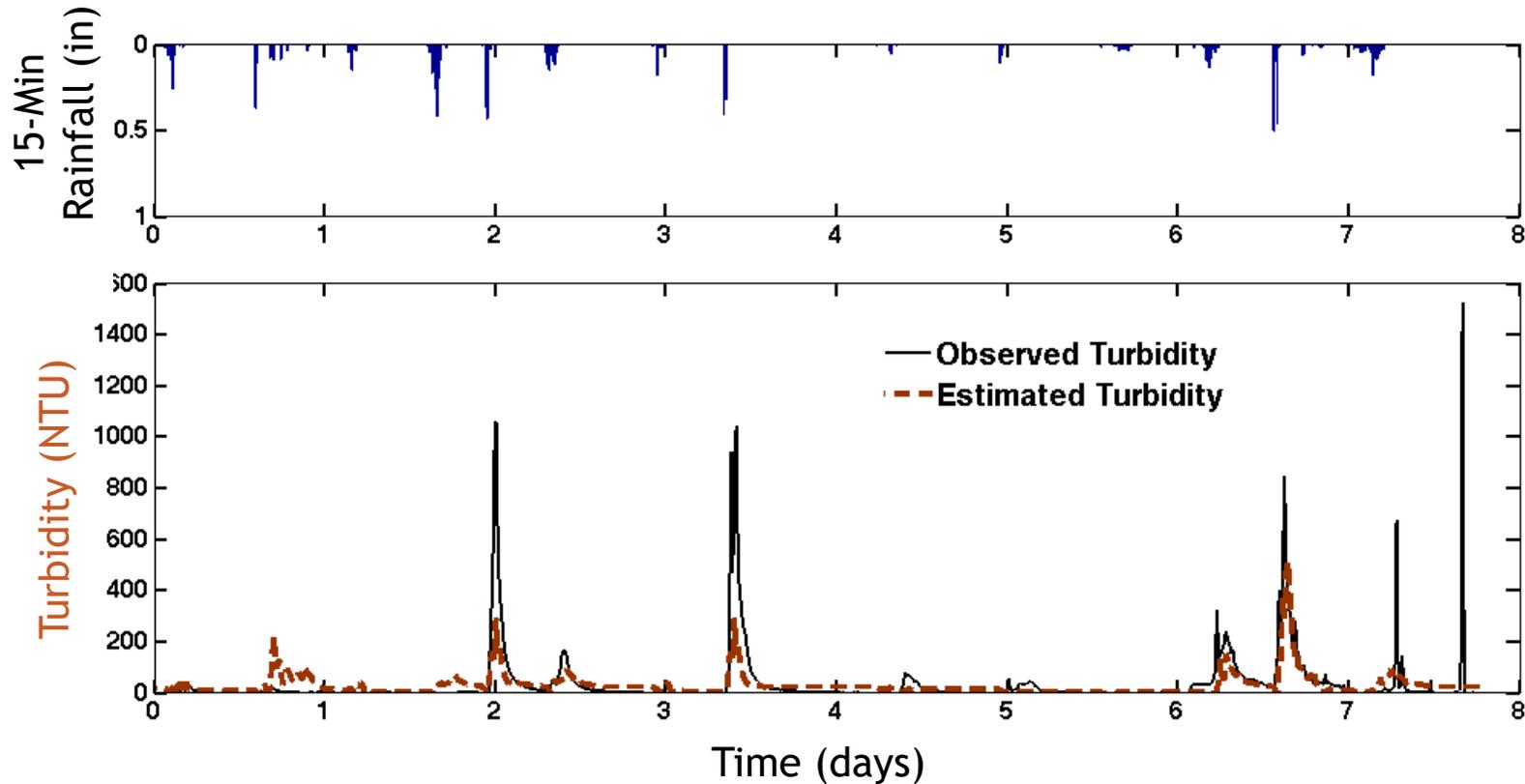
# PREDICTION OF SUSPENDED SEDIMENT LOAD

- Hierarchical ANN model uses predicted streamflows as an input to predict sediment load

## Inputs



# FORECASTING SUSPENDED SEDIMENT LOAD

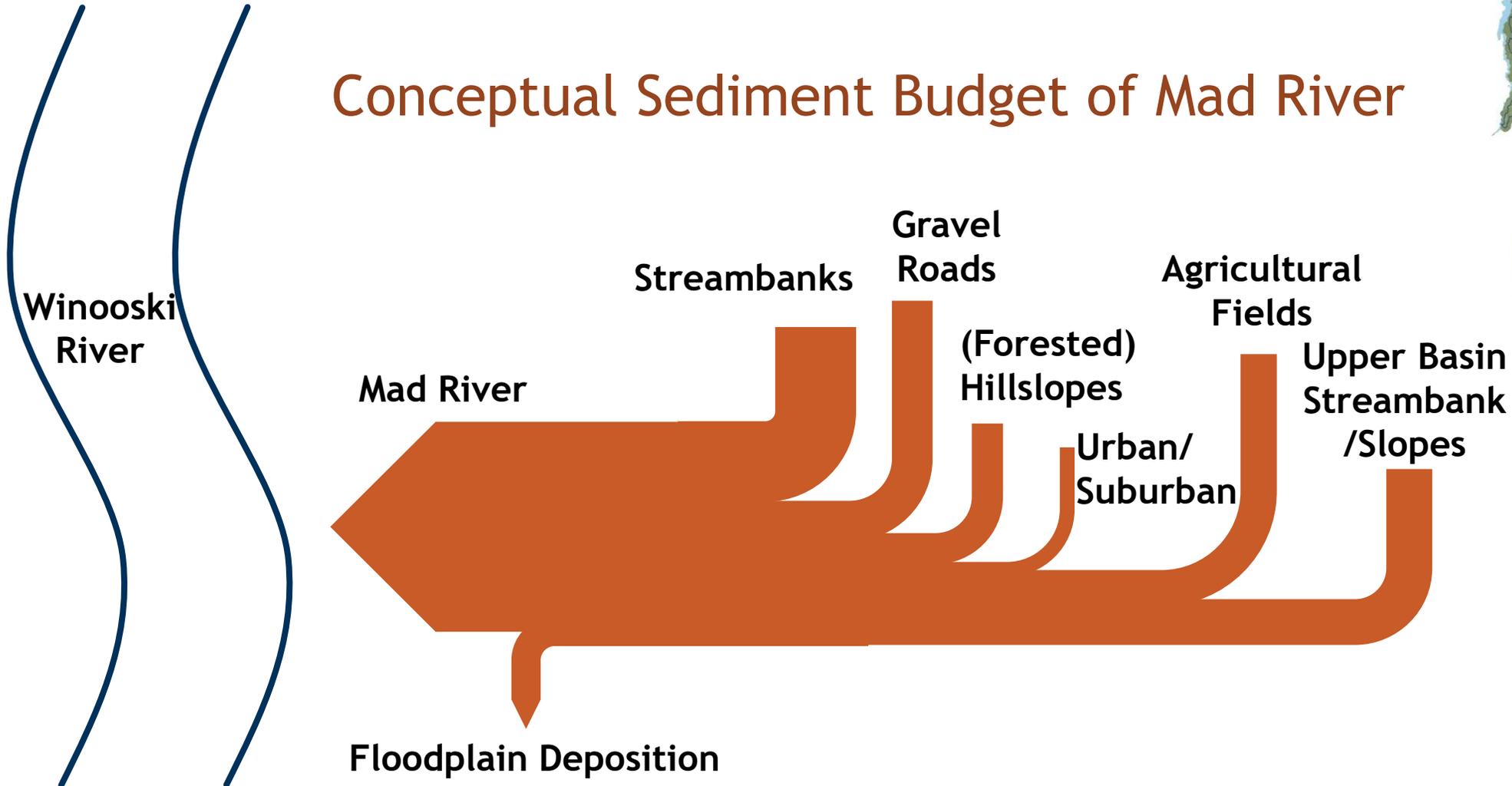


- Test predictions in other similar watersheds
- Utilize future climate simulations of meteorological data

# CONTEXT: ESTIMATE QUANTITIES AND SOURCES OF SEDIMENT FLUX



## Conceptual Sediment Budget of Mad River

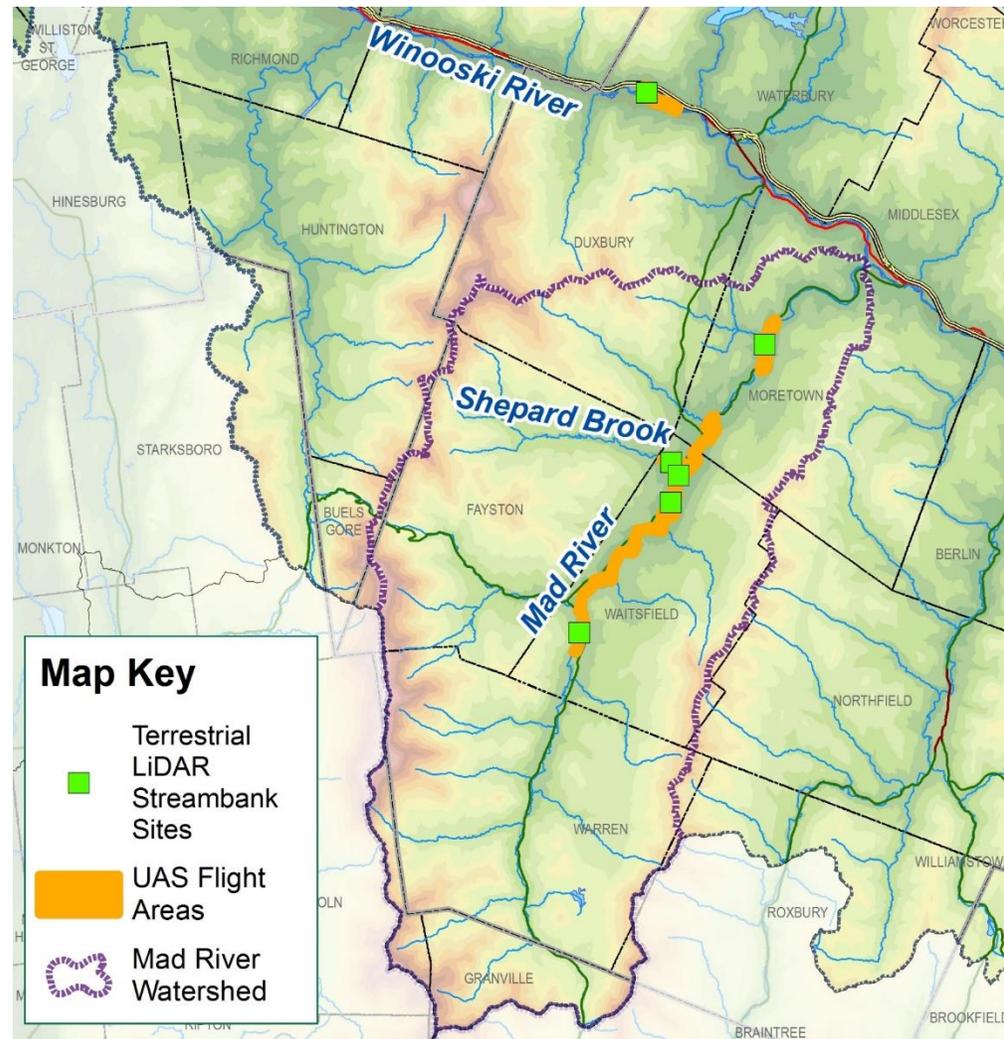


# OVER 20 KM OF RIVER CORRIDOR FLOWN WITH UAS

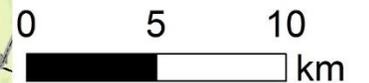
- SenseFly eBee Unmanned Aircraft System (UAS) used



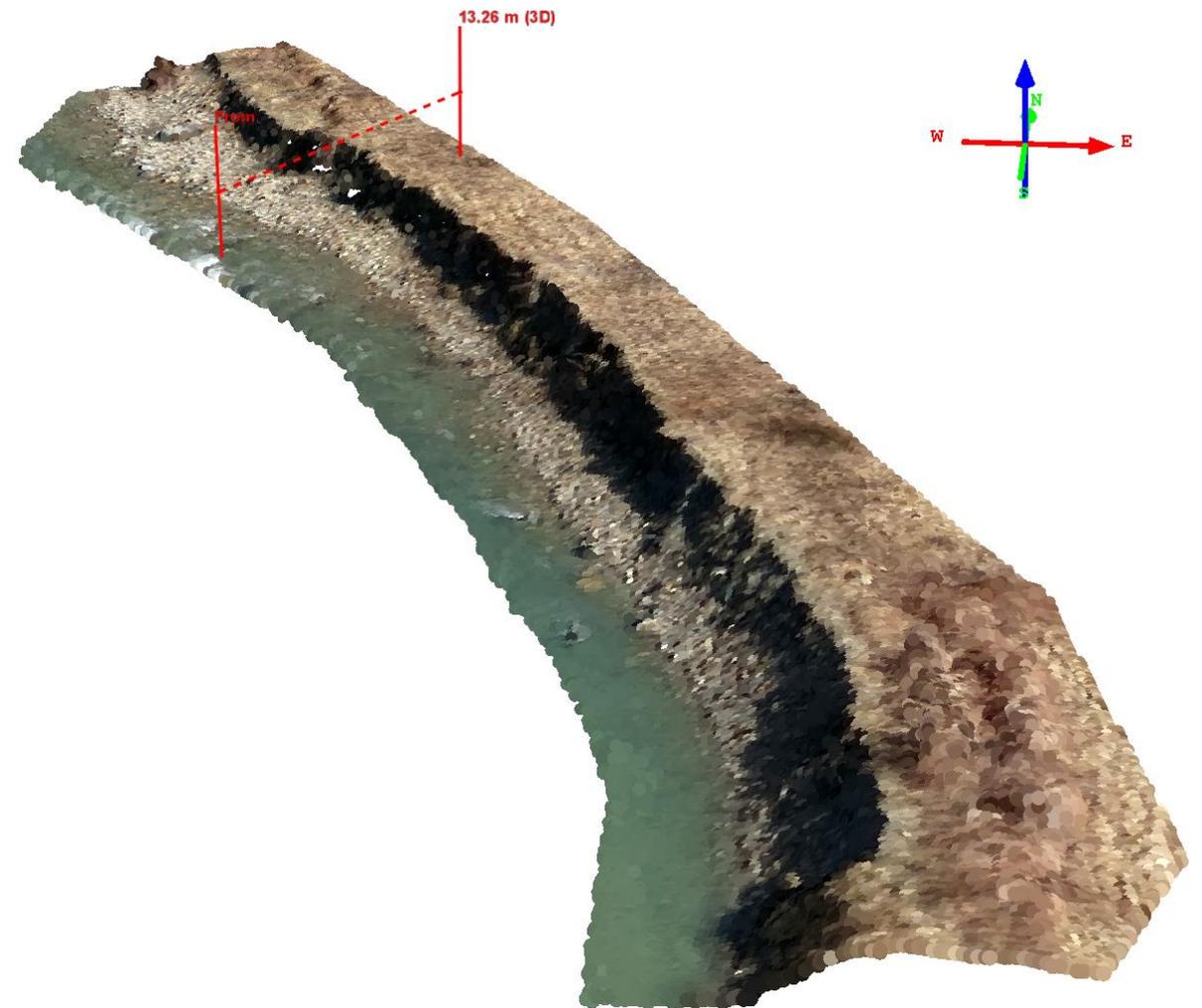
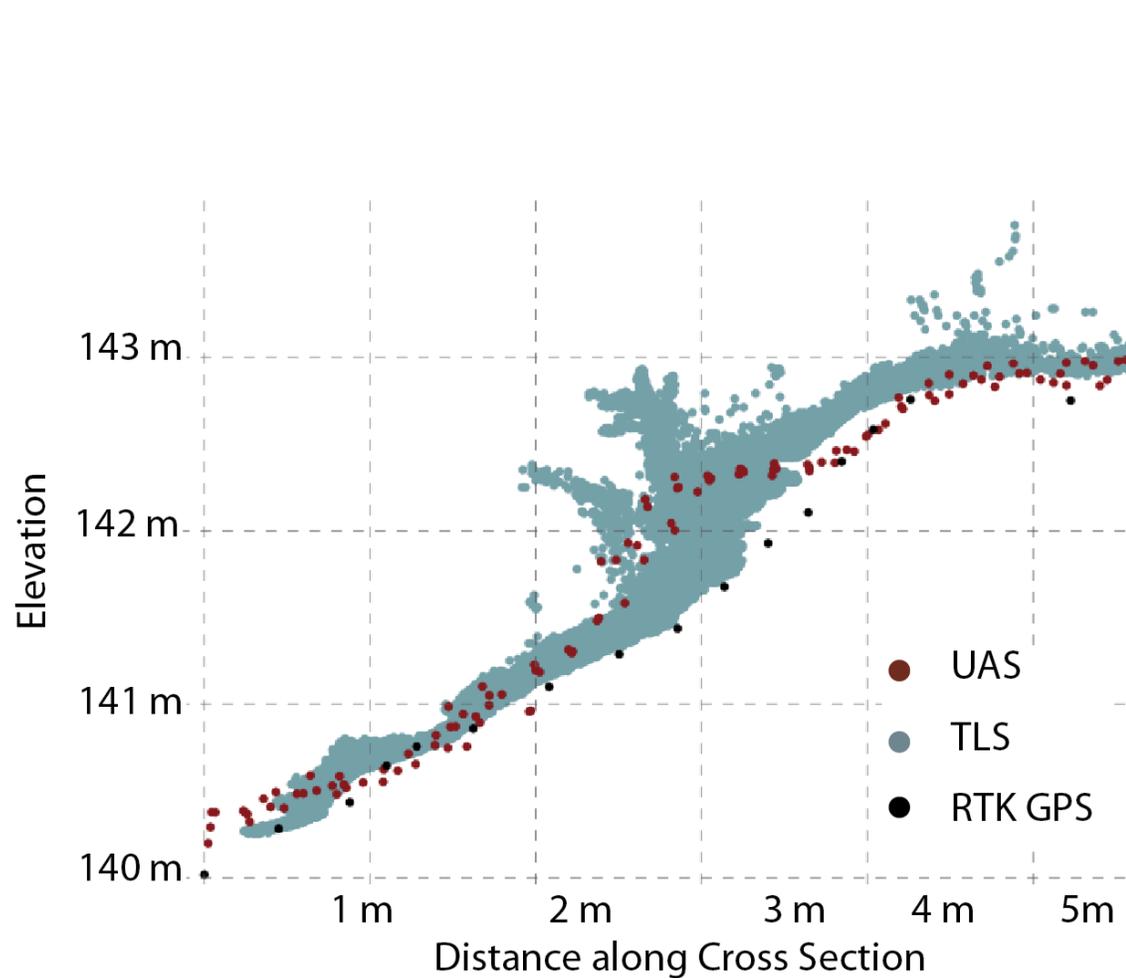
- Six comparison sites with terrestrial LiDAR



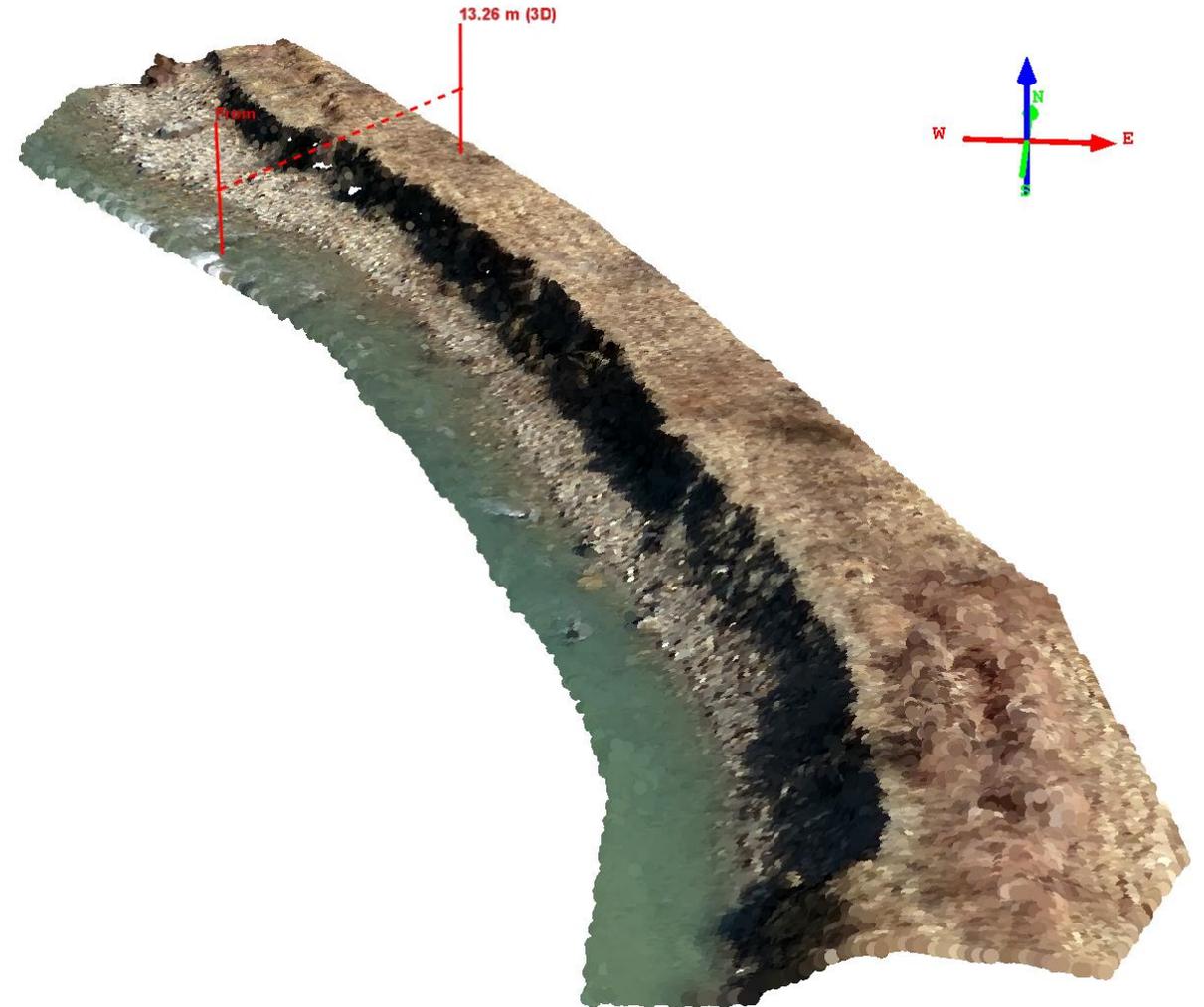
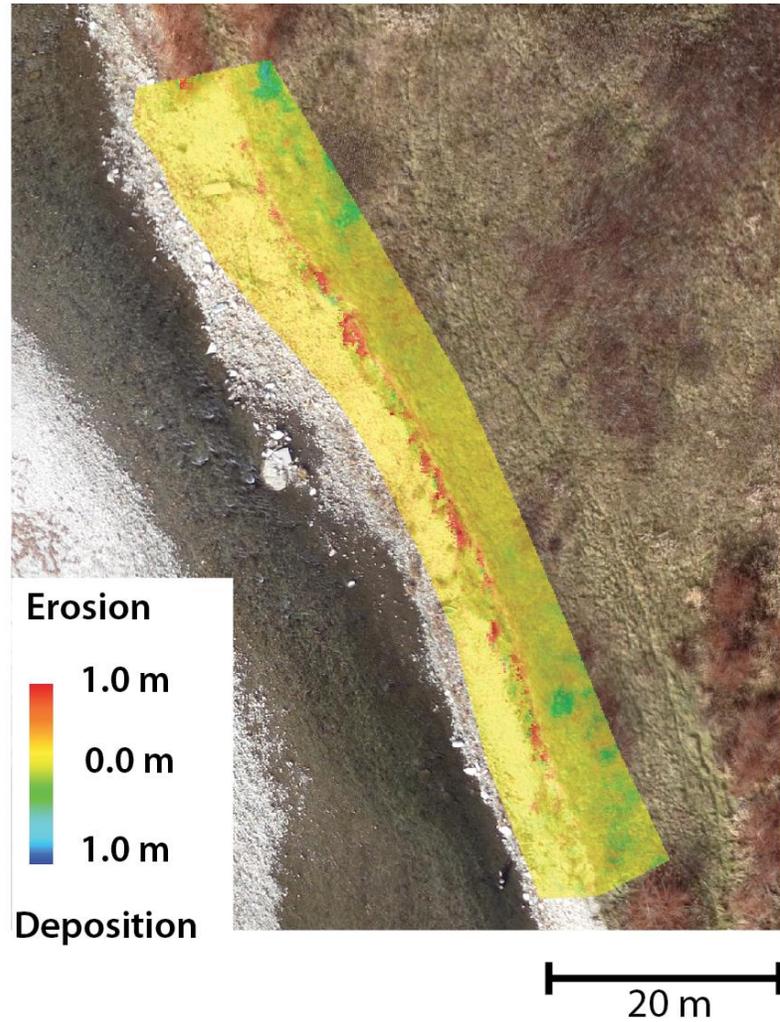
UAS-LIDAR SITES



# MEASUREMENT OF BANK SURFACES USING AN UAS: ACCURACY ASSESSMENT



# MEASUREMENT OF BANK SURFACES USING AN UAS: CHANGE DETECTION



# PUBLICATIONS

- Hamshaw, S.D., Dewoolkar, M., Rizzo, D.M., O'Neil-Dunne, J., Frolik, J., Bryce, T., Engel, T. (2016). Quantifying streambank erosion: a comparative study using an unmanned aerial system (UAS) and a terrestrial laser scanner, *Earth Surface Processes and Landforms* (In Process)
- **Expected Publications:**
  - Recurrent Counterpropagation Neural Network for Predicting Suspended Sediment Load in Ungauged Catchments, to be submitted to *Journal of Hydrology*
  - Classification and Prediction of Event-Based Suspended Sediment Flux using Artificial Neural Networks, to be submitted to *Hydrological Processes*
  - Sediment yields and storm event dynamics in the Mad River watershed, to be submitted to *Journal of Hydrology Regional Studies*

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- With additional support by:

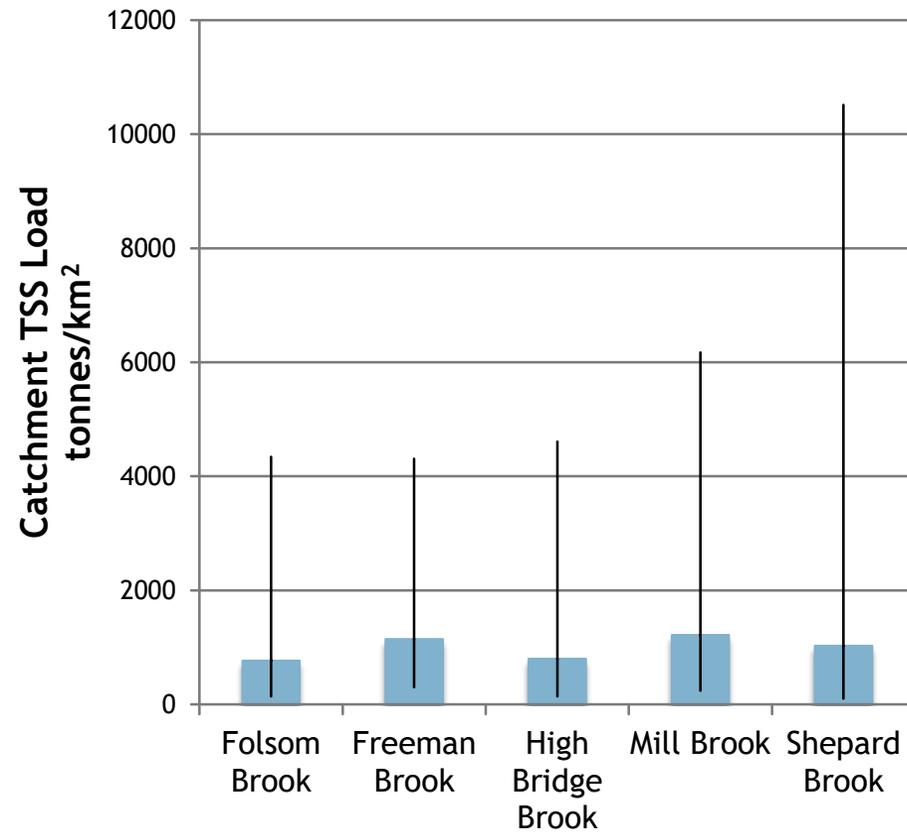
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- UVM Spatial Analysis Lab
- Beverley Wemple Lab
- Bowden Watershed Research Lab



# MOTIVATION: CHALLENGES IN SEDIMENT STUDIES



Eric Smeltzer (unpublished 2013) Estimates of annual sediment loads for Mad River tributaries.