Farming Hemp in Vermont

How did we get here?

&

Where are we anyway?

A Presentation from NEHC 2019
Botanical Background

What is the difference between Cannabis, Hemp, and Marijuana?

• Over centuries of cultivation dispersed across continents, the genetics and definitions of Hemp and Marijuana have diverged into two distinct branches of the *Cannabis Sativa* plant species, which is an annual flowering herb.

• Differences including plant morphology, seed oil content, fiber quality, and cannabinoid profile delineate the thousands of Cannabis cultivars.

• Hemp and Marijuana can cross pollinate to produce viable offspring.

• This is generally undesirable, as it disrupts stable genetic traits.

• Cannabis is predominantly dioecious, meaning there are separate male and female plants. Males produce pollen, wind-pollinated female flowers bear seed.

• Some Hemp varieties have been bred to be monoecious, with both male and female organs on the same plant, thus increasing the population of seed bearing plants per acre. Hermaphroditic abilities are a survival trait in Cannabis populations.
A Brief History

- Hemp pollen nearly 20 million years old was found in north central China
- Some relics of hemp paper and clothing thousands of years old still exist today
- Hemp was a valuable, multipurpose crop for ancient cultures on the Eurasian landmass including the Chinese, Japanese, Mongolian, Indian, Sumerian, Persian, Egyptian, Ottoman, Greek, Roman, Moor, Gaul, Russian and many others.
- By the mid 1500’s naval trade routes made possible by hemp sails and rigging propelled hemp seeds across oceans to new shores, including the Americas.
- Early colonists were even required to grow hemp for a time.
- George Washington and Thomas Jefferson both grew hemp and Benjamin Franklin helped start a hemp paper mill.
- The Declaration of Independence was drafted on hemp paper, while Betsy Ross’s first American Flag was woven with hemp fabric.
Hemp during the Industrial Revolution

• Through the early 1900’s, Hemp maintained its role as valuable commodity and industrial designers started to unveil the true potential of the plant.

• Henry Ford saw many advantages of sourcing material for bioplastic from rural farms. "It will be a car of darn sight better design in every form. And don't forget the motor car business is just one of the industries that can find new uses for plastics, made from what's grown in the land!"
  -New York Times, 2 Feb 1941

• 1937 Marihuana Tax act cripples an industry

• Hemp for Victory Campaign 1942 briefly surges acreage grown, but the policy is rescinded at the end of WWII.

• Controlled Substance Act of 1970 approved by Nixon.
US Hemp Industry gets left Behind

• Hemp continued to be grown and processed as a valuable commodity in China, the USSR, and other countries throughout the 20th century.

• In 1989, the EU stepped around US prohibition and recommitted to the production of certified hemp genetics and marketable products.

• In 1999, Canada followed suit and established a large hemp program based on farming for Hemp Seed food products.
Re-Emergence of Hemp in the US

- Hemp was grown in government controlled studies throughout the 20th century.
- In 1994, President Clinton included Hemp on a list of essential resources to be utilized in an executive order on National Defense.
- February 6, 2004 the Ninth Circuit Court of Appeals issued a unanimous decision in favor of the HIA vs DEA. DEA did not appeal.
- 2014 Federal Farm Bill, Section 7606.
- 2016 Federal Omnibus Appropriations Act.
- 19 states had hemp research or pilot programs in 2017.
- 2013 Vermont establishes Hemp Registry program.
- 2018 Vermont Act 143 reinforces State Hemp Program
- 2018 Federal Farm Bill, 40 states had hemp programs in 2018
The data contained within this report was collected in accordance with the requirements of ISO/IEC17025:2005. I attest that the information contained within the report has been reviewed for accuracy and checked against the quality control requirements for each method. These results relate only to the test article listed in this report. Reports may not be reproduced except in their entirety.

### CN: Cannabinoid Profile & Potency [WI-10-04]

The client sample was analyzed for plant-based cannabinoids by Convergence Chromatography (CC). The collected data was compared to data collected for certified reference standards at known concentrations.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ID</th>
<th>Weight %</th>
<th>Conc.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>D9-THC</td>
<td>0.05 wt %</td>
<td>0.49 mg/g</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>THCV</td>
<td>ND</td>
<td>ND</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CBD</td>
<td>0.47 wt %</td>
<td>4.68 mg/g</td>
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<tr>
<td>CBDV</td>
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<tr>
<td>CBG</td>
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<tr>
<td>CBC</td>
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<tr>
<td>CBN</td>
<td>ND</td>
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<tr>
<td>THCA</td>
<td>0.54 wt %</td>
<td>5.35 mg/g</td>
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<tr>
<td>CBDA</td>
<td>13.23 wt %</td>
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<tr>
<td>CBGA</td>
<td>0.41 wt %</td>
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**Ratio of Total CBD to THC:** 23.3:1

### CN: Cannabinoid Profile & Potency [WI-10-17]

The client sample was analyzed for plant-based cannabinoids by Liquid Chromatography (LC). The collected data was compared to data collected for certified reference standards at known concentrations.

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<td>CBDA</td>
<td>14.74 wt %</td>
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<tr>
<td>CBGA</td>
<td>0.66 wt %</td>
<td>6.65 mg/g</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

**Ratio of Total CBD to THC:** 23.3:1

Max THC (and Max CBD) are calculated values for total cannabinoids after heating, assuming complete decarboxylation of the acid to the neutral form. It is calculated based on the weight loss of the acid group during decarboxylation:

\[
\text{Max THC} = (0.877 \times \text{THCA}) + \text{THC}.
\]

ND = None detected above the limits of detection (LLD).
Over 50,000 uses and growing...
There are many ways to farm Hemp
Cultivating Hemp in the Northeast

- Well drained, loamy soil is best. Not compacted; pH 6.0 to 6.8.
- Soil temp. Min 50 F. Planting depth ¾”. Best Germination at 70-80 F.
- Seeding Rate for grain 18-25 lbs. per acre, for Fiber 45-50 lbs. per acre.
- Female Only fields are often transplanted, 3-6 ft. spacing. 800-1600 per acre.
- CBD Hemp is seeded in trays in Early May, depth ¼”, Transplanted Early June
- Diseases include Botrytis, Head Blight, Sclerotinia, Spot Fungus & Stem Rot.
- Pests include Aphids, Corn Borers, Voles and sometimes deer.
- Grain Crop Fertilizer needs, similar to winter wheat or corn, soil dependent.
- CBD Crop Fertilizer needs, N vegging, P Flowering, K Finishing, soil dependent.
- If Fiber only, harvest after 60-70 days. Fiber needs retting 2-3 weeks.
- If Grain, harvest when seed moisture is below 20-25%. Grain dried to 8-10%.
- CBD Harvest dependent on cultivar ranges from Late August through October.
- Hemp Flower must be dried below 12% for safe storage.
- Life cycle is dependent on variety, season and harvest objective.
Dual Fiber & Grain Crop
Thank You!