

# Public Safety at the University of Vermont



A guide for current and prospective students and employees prepared in compliance with the Jeanne Clery Disclosure of Campus Security Policy & Crime Statistics Act

Issued September 30, 2024

2023 Annual Fire Safety Report for Student Housing at UVM:

http://www.uvm.edu/police/reports/clery/fire-safety-report.pdf

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# INTRODUCTION TO THE CLERY ACT & STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

In 1990, Congress passed "The Crime Awareness and Campus Security Act," requiring colleges and universities to collect and publish crime statistics and other public safety information. The Act was passed in response to the rape and murder of Jeanne Clery, a Lehigh University freshman, in her residence hall in 1986. Jeanne's murder was one of 38 violent crimes recorded at Lehigh in three years, but at the time there were no federal laws requiring colleges to report or disclose crimes on campus to students, employees, potential students or their parents. Her family was unaware of crimes that had occurred at Lehigh.

In 1991, the Act was renamed in honor of Ms. Clery: "The Jeanne Clery Disclosure of Campus Security Policy and Crime Statistics Act," or, in short form, the "Clery Act." The Clery Act was meant to ensure public disclosure of crimes on college campuses, to help students and employees protect themselves from campus crime, and to assist prospective students and employees with considering public safety when choosing a college or university. Over the years, the Clery Act has been amended, most recently by the Violence Against Women Reauthorization Act of 2022, which expanded reporting and prevention requirements for certain sex crimes.

To promote safety and security at the University of Vermont, and in compliance with the Clery Act, UVM has adopted a Campus Safety and Security: Clery Act Policy, which is available at <a href="http://www.uvm.edu/policies/riskmgm/clery.pdf">http://www.uvm.edu/policies/riskmgm/clery.pdf</a>. In pertinent part, as detailed in the Policy, the University annually:

- Submits crime statistics to the United States Department of Education. Each year, the University submits crime statistics for Clery Act crimes by type, location and year to the U.S. Department of Education.
- 2. **Maintains a daily crime log** of alleged criminal incidents that is open to public inspection. (see page 50).
- 3. **Issues campus alerts.** The University of Vermont issues a <u>timely warning</u> to the University community when there is information that a Clery crime has occurred that represents a serious or ongoing threat to campus safety. (see page 39).
- 4. **Issues emergency notifications.** The University issues an <u>emergency notification</u> upon the confirmation of a significant emergency or dangerous situation involving an immediate threat to the health or safety of students or employees occurring on the campus. The University tests the emergency notification procedure bi-annually. (see page 39).
- 5. Publishes and maintains an Annual Security Report containing safety and security related policy statements and statistics of Clery Act crimes occurring on University property, adjacent property, and non-University property owned or controlled by the University. To prepare the Annual Security Report, the University collects, classifies, and counts crime reports and crime statistics. The Annual Security Report is distributed annually to all students and employees of the University, and is available to prospective employees through Human Resource Services and to prospective students through the Office of Admissions. A hard copy of the Annual Security Report may be obtained through University Police Services at (802) 656-2027.
- 6. Maintains and enforces a missing student policy and notification procedure. (see page 31).
- 7. Compiles and submits fire statistics by type and location to the United States Department of Education.

  Each year the University submits fire statistics by location and year to the U.S. Department of Education. The University maintains a daily fire log that is open to public inspection and generates an Annual Fire Report containing fire safety policy statements and statistics (<a href="http://www.uvm.edu/police/reports/clery/fire-safety-report.pdf">http://www.uvm.edu/police/reports/clery/fire-safety-report.pdf</a>).

# OVERVIEW OF UVM POLICE SERVICES

# DEPARTMENT SUMMARY

The Department of Police Services provides comprehensive law enforcement and security services to all components of the University of Vermont and State Agricultural College. The Department has authorized full-time positions including 24 State certified Sworn Police Officers, 4 non-commissioned Service Officers, 6 dispatchers, and 4 administrative support personnel. Police Officers must successfully complete the basic training program for full-time police professionals as prescribed by the Vermont Criminal Justice Training Council. On-duty 24 hours/day, 7 days/week, Police Services performs public safety, law enforcement and service functions. UVM Police Services is a <a href="#CALEA accredited">CALEA accredited</a> law enforcement agency (Commission on Accreditation for Law Enforcement Agencies).

UVM Police Officers have full statewide law enforcement authority as enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Vermont in Title 16 VSA § 2283, with primary patrol jurisdiction over all property and landholdings of the University located in Burlington, Vermont. This area is commonly referred to as the University's core or main campus, and also corresponds to the University's "Campus Property" as defined by the Clery Act. In addition, UVM Police Services regularly assists area law enforcement agencies upon request at locations not considered Campus Property. Towards that end, Police Services has excellent working relationships with other area law enforcement agencies, to include a county MOU phased response plan with every Chittenden County police agency; including, but not limited to, the City of Burlington Police Department; City of South Burlington Police Department; City of Winooski Police Department; Chittenden County Sheriff's Department; Vermont State Police; the local field office of the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI); and various other state and federal law enforcement agencies. Additionally, UVM Police Services has task force agreements with the U.S. Marshall's Service, the Chittenden Unit for Special Investigations (CUSI), and intermittent assignment to the Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). UVM Police's working relationships with other agencies include task force participation, joint noise initiatives, and regular interactions assisting and receiving assistance on cases, as requested. These relationships are maintained through periodic communication among agency administrators and mutual aid standard response protocols, in addition to frequent contact between front-line officers and investigators cooperating on specific cases. These strong working relationships are evidenced by the hundreds of police agency assists performed by UVM Police every year.

As a participant in the State of Vermont's telecommunications and information systems, UVM Police Services has sophisticated communications and computer systems to provide for rapid communication with the National Crime Information Center (NCIC), as well as local and state agencies in times of emergency. Police Services operates an E-911 Call Center in accordance with VT E-911 Board policies.

Essential to the goal of maintaining a safe campus is providing courteous and efficient service to the entire UVM community. If you have questions regarding Police Services, or comments or suggestions about their services, please contact UVM Police at (802) 656-3473. You may wish to also visit the department's website at <a href="http://www.uvm.edu/police">http://www.uvm.edu/police</a>. The site includes detailed information about the department, services offered, and open data releases about roadside traffic stops made by UVM Police officers.

# Professional Standards

Police Services' relationship with our community is vital to achieving our overall mission of safety, security, and education. All members of the University community can expect to be treated in a courteous and professional manner. To this end, the quality of our service is dependent in part on feedback from our community. We have an extensive professional standards policy in place to respond to citizen praise, complaints, and concerns.

Please help us improve our Department by bringing both your complaints and compliments to the attention of

1.	Request the on-duty supervisor by calling (802) 656-3473
2.	During business hours, contact the Chief at (802) 656-2027
	Address written correspondence to: Chief of Police UVM Police Services 284 East Ave Burlington, VT 05405
4.	Submitting an online Citizen's Feedback Form at: <a href="https://www.uvm.edu/police/forms/citizens-feedback">https://www.uvm.edu/police/forms/citizens-feedback</a>
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# REPORTING CRIMES & OTHER INCIDENTS

\*In the event of an emergency, always call 911\*

# REPORTING PROCEDURES & PROTOCOLS AT UVM

It is an essential goal of the University of Vermont to promote and to seek to provide a safe learning, living, working, and campus environment for our community members and visitors. Threats or acts of violence involving persons or property are therefore prohibited and constitute cause for removal from campus, discipline through appropriate channels, and/or civil or criminal prosecution. The University's full policy on Personal Safety and Threat Assessment can be found at <a href="https://www.uvm.edu/sites/default/files/UVM-Policies/personalsafety.pdf">https://www.uvm.edu/sites/default/files/UVM-Policies/personalsafety.pdf</a>.

The official channel for reporting criminal offenses and public safety related incidents that occur at UVM is the Department of Police Services (802-656-3473). Reporting incidents to UVM Police Services will aid in providing timely warning and emergency notices, as applicable, to the community, aid in any investigation of criminal conduct, and will ensure that required incidents are included in the University's annual disclosure of crime statistics (see page 60). The University of Vermont strongly promotes the prompt reporting of all incidents, including criminal activity, missing persons, and other safety concerns, to the appropriate police agency.

There are a number of ways to file a report with UVM Police Services. Ways to report, including instructions for reporting an incident anonymously, are outlined in this section. Specific information about reporting discrimination, harassment, and sexual misconduct for administrative (non-criminal) review is described in the **Reporting Incidents of Discrimination, Harassment, And Sexual Misconduct** section of this report.

# REPORTING AN EMERGENCY SITUATION

**IN A POSSIBLE OR ACTUAL EMERGENCY SITUATION**, all University employees, including administrators, faculty, and staff, must immediately report threats or acts of violence to UVM Police Services. Students are also strongly encouraged to make such reports. This can be done in several ways:

Call 911 from a personal or cellular phone. Calls placed from a cellular phone are answered by a Vermont 911 Call Center and forwarded to Police Services. Police Services' protocols require an **immediate response to emergency calls**. UVM Police works closely with the full range of City and County emergency resources to assure a complete and timely response to all emergency calls.

Request emergency help via the UVM CatSafe App. This app includes a number of safety and reporting features, including the ability to contact first responders in an emergency situation like a virtual blue-light call box. You can call or message UVM Police via the Emergency Options in the CatSafe App and your location will be used to send help immediately. Get the UVM CatSafe App at <a href="https://go.uvm.edu/an617">https://go.uvm.edu/an617</a>.

**Call 911 from a campus phone.** Calling 911 from a campus phone will connect you directly with the UVM Police Services emergency switchboard, 24 hours a day, 7 days/week. Priority response is given to crimes against persons and personal injuries.

Call UVM Police Services' Dispatch directly at 802-656-3473 (802-656-FIRE). UVM Police Services will respond as quickly and safely as possible to any request for assistance, whether it is an emergency or not. Response time is based on current activity and severity of the call. Crimes in progress, alarms, traffic accidents

with injuries, and medical assists have a higher priority than other types of calls. University Police and Service officers in vehicles or on foot are eager to be of assistance and may be contacted directly.

# REPORTING A CRIME OR INCIDENT ANONYMOUSLY

**IN A <u>NON-EMERGENCY</u>** (**NOT IN PROGRESS**) **SITUATION <u>ONLY</u>**, members of the campus community may choose to report crimes, suspicious activity/persons, and criminal activity to Police Services anonymously through one of the following forums:

- CatSafe App: UVM Affiliates can report crimes to UVM Police anonymously using CatSafe, a mobile two-way
  communications platform. Get the UVM CatSafe App at <a href="https://go.uvm.edu/an617">https://go.uvm.edu/an617</a>. More information
  about CatSafe is available at the <a href="https://go.uvm.edu/an617">UVM Emergency Management website</a>.
- The Silent Witness program is a tool on the Police Services Website which allows for the transmission of information anonymously by removing the sender's identifying information before it transmits the tip via email. The reporting party need only select the option to submit the report anonymously before clicking "Submit." Alternatively, if the reporting party is willing to be contacted by an officer, they have the opportunity to provide the necessary contact information before submitting it is the individual's choice. Access the web form directly at <a href="https://www.uvm.edu/police/forms/report-crime">https://www.uvm.edu/police/forms/report-crime</a>.
- In appropriate situations, you may also choose to make a disclosure to a **UVM Reporter**, who can assist you in filing an anonymous crime report for statistical inclusion in this report and/or a report to the Office of Equal Opportunity if the situation involves discrimination, harassment, or sexual misconduct, as well as direct you to available campus and community resources. UVM Reporters include Campus Security Authorities as defined by the Clery Act and others designated by University Policy to have required reporting responsibilities. Some examples of UVM Reporters are the Dean of Students (802-656-3380), the Director of Equal Opportunity (802-656-3368), the University's Title IX Coordinator (802-656-3368), all supervisors and faculty at UVM, as well as many other employees are designated UVM Reporters. In some situations, including domestic violence, dating violence, and stalking, UVM Reporters are required to share your identity with UVM Police in order to ensure that the individual(s) at risk are safe and mitigate the risk of further harm. This will not trigger a criminal investigation unless the affected person(s) decide to pursue one. More information about UVM Reporters, including their full reporting obligations and procedures, are described in the section headed CAMPUS SECURITY AUTHORITIES ("UVM REPORTERS") page 32.

If you are the victim of a crime and do not want to pursue action within the Criminal Justice System or the University's campus discipline process, you may still consider making an anonymous report to UVM Police Services as outlined above. This type of report enables you to keep your identity confidential while taking steps to ensure the future safety of yourself and others. With information from anonymous reports, the University can more accurately track the number of alleged criminal incidents occurring on or near campus, identify patterns with regard to particular locations, methods, or assailants, and alert the campus community to potential risk. Reports filed in this manner are counted and disclosed in the annual crime statistics for the institution (see page 60). Beyond the anonymous reporting options described above, UVM Police Services is not a confidential resource. Individuals who wish to make a confidential report are encouraged to use the above anonymous options, and/or to seek assistance from a confidential resource (see page 44), who can assist in filing an incident report with UVM Police Services while keeping your identity confidential.

Please understand that an anonymous report makes it very difficult to provide you or others similarly affected with certain forms of recourse. Providing as much information as possible upon initial report will enable you to change your mind should you decide in the future to seek University and/or Criminal Justice System involvement.

# REPORTING CRIME OCCURRING AT NON-CAMPUS LOCATIONS

UVM Police Services is responsible for investigating all alleged criminal matters at University-owned or controlled facilities located within a reasonable distance from the main campus. Matters occurring at properties more distant from the main campus are handled either entirely by the local police agency with jurisdiction (i.e., city police, state police, etc.) or jointly handled by said agencies in conjunction with UVM Police Services. Non-campus property owned or controlled by University recognized student organizations, such as Greek organizations, is private property and is policed by the municipality in which the property resides. UVM Police Services may assist those agencies as requested and monitors this non-campus activity through shared police databases.

Although UVM Police Services does not have primary jurisdiction for alleged crimes that occur on non-University property, it can and does request and record this data from appropriate authorities as required by the Clery Act, including alleged crimes that occur on non-campus property owned or controlled by recognized student organizations. Specifically, UVM Police Services requests crime statistics on an annual basis from the appropriate police agencies for any non-campus locations owned or controlled for educational purposes by the University or recognized student organizations; for calendar year 2023, many, but not all, agencies responded to this request. Crime statistics for non-campus locations that were reported to UVM Police by other agencies are included in the statistical tables at the end of this report.

In general, prospective students, employees, and visitors to UVM should know that, as with any campus, there is crime both on and off-campus and that it is important to always take reasonable precautions. To report suspected or alleged criminal activity or request police assistance on or around UVM campus or other University property, contact UVM Police Services at 802-656-3473 (802-656-FIRE). Police Services can also assist any member of the community in determining an appropriate point of contact for police matters outside of UVM Police Services' primary jurisdiction; contact Police Services at (802) 656-3473 (802-656-FIRE) for assistance.

# REPORTING ABUSE AND NEGLECT OF MINORS & VULNERABLE ADULTS

Vermont law requires that certain professionals listed in 33 V.S.A. § 4913 report any incident in which there is reasonable cause to believe a minor has been abused or neglected to the Vermont Department for Children and Families (DCF) within 24 hours by calling the DCF Child Abuse Hotline at 1-800-649-5285. Vermont law further requires that certain professionals listed in 33 V.S.A. § 6903 report any incident in which there is reasonable cause to believe a vulnerable adult has been abused, neglected, or exploited to the Vermont Department of Disability, Aging, and Independent Living within 48 hours by calling the Abuse Reporting Hotline at 1-800-564-1612.

In addition, as a matter of policy and to optimally protect the safety of minors and vulnerable adults who are participating in UVM Programs and Activities, the University requires any employee who has reasonable cause to believe that a minor or vulnerable adult participating in a UVM Program or Activity is currently being abused or neglected, or has otherwise been abused or neglected while participating in a UVM Program or Activity, to promptly report the misconduct. To file such a report, an employee must advise their supervisor of the possible abuse or neglect (assuming that there is no reason to believe that the supervisor is involved in the possible abuse or neglect, in which case the employee makes the report to the supervisor's supervisor), and notify DCF (Child Abuse Hotline: 1-800-649-5285) or the Department of Disability, Aging, and Independent Living (Abuse Reporting Hotline: 1-800-564-1612), as applicable. The supervisor *must* also promptly make a report to Police Services (Emergency: 911; Non-emergency: 802-656-3473). Police Services can assist employees in making appropriate notifications to Vermont DCF and/or the Department of Disability, Aging, and Independent Living.

If you know or suspect that a minor or vulnerable adult participating in a UVM Program or Activity is a victim of

abuse or neglect, **you must act**. In deciding whether or not to report an incident or situation of suspected abuse or neglect, you need not have proof that abuse or neglect has occurred. Any uncertainty in deciding whether to report suspected abuse or neglect should be resolved in favor of making a good faith report.

UVM's Abuse and Neglect of Minors Operating Procedure can be found, in full, at: <a href="https://www.uvm.edu/sites/default/files/UVM-Policies/policies/abuse\_minors.pdf">https://www.uvm.edu/sites/default/files/UVM-Policies/policies/abuse\_minors.pdf</a>

UVM's Abuse and Neglect of Vulnerable Adults Operating Procedure can be found, in full, at: <a href="https://www.uvm.edu/sites/default/files/UVM-Policies/policies/vulnerableadults.pdf">https://www.uvm.edu/sites/default/files/UVM-Policies/policies/vulnerableadults.pdf</a>

#### OTHER REPORTING AT UVM

There are times when you may need to report a concerning situation that is not related to potential crimes or criminal conduct. UVM operates a unified reporting website at <a href="https://www.uvm.edu/report">https://www.uvm.edu/report</a> where you can easily report any kind of concern or situation to the appropriate office all from one page. If you are aware of a concerning situation including but not limited to concern for a community member's wellbeing, a safety issue at UVM, academic integrity issues, discrimination, or harassment, the UVM Unified Reporting page can help you to easily report the information to the appropriate place.

# ORDERS OF PROTECTION, "NO-CONTACT" ORDERS, AND "NO-TRESPASS" NOTICES

A UVM community member who has a basis for concern about their personal safety on campus as a result of criminal or campus proceedings, or due to threats or incidents of violence, is urged to contact UVM Police Services promptly regarding such concerns for law enforcement or public safety assistance. UVM Police Services and Hope Works victim support personnel can also assist with obtaining orders of legal protection. If an individual has already secured a judicial no-contact, restraining, or protective order, they should notify UVM Police Services to facilitate compliance with that order, as well as to determine appropriate safety plans while on-campus. UVM Police may also facilitate requests for and compliance with University imposed no-contact orders and no-trespass notices, which are typically issued by the Director of Equal Opportunity, Title IX Coordinator, Dean of Students Office, or Chief Public Safety and Compliance Officer. Individuals seeking administrative no-contact orders or other protective measures related to incidents of discrimination, harassment, or sexual misconduct can contact the Director of Equal Opportunity or University Title IX Coordinator. Individuals seeking administrative no-contact orders or other protective measures for other types of concerns can contact the Dean of Students or Chief Public Safety and Compliance Officer.

When a person's or group's actions violate civil or criminal laws, University policy, or pose a threat to the health, safety, welfare, or academic experience of members of the University community, that person or group may be denied access to all or part of campus through issuance of a written No-Trespass Notice. The full text of the University's No-Trespass Notices Operating Procedure may be found at: \_

https://www.uvm.edu/sites/default/files/UVM-Policies/policies/notrespass.pdf.

# POLICY LISTING

#### Personal Safety and Threat Assessment Policy:

https://www.uvm.edu/sites/default/files/UVM-Policies/policies/personalsafety.pdf

#### **No-Trespass Orders Operating Procedure:**

https://www.uvm.edu/sites/default/files/UVM-Policies/policies/notrespass.pdf

#### **Code of Student Conduct:**

https://www.uvm.edu/sites/default/files/UVM-Policies/policies/studentcode.pdf				
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# OFFENSES OF DISCRIMINATION, HARASSMENT, AND SEXUAL MISCONDUCT

# POLICY STATEMENT

The University of Vermont, including its Schools and Colleges, seeks to maintain a safe learning, living, and working environment. To that end, the University of Vermont strictly prohibits discrimination against, and harassment of, its students, employees, program participants, visitors, and other affiliates on the basis of an individual's membership in a legally protected category as defined in the *University's Equal Opportunity in Educational Programs and Activities and Equal Employment Opportunity/Affirmative Action Policies*, as well as retaliation. Any act that falls within the definition of Sexual Misconduct constitutes discrimination or harassment and is a violation of the *University's Discrimination, Harassment, and Sexual Misconduct Policy*. Furthermore, UVM makes extensive support resources and measures available to all members of the campus community to ensure access to the educational and work environment, as well as other programs and activities within UVM's control, irrespective of whether any resolution process is pursued.

Campus community members found to be in violation of the University's <u>Discrimination, Harassment, and Sexual Misconduct Policy</u> will be subject to disciplinary action, up to and including termination of employment, suspension or dismissal from the University, and/or referral for criminal investigation and prosecution under applicable law.

The University has designed its policies on these matters to comply with applicable legal requirements including Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972 and related regulations; Titles VI and VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964; the Jeanne Clery Disclosure of Campus Security Policy and Campus Crime Statistics Act ("Clery Act"); the Age Discrimination in Employment Act of 1967 and the Age Discrimination Act of 1975; Sections 503 and 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973; the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990; the Vermont Public Accommodations Act; and such other federal, state, and local nondiscrimination laws as may apply.

For more information about UVM's institutional response to sexual violence, visit <a href="https://www.uvm.edu/sexualviolenceresponse">https://www.uvm.edu/sexualviolenceresponse</a>

# **Applicability of Policy**

UVM's <u>Discrimination</u>, <u>Harassment</u>, <u>and Sexual Misconduct Policy</u> applies to all University employees and affiliates, as well as contractors, consultants, temporary employees, and students (including admitted students and students enrolled in or who have indicated intent to enroll in coursework). The policy also applies to University-recognized organizations and affiliated entities, and their members; participants in academic, extracurricular, research, occupational training, or other programs and activities sponsored by the University (including those of recognized student organizations) or occurring on University premises. Off-campus conduct that does not occur in connection with a University sponsored or affiliated program or activity is subject to the policy where it is determined that the conduct may: (1) reflect adversely on the alleged Respondent's fitness to remain enrolled in an academic program or employed in their position; (2) pose an imminent or continuing threat of harm to the safety of UVM community members; or (3) create or contribute to a hostile environment on campus.

In addition to the resolution processes outlined in the Discrimination, Harassment and Sexual Misconduct Policy, members of the UVM Community may also be subject to review of the same conduct for (1) violation of professional standards related to an academic program; (2) conduct standards associated with Athletics; (3) conduct standards associated with recognized student organizations; (4) Housing and Meal Plan Contract

Terms and Conditions; (5) eligibility to participate in other University sponsored programs; and/or (6) conduct standards related to participation on funded grants and contracts.

#### **DEFINITIONS**

The *University's Discrimination, Harassment, and Sexual Misconduct Policy* (referred to as the Policy in this section) contains definitions of several terms that are used by the University when evaluating, investigating, and responding to complaints of discrimination, harassment, or sexual misconduct. In pertinent part, such definitions include:

#### **Complainant**

The individual who experienced behaviors or conduct alleged to be in violation of the Policy, irrespective of whether that individual initiated any formal University process or has otherwise chosen to participate in such a process.

#### **Consent**

A person's willingness to engage in a specific sexual act or form of sexual contact.

- Consent is an understandable exchange of affirmative words or actions, which indicate a willingness to
  participate in mutually agreed upon sexual activity, in the context of all the circumstances. Consent may be
  revoked or withdrawn any time.
- Consent is specific to particular sexual activity and is absent when the activity in question exceeds the
  scope of consent given. It is the responsibility of the person who wants to engage in the sexual activity to
  ensure that they have consent from any other person engaging in sexual activity or contact. The existence
  of a dating relationship or a past sexual relationship between the persons engaging in sexual activity or
  contact is not a sufficient basis to assume consent.
- Consent cannot be gained by threat, force, coercion, or intimidation, or by ignoring words or actions that
  indicate a lack of consent or objection to the activity. Consent cannot be gained by taking advantage of the
  incapacitation of another where the Respondent knows or reasonably should have known of such
  incapacitation.
- An essential element of consent is that it be freely given. Freely given consent may not be present or
  possible in relationships of a sexual or intimate nature between individuals where one individual has power,
  supervision, or authority over another.
- Individuals under the age of 16 are incapable of providing consent to sexual activity under UVM Policy.

#### **Discrimination**

Adverse treatment based on an individual's membership in a legally protected category that is sufficiently serious to unreasonably interfere with or limit an individual's opportunity to participate in or benefit from a University program or activity, or that otherwise adversely affects a term or condition of the individual's employment or education. There are two types of discrimination:

- Disparate treatment refers to intentional differential treatment of an individual or group protected by federal and/or state law.
- Disparate impact refers to policies, practices, rules, or other systems that appear to be neutral, but result in a disproportionate negative impact on protected groups, if the policies or practices at issue are not related to bona fide qualifications to a position of employment or to participation in an academic program.

#### **Harassment**

A form of discrimination that encompasses an incident or incidents of verbal, written, visual, or physical

communications and/or conduct based on or motivated by an individual's membership in a legally protected category. Harassment may include the use of epithets, stereotypes, slurs, comments, insults, derogatory remarks, gestures, threats, graffiti, display or circulation of written or visual material, taunts, and negative references related to any of these protected categories. There are two types of Harassment:

- Hostile Environment: A hostile environment exists when the conduct is sufficiently severe, persistent, or
  pervasive<sup>1</sup> that it unreasonably interferes with, limits, or deprives an individual from participating in or
  benefitting from the University's educational or employment programs and/or activities. Conduct must be
  deemed severe, persistent, or pervasive from both a subjective and objective perspective. In evaluating
  whether a hostile environment exists, the University will consider the totality of known circumstances,
  including, but not limited to:
  - o The frequency, nature and severity of the conduct;
  - Whether the conduct was physically threatening;
  - o The effect of the conduct on the Complainant's mental or emotional state;
  - Whether the conduct was directed at more than one person;
  - Whether the conduct arose in the context of other discriminatory conduct;
  - Whether the conduct unreasonably interfered with the Complainant's educational or work performance and/or University programs or activities; and
  - o Whether the conduct implicates concerns related to academic freedom or protected speech.
- Quid Pro Quo: a Latin phrase meaning "This for That", where an employee or student's submission to or
  rejection of unwelcome treatment based on a protected category is made, either explicitly or implicitly, a
  term or condition of their employment, academic standing, or participation in any University programs or
  activities, or is used as the basis for University decisions affecting the individual.

#### **Incapacitation**

- A mental or physical state where a person is rendered temporarily or permanently incapable of making decisions for any reason or is otherwise unable to give clear consent.
  - Mental incapacitation means that a person is temporarily or permanently incapable of appreciating or controlling their conduct or understanding the nature or consequences of their conduct. Such incapacity may be the result of the influence of a controlled or intoxicating substance.
  - Physical incapacitation means a person is unconscious, asleep, unaware, or otherwise physically unable to communicate consent and also includes physical incapacity or inability to resist unwanted sexual advances regardless of the cause for that inability.
  - Consumption of alcohol or drugs alone is insufficient to establish incapacitation. Substance-related incapacity results from a level of alcohol or drug ingestion that is more severe than mere impairment, being under the influence, drunkenness, or intoxication.
  - The question of incapacitation is determined on a case-by-case basis using both objective and subjective standards and includes an analysis of the objective behaviors of the Complainant and whether the Respondent knew or reasonably should have known that they were incapacitated. Whether the Respondent knew or reasonably should have known the Complainant was incapacitated will be assessed by considering whether a sober, reasonable person in like circumstances would have believed them to be incapacitated. Intoxication of the Respondent is not a defense.
  - The following are some objective physical indications of incapacity: slurred speech, difficulty walking or standing, vomiting, unconsciousness and/or losing consciousness, and marked mood swings.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> For alleged incidents of sexual harassment that are Title IX Offenses, as defined in law and UVM Policy, the relevant standard is "sufficiently severe, persistent, <u>and</u> pervasive that it unreasonably interferes with, limits, or deprives an individual from participating in or benefitting from the University's educational or employment programs and/or activities." (emphasis added)

#### **Legally Protected Category**

Identities or characteristics on the basis of which discrimination and harassment are prohibited by state and/or federal law, as defined in the <u>University's Equal Opportunity in Educational Programs and Activities</u> and Equal Employment Opportunity/Affirmative Action Policies.

#### Preponderance of the Evidence

The evidentiary standard used in campus investigation and disciplinary processes to determine whether or not a Respondent is responsible for a violation of UVM's Discrimination, Harassment, and Sexual Misconduct Policy. A preponderance of the evidence is found when the alleged actions are more likely to have occurred than not.

#### Respondent

An individual who has been accused of violating UVM's Discrimination, Harassment, and Sexual Misconduct Policy.

#### Retaliation

Any adverse action taken against a person for making a good faith report of prohibited conduct, or participating or declining to participate in any proceeding, under this policy. Acts of retaliation may include, but are not limited to, intimidation, threats, harassment, coercion, discrimination, or any other conduct that would discourage a reasonable person from engaging in activity protected under this policy. Retaliation does not include good faith actions lawfully pursued in response to a report of prohibited conduct. Retaliation may be undertaken or attempted either directly or by someone acting on behalf of another.

#### **Sexual Misconduct**

An umbrella term that includes:

- <u>Gender-Based Stalking</u>: Engaging in a course of conduct directed at a specific person based on their gender, sexual orientation, gender identity, and/or gender expression that would cause a reasonable person to (1) fear for their safety or the safety of others; or (2) suffer substantial emotional distress.<sup>2</sup> A course of conduct means two or more acts, including but not limited to acts in which a person directly, indirectly, or through third parties, by any action, method, device, or means, follows, monitors, observes, surveils, threatens, or communicates to or about another person, or interferes with another person's property. Substantial emotional distress means significant mental suffering or anguish.
- Intimate Partner Violence: Any act of violence or threatened act of violence that occurs between individuals who are or have been in a social relationship of a romantic or intimate nature<sup>3</sup>. Intimate Partner Violence may include any form of prohibited conduct under this policy, including Sexual Assault, Stalking, and Sexual Exploitation, as well as acts of physical assault<sup>4</sup>. For purposes of this Policy, Intimate Partner Violence does not include acts that meet the definition of domestic violence under Vermont law [15 V.S.A. § 1101(2)] that are based solely on cohabitation (e.g. roommates).
- Sexual Assault: A sexual act that occurs (1) without consent of the other person, or (2) by threatening or

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> This definition is consistent with VAWA.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Intimate Partner Violence includes "dating violence" and "domestic violence", as defined by VAWA. Consistent with VAWA, the University will evaluate the existence of a romantic or intimate relationship based upon the Complainant's statement(s) and taking into consideration the length of the relationship, the type of relationship, and the frequency of interaction between the persons involved in the relationship.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>For purposes of this Policy, "physical assault" requires the actor to purposely, knowingly or recklessly cause bodily injury to another, where bodily injury means physical pain, illness, or any impairment of physical condition, including strangulation.

- coercing the other person, or (3) by placing the other person in fear that any person will suffer imminent bodily injury.
- <u>Sexual Act</u>: Conduct between persons consisting of contact between the penis and the vulva, the penis and the anus, the mouth and the penis, the mouth and the vulva, or any intrusion, however slight, by any part of a person's body or any object into the genital or anal opening of another.
- <u>Sexual Exploitation</u>: Non-consensual use of another individual's nudity or sexuality, other than Sexual Harassment, Sexual Assault, Relationship Violence, and Gender-Based Stalking. Examples of Sexual Exploitation include, but are not limited to, purposely or knowingly:
  - Touching the sexual or other intimate parts of a person, or causing such person to touch your sexual or other intimate parts, including intentional touching of the breasts, buttocks, groin, or genitals, whether clothed or unclothed, or intentionally touching another with any of these body parts, and making another touch you or themselves with or on any of these body parts without consent;
  - Exposing one's genitals to another person without consent;
  - Causing the incapacitation of another person (through alcohol, drugs, or any other means) for the purpose of compromising that person's ability to give consent to sexual activity;
  - Engaging in voyeurism (e.g. watching or taking pictures, videos, or audio recordings of another person engaging in a sexual act, in a state of undress, or in a place and time where such person has a reasonable expectation of privacy, such as a changing room, toilet, bathroom, or shower, without the consent of all parties);
  - Disseminating, streaming, or posting images or video of private sexual activity and/or a person's intimate parts (including breasts, buttocks, groin, or genitals) without consent;
  - Compelling a person through force, fraud, or coercion to engage in a commercial sexual act (e.g. sex trafficking);
  - Possession of sexual materials that are illegal under federal or state law;
  - Knowingly exposing another person to a sexually transmitted infection or virus without the other individual's knowledge; or
  - o Incest as defined by Vermont Law;
  - Luring a child under 16, or a person believed to be under 16, by any means, including in-person, over the phone, or through electronic communication, to engage in a sexual act or touch the intimate part of the person or child whether clothed or unclothed. This does NOT apply if an actor is younger than 19 and the child is at least 15 and the contact is consensual.
- <u>Sexual Harassment</u>: A type of Harassment, as defined above, characterized by unwelcome sexual advances, requests for sexual favors, and other unwanted verbal, written, visual, or physical conduct of a sexual nature.

#### **Title IX Offenses under 2020 Final Rule**

Instances of sexual harassment (quid pro quo or hostile environment), sexual assault, intimate partner violence, or gender-based stalking that occur on or after August 14, 2020 in the context of a UVM educational program or activity<sup>5</sup>, against a person in the United States, where a Formal Complaint<sup>6</sup> has been filed.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Pursuant to the U.S. Department of Education's Title IX Final Rule, an educational program or activity includes "locations, events, or circumstances over which the school exercised substantial control over both the respondent and the context in which the sexual harassment occurred, and also includes any building owned or controlled by a student organization that is officially recognized by a postsecondary institution (such as a fraternity or sorority house)."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> As defined in the UVM Operating Procedures:

<sup>-</sup> Handling and Resolving Discrimination, Harassment, and Sexual Misconduct Complaints involving Employee Respondents - Interim

<sup>-</sup> Resolution Procedures for Title IX Offenses involving Student Respondents under 2020 Final Rule - Interim.

# **Statutory Definitions**

The Violence Against Women Reauthorization Act of 2022 (VAWA) also requires the University to notify the campus community of certain statutory definitions related to offenses of Sexual Misconduct.

#### **Consent (State of Vermont Definition):**

For purposes of the **Vermont criminal statutes**, <u>consent is defined as</u> "the affirmative, unambiguous, and voluntary agreement to engage in a sexual act, which can be revoked at any time". 13 V.S.A. § 3251 (3).

#### Violence Against Women Act and Vermont State Statute Crime Definitions

The University of Vermont strictly prohibits Sexual Assault, Dating Violence, Domestic Violence, and Stalking as defined above and contemplated by The Violence Against Women Reauthorization Act of 2022 (VAWA). To read how VAWA defines these behaviors and attempted behaviors, please refer to Appendix A (see page 69).

Sexual Assault, Domestic Violence, and Stalking are criminal acts in the State of Vermont. *To read Vermont's definitions of these crimes, please refer to* Appendix B (see page 70). In the Vermont Criminal Statutes, all incidents of Dating Violence, as defined by VAWA, are captured by the definition of Domestic Violence.

# REPORTING INCIDENTS OF DISCRIMINATION, HARASSMENT, AND SEXUAL MISCONDUCT

Any individual who has experienced an incident of discrimination, harassment or sexual misconduct by a University community member may request: a **criminal investigation** (by filing a report with UVM Police Services or local police agency), an **internal University resolution** (by filing a report with UVM's Office of Equal Opportunity), **both**, or **neither**, and has the right to participate in any such investigation or resolution process. University personnel including the Deputy Title IX Coordinator for Intake and Outreach (802-656-3368), Dean of Students (802-656-3380), or Director of Equal Opportunity or Title IX Coordinator (802-656-3368) can also assist you in filing a report with the police agency of your choice. Confidential victim support personnel with <a href="HopeWorks">HopeWorks</a> (802-863-1236) can also support and assist you in the process of reporting and deciding what kind of process, if any, you would like to pursue. You can also make a report to the Title IX Coordinator and/or Office of Equal Opportunity by visiting <a href="https://www.uvm.edu/report">https://www.uvm.edu/report</a>.

# Reporting to Police to Initiate a Criminal Investigation

To report an act of discrimination, harassment, or sexual misconduct and initiate a criminal investigation, individuals should contact UVM Police Services by calling 802-656-3473 / 802-656-FIRE (or 9-1-1 in an emergency) or visiting UVM Police at 284 East Avenue in Burlington, Vermont. All UVM Police Officers are specially trained in best practices for first responders to sexual misconduct and forms of bias.

The Director of Equal Opportunity, Title IX Coordinator, Title IX Deputy Coordinators, and Dean of Students are available and trained to assist people with contacting law enforcement, and UVM Police Services Officers are equally available and trained to assist members of the campus community with contacting the Office of Equal Opportunity and other campus and community resources and supports.

Note, except in cases of emergency or an imminent or continuing threat of harm, the University must respect

the decision of an individual not to report an incident to law enforcement, unless otherwise required by law<sup>7</sup>.

# Non-Police Options for Making a Disclosure

Individuals may contact the Office of Equal Opportunity directly to make a disclosure or report an incident of discrimination, harassment, or sexual misconduct and learn about University-based options for support and resolution:

In Person: 428 Waterman Building

By Phone: (802) 656-3368

By Email: <u>TitleIX@uvm.edu</u> or <u>Title9@uvm.edu</u>

EqualOpportunity@uvm.edu

Online: <u>Bias, Discrimination & Harassment Incident Reporting Form</u>

(this form is also available at <a href="https://www.uvm.edu/report">https://www.uvm.edu/report</a>)

If such a disclosure is made to a UVM Reporter, necessitating a report to the Office of Equal Opportunity, the Complainant will be provided written information about available complaint and resolution processes by the office and be invited to meet with a Support Coordinator or another staff member for support and to discuss their options both on and off-campus.

# **Inquiries and Confidential Resources**

Staff members in the Office of Equal Opportunity are available to provide general information about harassment and discrimination support, reporting, and resolution procedures upon request. <u>However, if an individual wishes to discuss a specific incident confidentially, that individual should directly contact:</u>

Victim's Support Services / HopeWorks (24/7 and confidential)	On Campus drop-in hours schedule available at <a href="https://www.uvm.edu/health">https://www.uvm.edu/health</a> - check the grey box on the right of the page <a href="(802) 863-1236">(802) 863-1236</a> or online chatline at <a href="https://hopeworksvt.org">https://hopeworksvt.org</a>
UVM Counseling & Psychiatry Services (confidential)	(802) 656-3340 <a href="https://mywellbeing.uvm.edu">https://mywellbeing.uvm.edu</a> (online scheduling)
Student Health Center (confidential)	<u>(802) 656-3350</u>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Vermont law **requires** that certain professionals report to the Vermont Department for Children and Families (DCF) any incident arising as to which there is reasonable cause to believe a minor has been sexually abused or neglected. In addition, to protect optimally the safety of minors who are participating in University programs and activities, the University **requires** *any* employee who has reasonable cause to believe that a minor participating in such program or activity has been abused or neglected to report the concern promptly to DCF and UVM Police Services. You need not have proof that abuse or neglect has occurred. Any uncertainty in deciding whether to report suspected abuse or neglect should be resolved in favor of making a good faith report. **Please see** the Minors; Reporting Abuse or Neglect of and Crime University Operating Procedure.

DCF Child Abuse Hotline: 1-800-649-5285 UVM Police Services: (802) 656-3473

Vermont law further **requires** that certain professionals listed in 33 V.S.A. § 6903 report within 48 hours to the Vermont Department of Disability, Aging, and Independent Living any incident arising as to which there is reasonable cause to believe a vulnerable adult has been abused or neglected by calling the Abuse Reporting Hotline at 1-800-564-1612. In addition, to protect optimally the safety of vulnerable adults who are participating in University programs and activities, the University **requires** any employee who has reasonable cause to believe that a vulnerable adult participating in such program or activity has been abused or neglected to report the concern promptly to the Department of Disability, Aging, and Independent Living and UVM Police Services. You need not have proof that abuse or neglect has occurred. Any uncertainty in deciding whether to report suspected abuse or neglect should be resolved in favor of making a good faith report. Please see the Vulnerable Adults; Reporting Abuse, Neglect or Exploitation of, and Crimes University Operating Procedure.

Abuse Hotline: 1-800-564-1612

UVM Police Services: (802) 656-3473 / (802) 656-FIRE

The University also has excellent working relationships with several community agencies that are available to provide confidential counseling and support free of charge, as listed in the COMMUNITY AND SUPPORT RESOURCES section of this Policy.

#### Removal of Reporting Barriers under UVM Policy

The University seeks to remove any barriers to an individual or group in making a disclosure. The University recognizes that individuals who experience incidents of discrimination or harassment, in some circumstances, may be reluctant to disclose such conduct to the University because they fear that they themselves may be accused of ancillary policy violations. Accordingly, the University will not pursue a disciplinary process for ancillary violations unless the conduct placed the health or safety of any other person at risk. For example, this provision will not protect from disciplinary action an individual who knowingly serves alcohol or administers drugs to another person in order to facilitate prohibited conduct.

For comprehensive information on accessing University and community-based resources specific to sexual harassment and misconduct incidents, including emergency and on-going assistance; the importance of preserving evidence; health, mental health, and victim-advocacy services; and the University's primary prevention, education, and training initiatives please visit UVM's Title IX and Sexual Misconduct website at <a href="https://www.uvm.edu/equal-opportunity/title-9-sexual-misconduct">https://www.uvm.edu/equal-opportunity/title-9-sexual-misconduct</a>

Specific to incidents of sexual harassment and misconduct, the University has a Title IX Coordinator who works in the Office of Equal Opportunity. Additionally, the University has also designated <u>Deputy Coordinators</u> who may assist in the discharge of these responsibilities.

#### **Obtaining Support Measures**

Anyone involved in an incident of discrimination or harassment at UVM may contact the Office of Equal Opportunity at 802-656-3368 for assistance with obtaining support measures. This includes complainants, respondents, and third parties, regardless of whether or not a resolution process is pursued with the Office of Equal Opportunity. Support measures are designed to protect individual and community safety, and to facilitate continued access to UVM employment or education programs and other campus activities as related to concerns of discrimination and harassment. Support measures are provided free of charge, and they may not unreasonably burden a complainant or respondent. Support measures are not punitive or disciplinary.

Support measures are available regardless of whether an Equal Opportunity resolution process is pursued. Support measures may be temporary or permanent, and may include issuance of no-contact directives, residence modifications, academic modifications and support, work schedule modifications, safety planning, and Transportation and Parking Services modifications. In limited cases, interim administrative action, such as interim suspension and pre-disciplinary leave (with or without pay) may also be considered in accordance with standard University processes.

The University will maintain the privacy of any support measures to the extent practicable and will promptly review and address any alleged violation of support measures.

If a specific requested support measure is not granted, the requestor may appeal the decision in writing to the Director of the Office of Equal Opportunity based on one of three grounds:

- -Procedural irregularity that would change the outcome
- -New evidence that would change the outcome and that was not reasonably available before;
- -Bias or conflict of interest.

The Director will issue a written decision on the appeal within 7 calendar days of receipt of the appeal. If a support measure is modified or terminated, the party may also appeal that decision in writing to the Director under the same grounds and the Director will issue a written decision on the appeal within 7 calendar days

#### **Retaining Evidence of Sexual Misconduct & Gender Based Crimes**

It is important to seek medical attention as soon as possible following an incident of physical assault, including incidents of domestic violence, dating violence, and/or sexual assault. Bathing or changing clothes if you have experienced a physical assault of any kind may inadvertently eliminate important evidence. Any communications or interactions with any involved parties following an incident, including but not limited to social media, text, voice, or email messages should be retained, as they may assist in proving that the alleged offense occurred or may be helpful in obtaining a protection order.

All UVM Police are specially trained in best practices for first responders to sexual misconduct. These officers' primary role is to assure your safety and wellbeing, as well as provide immediate support. Additionally, victim support services are available 24/7 through the Center for Health and Wellbeing, InvestEAP, and community partners. UVM Police Services can put you in contact with those resources upon request.

The UVM Medical Center has specially trained Sexual Assault Nurse Examiners (S.A.N.E. nurses) who can provide confidential medical examinations at no-cost to individuals who believe they have been sexually assaulted. More information about S.A.N.E. nurses and the S.A.N.E. program at UVM Medical Center is available at: <a href="https://www.uvmhealth.org/medcenter/departments-and-programs/sexual-assault-nurse-examiners-sane-program">https://www.uvmhealth.org/medcenter/departments-and-programs/sexual-assault-nurse-examiners-sane-program</a>

Please remember, if you have experienced a physical assault, act of sexual misconduct, or other criminal conduct, just because you file a report does not mean that you will have to testify in a criminal proceeding or participate in a University resolution process. Those decisions are yours to make. The length of time between an incident and making a report will not affect the willingness of the University to provide support and resolution services to you. However, a prompt report may impact the efficacy of any potential investigation, and any criminal and/or University resolution process that may result. Individuals are therefore strongly encouraged to report to University Police Services incidents of both physical and electronic gender-based crimes immediately following the occurrence.

#### **Statement on Privacy and Requests for Anonymity**

With respect to any disclosures made under UVM Policy, the University cannot guarantee confidentiality, but will make all reasonable efforts to protect the privacy of all involved, in accordance with applicable state and federal law, while balancing the need to gather information to assess the report and to take steps to eliminate any discrimination or harassment, prevent its recurrence, and remedy its effects. Privacy and confidentiality have distinct meanings under UVM Policy. For the specific definitions, please refer to UVM's <u>Discrimination</u>, <u>Harassment</u>, and <u>Sexual Misconduct Policy</u>.

If a Complainant does not want to participate in a UVM resolution process, or expresses a desire to the Office of Equal Opportunity for their identity not to be shared (e.g. remain anonymous), the University reserves the right to take appropriate action to protect the safety of both parties and the campus community, as further described in UVM's procedural guidelines for handling discrimination and discriminatory harassment

complaints, available online at <a href="https://www.uvm.edu/equal-opportunity/policies-and-procedures">https://www.uvm.edu/equal-opportunity/policies-and-procedures</a>. The decision as to whether the University will proceed with an investigation or pursue other appropriate action under these circumstances ultimately rests with the Office of Equal Opportunity. In the event this request cannot be honored, the office will contact the Complainant about this decision.

# WHAT HAPPENS WHEN I MAKE AN EQUAL OPPORTUNITY REPORT?

Individuals who seek to report discrimination, harassment, or sexual misconduct have a number of different options that they can choose at UVM. Depending on how you wish to proceed and your affiliation with UVM, this section will describe the general process. You can always refer to UVM's <u>Discrimination, Harassment, and Sexual Misconduct Policy</u> for more details about this process or contact a staff member with the Office of Equal Opportunity at <u>802-656-3368</u>.

Individuals may report any incident of discrimination, harassment, or sexual misconduct to the Office of Equal Opportunity (where UVM's Title IX Coordinator works) by calling 802-656-3368. Additionally, reports of sexual violence, dating or domestic violence, hate or bias motivated crimes, or other alleged criminal conduct can be reported to UVM Police by calling 802-656-3473.

Reports can also be made online by visiting <a href="https://www.uvm.edu/report">https://www.uvm.edu/report</a>.

More information about complaints of discrimination and harassment at UVM including resources and support services for UVM Community members is available at <a href="https://www.uvm.edu/equal-opportunity/discrimination-harassment-resources">https://www.uvm.edu/equal-opportunity/discrimination-harassment-resources</a>.

The Office of Equal Opportunity offers several flow charts illustrating the report resolution procedures. These are shared with parties during meetings with Equal Opportunity Support Coordinators. These processes are also described in this section of this report.

**EO Facilitated Resolution Process** 

**EO Investigation Process** 

Title IX Investigation and Hearing Process for Students

Title IX Investigation and Hearing Process for Employees

#### Reports to the Title IX Coordinator / Office of Equal Opportunity

An individual who reports an Equal Opportunity incident to the Office of Equal Opportunity, including sexual misconduct incidents, may choose whether to participate in an **investigation** or, in appropriate cases, a **facilitated resolution**. Both options are explained in this section.

An **investigation** means that the Office of Equal Opportunity will conduct an investigation of the reported misconduct, determine if the evidence meets the threshold for a policy violation, and refer the case to the Center for Student Conduct or Human Resources for disciplinary action if appropriate.

A **facilitated resolution** means that the Office of Equal Opportunity will work with the complainant and respondent separately to facilitate an agreement between the involved parties to resolve the policy violation. Signing the agreement in this process is voluntary for all parties. A facilitated resolution is not available in some circumstances, as detailed in UVM procedures.

# **Equal Opportunity Investigative Resolution Process: Student Respondent Cases**

When reporting an incident to the Office of Equal Opportunity and requesting an investigation, the University has a goal of resolving matters within approximately 90 days. UVM has two procedural guidelines: <a href="Handling and Resolving Discrimination">Handling and Resolving Discrimination</a>, Harassment, and Sexual Misconduct Complaints for Student Respondents (Interim) and Resolution Procedures for Title IX Offenses involving Student Respondents under the 2020 Final Rule (Interim). The steps to the processes are similar and include:

- An initial intake meeting during which a Complainant can meet with a Support Coordinator in the
  Office of Equal Opportunity to discuss supportive measures and resolution options (investigation
  and facilitated resolutions). Following this meeting, support measures can be enacted as described
  above. If the complainant does not want to continue with a resolution option, they can choose to
  not pursue either option.
- 2. If the complainant wishes to move forward with an investigation, then following their meeting with a Support Coordinator, the complainant will meet with an Equal Opportunity investigator to share their full report. If the conduct constitutes a Title IX offense, then a formal complaint is required.
- 3. Following this meeting, Equal Opportunity staff will decide if the reported conduct meets the threshold for an investigation. If it does not, Equal Opportunity staff will explain options for the complainant outside of the investigation process. If the conduct reported does meet the threshold for investigation, the process will continue.
- 4. Equal Opportunity Staff will then send a written notice of the investigation to the Complainant and Respondent at the same time. This communication will include a brief description of the reported policy violation and the next steps for the investigation. Support is available for both parties.
- 5. The investigator will meet with the Complainant, Respondent, and witnesses regarding the reported policy violation to conduct interviews about the allegation. In this process, the investigator will act as an impartial fact-finder and gather as much information as possible about the incident.
- 6. Once the investigator has completed their interviews, they will create a document called the Record of Investigation with all of the relevant evidence.
- 7. The Office of Equal Opportunity then provides the Record of Investigation to the involved parties who have an opportunity to make corrections and/or request additional investigation.
- 8. An investigative conference / hearing is held during which the parties meet and can present questions to the other party and/or witnesses. Parties can also make statements at this conference / hearing. This is generally conducted via a video conference.
- 9. For matters that fall within the jurisdiction of the 2020 Final Rule, an Adjudicator issues a written determination to both parties using a "preponderance of the evidence" standard. If applicable, a staff member from the Center for Student Conduct issues a written outcomes letter alongside the determination detailing educational and disciplinary measures. For matters that do not fall within the jurisdiction of the 2020 Final Rule, the Office of Equal Opportunity considers all of the information gathered and issues a decision about whether the evidence meets the threshold for a policy violation. Investigations use a "preponderance of the evidence" standard. The Office notifies the parties at the same time with a written decision of the determination. If there is a determination that the Respondent violated UVM policy, the matter is referred to the Center for Student Conduct (CSC), for imposition of appropriate educational and disciplinary outcomes.
- 10. Both parties have the right to appeal the outcome of the investigation and any resulting discipline. The Office of Equal Opportunity will provide the parties with detailed information about how to file an appeal and the appeal timeline. Ongoing support is available for both parties. Appeals may be made only because (1) a procedural error unfairly and materially affected the outcome of the case, (2) material evidence has been discovered that was not reasonably available at the time of the investigation / discipline, or (3) there was a clear abuse of discretion on the part of the Title IX Coordinator / Director, Investigator, or CSC representative including a conflict of interest or bias against an involved party. Appeals should be made in writing to the Dean of Students within 5 days of the decision.

Note that the full procedures, which provide more details are available online at <a href="https://www.uvm.edu/equal-opportunity/policies-and-procedures">https://www.uvm.edu/equal-opportunity/policies-and-procedures</a>.

#### **Equal Opportunity Facilitated Resolution Process: Student and Employee Respondent Cases**

When reporting an incident to the Office of Equal Opportunity and requesting a **Facilitated Resolution**, the process typically resolves within approximately 90 days. The steps to the process include:

- 1. An initial intake meeting during which a Complainant can meet with a Support Coordinator in the Office of Equal Opportunity to discuss supportive measures and resolution options (investigation and facilitated resolutions). Following this meeting, support measures can be enacted as described above. If the complainant does not want to continue with a resolution option, they can choose to not pursue either option. Facilitated resolution not available for every report, including reports that implicate public safety, power dynamics, and other considerations indicated in UVM procedures. For more information about this, refer to the appropriate operating procedures for resolving discrimination, harassment and sexual misconduct complaints—UVM has separate procedures for cases with student respondents and employee respondents.
- 2. If the complainant wishes to move forward with a Facilitated Resolution, then following their meeting with a Support Coordinator, the complainant will meet with an Equal Opportunity investigator to share their full report.
- 3. Following this meeting, Equal Opportunity staff will decide if the reported conduct meets the threshold for a policy violation. If it does not, Equal Opportunity staff will explain options for the complainant outside of the facilitated resolution process. If the conduct reported does meet the threshold for policy violation, Equal Opportunity will determine whether the matter is appropriate for facilitated resolution and the process will continue.
- 4. Equal Opportunity Staff will then send a written notice of the reported policy violation and next steps to the Complainant and Respondent at the same time. This communication will include a brief description of the reported policy violation and the next steps for the Facilitated Resolution Process. Support is available for both parties.
- 5. Both parties will be given a Notice of Rights and Options to review and sign before proceeding with the Facilitated Resolution process. Staff at the Office of Equal Opportunity can help answer questions or clarify any elements of the Notice of Rights and Options that either party has.
- 6. The Complainant, Respondent, and their advisors will each meet separately with a Facilitator to discuss the terms of the Facilitated Resolution Agreement. The facilitator will develop the agreement with input from both parties.
- 7. Once the agreement is drafted, the Complainant and Respondent will sign it if they both voluntarily agree with the terms of the agreement.
- 8. The parties will then fulfill the terms of the signed agreement. Ongoing support is available for both parties.

Note that the full procedures, which provide more details are available online at <a href="https://www.uvm.edu/equal-opportunity/policies-and-procedures">https://www.uvm.edu/equal-opportunity/policies-and-procedures</a>.

#### **Equal Opportunity Investigative Resolution Process: Employee Respondents**

When a sexual misconduct incident involving an employee Respondent is reported to the Office of Equal Opportunity, there is an investigation process available. UVM strives to complete investigations within 60 days, but the timeframe may vary. These investigations follow the guidelines for <a href="Handling and Resolving Discrimination">Handling and Resolving Discrimination</a>, <a href="Handling and Resolving Discrimination">Handling and Resolving Discrimination</a>, <a href="Handling and Sexual Misconduct Complaints">Handling and Resolving Discrimination</a>, <a href="Handling and Sexual Misconduct Complaints">Handling and Resolving Discrimination</a>, <a href="Handling and Sexual Misconduct Complaints">Handling and Resolving Discrimination</a>, <a href="Handling and Sexual Misconduct Complaints">Handling and Resolving Discrimination</a>, <a href="Handling and Sexual Misconduct Complaints">Handling and Resolving Discrimination</a>, <a href="Handling and Sexual Misconduct Complaints">Handling and Resolving Discrimination</a>, <a href="Handling and Sexual Misconduct Complaints">Handling and Resolving Discrimination</a>, <a href="Handling and Sexual Misconduct Complaints">Handling and Resolving Discrimination</a>, <a href="Handling and Sexual Misconduct Complaints">Handling and Resolving Discrimination</a>, <a href="Handling and Sexual Misconduct Complaints">Handling and Resolving Discrimination</a>, <a href="Handling and Sexual Misconduct Complaints">Handling and Resolving Discrimination</a>, <a href="Handling and Bessel">Handling and Bessel">Handling and Bessel</a>, <a href="Handling and Bessel">Handling and Bessel</a>, <a hr

1. An initial intake meeting during which a Complainant can meet with a Support Coordinator in the Office of Equal Opportunity to discuss supportive measures and the investigation process.

- Following this meeting, support measures can be enacted as described above. If the complainant does not want to pursue an investigation, they can opt not to at this stage.
- 2. If the complainant wishes to move forward with an investigation, then following their meeting with a Support Coordinator, the complainant will meet with an Equal Opportunity investigator to share their full report.
- 3. Following this meeting, Equal Opportunity staff will decide if the reported conduct meets the threshold for an investigation. If it does not, Equal Opportunity staff will explain options for the complainant outside of the investigation process. If the conduct reported does meet the threshold for investigation, the process will continue.
- 4. Equal Opportunity Staff will then send a written notice of the investigation to the Complainant and Respondent at the same time. This communication will include a brief description of the reported policy violation and the next steps for the investigation. Support is available for both parties.
- 5. The investigator will meet with the Complainant, Respondent, and witnesses regarding the reported policy violation to conduct interviews about the allegation. In this process, the investigator will act as an impartial fact-finder and gather information about the incident.
- 6. Once the investigator has completed their interviews, they will create a document called the Record of Investigation with all of the relevant evidence. Both parties will be provided with the Record of Investigation and will be given an opportunity to review and respond to the Record.
- 7. For matters in which there is jurisdiction under the 2020 Title IX Final Rule, each party and their Hearing Advisor will be given an opportunity to have a Hearing Preparation Meeting with a member of the Office of Equal Opportunity. During this meeting, they can go over the hearing process to ensure that all involved fully understand the hearing process. A separate Adjudicator will be assigned to hold the Hearing. Then a hearing will be held during which the advisors for both the Complainant and Respondent will have the opportunity to ask questions of the other party and any witnesses. They will also be able to provide opening and closing statements. Following the hearing, the Adjudicator will send each party a written report of whether a policy violation occurred using the preponderance of the evidence standard.
- 8. For matters that do not fall within the jurisdiction of the 2020 Title IX Final Rule, the investigator will follow the procedures for a Non-Title IX Investigations. The investigator will issue a written determination setting forth findings of fact, a determination regarding responsibility and the rationale thereof by using a preponderance of the evidence standard.
- 9. When applicable, for both Title IX and non-Title IX processes, discipline is imposed in compliance with union contracts and employee handbooks.
- 10. Each party has the right to appeal the decision. Both parties will be provided information about the appeals process and timeline by the Office of Equal Opportunity. Ongoing support is available for both parties. Appeals may only be made because (1) a procedural error unfairly and materially affected the outcome, (2) material evidence has been discovered that was not reasonably available at the time of the determination, or (3) there was a clear abuse of discretion, including the presence of a conflict of interest or bias against a party that affected the outcome. Appeals should be made in writing to the Chief Human Resources Officer within five days of the final decision.

Note that the full procedures, which provide more details are available online at <a href="https://www.uvm.edu/equal-opportunity/policies-and-procedures">https://www.uvm.edu/equal-opportunity/policies-and-procedures</a>.

# POTENTIAL OUTCOMES FOR EQUAL OPPORTUNITY AND SEXUAL MISCONDUCT CASES

For cases investigated by the Office of Equal Opportunity when a policy violation is determined to have occurred, there are several potential outcomes. The potential outcomes for these cases are listed in this section. For cases that go through the **Facilitated Resolution** process, the resolution outcomes will be

determined by the individual resolution agreement and are not listed here.

#### <u>Potential Outcomes – Student Respondents</u>

In cases in which student respondents are found responsible for violations of the University's Discrimination, Harassment, and Sexual Misconduct Policy, the following outcomes may be imposed:

- Official Notice of Violation: An official written notification that a student's behavior is in violation of University regulations, policies, or standards, which clarifies expected behavior in the future. Further misconduct may result in more serious outcomes.
- Official Notice of Concern: An official notice indicating that subsequent violations of University regulations, policies, or standards will result in a review for suspension or dismissal from the University.
- Educational Outcomes: The Conduct Meeting Facilitator(s) may require completion of a variety of educational outcomes.
- Fines or Fees: The Respondent must pay all fines or fees associated with their incident. Such fines/fees will be billed to a student's financial account.
- Community Restitution: The Conduct Meeting Facilitator(s) may also require performance of a specified number of community restitution hours. This outcome will be fulfilled either on or off campus, as specified. On campus service will take place in a specified department.
- Financial Restitution: The Conduct Meeting Facilitator(s) may require proof of restitution for damage done or other payment for expenses incurred as a result of the Respondent's actions. Restitution may be required to the University, a specific department, or a specific individual, as designated by the Conduct Meeting Facilitator.
- Suspension from the University: This outcome separates the student from the University for a specified
  period of time. This outcome prohibits attendance at any classes and participation in the University Study
  Abroad program during the suspension period. The terms of the suspension may restrict access to
  University grounds or buildings, as well as attendance at University- sponsored social events, or other
  functions, as deemed appropriate by the Dean of Students or designee. The student may not register or
  enroll until the stated period of suspension is completed and any requirements for the suspension are
  fulfilled.
- Dismissal: This outcome separates the student permanently from the University of Vermont.

If the Respondent fails to comply with any assigned outcomes by the specified deadline, a \$150 non-compliance fee will be billed to the student's account. In addition, a hold may also be placed on the student's future registration privileges with the University. The hold remains in effect until the outstanding student conduct matter and outcomes have been resolved.

#### <u>Potential Outcomes – Employee Respondents</u>

In cases in which employee respondents are found responsible for violations of the University's Discrimination, Harassment, and Sexual Misconduct Policy, the following outcomes may be imposed (unless provisions of an applicable collective bargaining agreement provide otherwise):

- Written Letter of Reprimand/Written Warning;
- Suspension without pay of varying lengths;
- Termination of Employment;
- Demotion or reassignment with or without loss of pay;
- Faculty additionally may be subject to ineligibility for sabbaticals, ineligibility for professional development funds, and ineligibility for assignments yielding supplemental or additional compensation.

Outcomes for a Respondent who is a member of a bargaining unit will be via a referral from the Office of Equal

Opportunity or Adjudicator, as applicable, to the sanctioning process in the applicable collective bargaining agreement.

# **POLICY LISTING**

Discrimination, Harassment, and Sexual Misconduct Policy:

https://www.uvm.edu/sites/default/files/UVM-Policies/policies/sexharass.pdf

Handling and Resolving Discrimination, Harassment, and Sexual Misconduct Complaints for Student Respondents Operating Procedure:

https://www.uvm.edu/sites/default/files/UVM-Policies/policies/discrimcomplaints.pdf

Discrimination, Harassment, and Non-Title IX Sexual Misconduct Sanctioning Procedures for Student Respondents

https://www.uvm.edu/sites/default/files/UVM-Policies/policies/sanction\_procedures.pdf

Resolution Procedures for Title IX Offenses involving Student Respondents under the 2020 Final Rule:

https://www.uvm.edu/sites/default/files/UVM-Policies/policies/2020StudentTIX.pdf

<u>Handling and Resolving Discrimination, Harassment, and Sexual Misconduct Complaints involving Employee</u> <u>Respondents (Interim)</u>

https://www.uvm.edu/sites/default/files/UVM-Policies/policies/EmployeeProcedures.pdf

Hearing Procedures for Title IX Offenses Involving Employee Respondents:

https://www.uvm.edu/sites/default/files/UVM-Policies/policies/employeehearingprocedures.pdf

No-Trespass Notices Operating Procedures:

https://www.uvm.edu/sites/default/files/UVM-Policies/policies/notrespass.pdf

Code of Student Conduct:

https://www.uvm.edu/sites/default/files/UVM-Policies/policies/studentcode.pdf

# DRUG AND ALCOHOL OFFENSES

# POLICY STATEMENTS & DRUG FREE CAMPUS DESIGNATION

All students, faculty, staff, and visitors are subject to local, state and federal laws, as well as University drug, alcohol, cannabis, and tobacco policies, while on University-owned or leased properties or while involved with off- campus activities sponsored by the University or a recognized University organization.

#### **Drug-Free Campus**

The UVM Campus is a drug-free campus. The possession, use, sale, manufacture, and distribution of controlled/illicit drugs substances, including cannabis, is illegal under local, state and/or federal laws and strictly prohibited by University policy. The possession or use of drug paraphernalia is also strictly prohibited by UVM Policy.

Of specific note, the possession and use of cannabis (defined as the parts, products, and non-hemp derivatives of the plant cannabis sativa, indica, ruderalis and hybrid strains, including medical marijuana) on University property and at University activities is strictly prohibited by UVM policy, regardless of any state law to the contrary. Cannabis is a Schedule 1 Controlled Substance under the Controlled Substances Act and is strictly prohibited under federal law. Both the furnishing of cannabis to and possession of cannabis by parties under 21 years of age is also illegal under Vermont state law. Purchasing or furnishing cannabis or other illicit drugs to an underage person, or enabling an underage person to access, purchase, or consume cannabis or other illicit drugs is strictly prohibited by UVM Policy.

#### **Tobacco-Free Campus**

The UVM Campus is a tobacco-free campus. The possession and use of tobacco, tobacco products, and tobacco substitutes on University property is strictly prohibited by UVM Policy. Additionally, the possession and purchase of tobacco products, tobacco substitutes, and tobacco paraphernalia by persons under 21 years of age is strictly prohibited by Vermont state law.

# **University Alcohol Policy**

Possession or consumption of alcohol on University Property or at University Activities is allowed only by individuals 21 years of age and older and only in areas designated by the University for the sale or consumption of alcohol. Possession or consumption of alcohol by individuals under the age of 21, or possession or consumption of alcohol at any University property or activity that is not specifically designated for the sale or consumption of alcohol is strictly prohibited by UVM Policy. Possession or consumption of alcohol in on-campus residence halls is strictly prohibited by UVM Policy.

The possession, sale or the furnishing of alcohol on the University campus is governed by UVM Policy and Vermont state law. The legal drinking age in Vermont is 21. If you are under 21 it is illegal for you to have in your personal possession an alcoholic beverage, knowingly or willingly misrepresent your age to obtain alcohol, enter or attempt to enter any licensed premises or otherwise identified as prohibiting to minors. It is illegal to loan your ID to someone else, use an ID belonging to someone else, or falsify an ID. It is illegal to furnish or make alcohol available to a minor in any fashion, including selling or collecting party donations.

#### **Enforcement of Drug, Tobacco, and Alcohol Laws**

State and federal laws, as described above, are strictly enforced by UVM Police Services. Violators are subject to University disciplinary action, criminal prosecution, fine, and imprisonment, as applicable.

For information regarding federal and state laws regarding drug use please contact the Office of the U.S.

Attorney in Burlington at 802-951-6725 and the Office of the State's Attorney in Burlington at 802-863-2865.

# DRUG AND ALCOHOL MISUSE EDUCATION PROGRAMMING

The University of Vermont takes the issue of alcohol and substance misuse seriously, regarding the issue as one which threatens the health and wellbeing of individuals and its community as well as representing a significant barrier to the effective engagement of students in their academic and co-curricular endeavors.

- The high prevalence of alcohol and substance misuse among the college student population is acknowledged and is a topic of discussion and earnest effort.
- Senior leadership takes an active role in articulating concerns about supporting the implementation and maintenance of evidence-informed prevention measures.
- The University has implemented a variety of systems-oriented initiatives designed to mitigate the impact of alcohol misuse on students and the community.
- Students and the larger campus community are the recipients of effective educational efforts intended to provide knowledge about the scope of the issue and the social, health, and legal issues associated with use.
- Students actively engage in self-reflection in their personal decision-making regarding the use of alcohol and other drugs during training as part of their orientation process.
- All segments of the community students, faculty, staff, and appropriate representatives from the larger Burlington area are engaged and mobilized in efforts to effect these outcomes.

#### **Annual Notice**

On an annual basis, the University distributes in writing to each employee and each student taking one or more credits:

- Notice of the University's policy regarding the unlawful possession, use, or distribution of alcohol and illicit drugs by students on its property or as part of any of its activities;
- A description of the applicable legal sanctions under local, State, and Federal law for the unlawful possession or distribution of drugs and alcohol;
- A description of the health risks associated with the use of illicit drugs and the misuse of alcohol;
- A description of drug and alcohol counseling and treatment options available to students and employees;
- A clear description of the University's disciplinary response to students and employees who violate the University's policy regarding alcohol and illicit drug use.

#### AlcoholEdu for College Students

The University of Vermont continually takes active steps to reduce unsafe alcohol use on campus. Toward that end, every incoming student under age 21 is required to complete *AlcoholEdu for College Students*, an online tangible population-level prevention program that challenges students' expectations around alcohol while encouraging students to make healthier and safer decisions, and to reduce risk. For more information, please email the Dean of Students Office at <a href="mailto:deanofstudents@uvm.edu">deanofstudents@uvm.edu</a> or visit

https://www.uvm.edu/deanofstudents/alcohol\_edu\_and\_haven\_continuing\_students

#### **BASICS**

The BASICS program is designed to help students explore their alcohol and drug use in a supportive and non-shaming environment. The program is based on research conducted at the University of Washington and Western Washington University. Its aim is to reduce high-risk use of alcohol and other drugs as well as the

harmful problems associated with misuse.

Any UVM student is welcome to participate in BASICS at no cost. Some students are required to attend as part of routine education for an athletic team or recognized student organization. Other students attend as a result of interaction with the student conduct process.

If you would like to participate in the BASICS program, or if you have any questions, contact: Tom Fontana at <a href="mailto:tom.fontana@uvm.edu">tom.fontana@uvm.edu</a> or visit <a href="https://www.uvm.edu/health/BASICS">https://www.uvm.edu/health/BASICS</a>

#### **Biennial Review**

In accordance with the *Higher Education Act of 1965* and the *Drug-Free Schools and Communities Act*, the University conducts a biennial review of its alcohol and other drug comprehensive prevention program to:

- Determine its effectiveness and implement changes to its comprehensive alcohol and other drug prevention program and policies, if they are needed
- Ensure that its disciplinary sanctions are consistently enforced.

For more information about the Biennial Review, contact the Dean of Students' office at DeanofStudents@uvm.edu.

# POLICY LISTING

Alcohol, Tobacco, Cannabis and Other Drug Use - Students: <a href="www.uvm.edu/policies/student/drugandalco.pdf">www.uvm.edu/policies/student/drugandalco.pdf</a>.

Alcohol, Tobacco, Cannabis and Other Drug Use - Faculty and Staff - (Drug-Free Workplace Policy):

<a href="http://www.uvm.edu/policies/general\_html/drugfreeworkplace.pdf">http://www.uvm.edu/policies/general\_html/drugfreeworkplace.pdf</a>.

Tobacco and Cannabis-Free Policy: <a href="http://www.uvm.edu/policies/general\_html/tobacco.pdf">http://www.uvm.edu/policies/general\_html/tobacco.pdf</a>.

# HEALTH RISKS, TREATMENT, & SUPPORT SERVICES

Serious health and personal risks are associated with the use of illegal drugs, misuse of prescription drugs, and misuse of alcohol. They include temporary or permanent physical or mental impairment, and injury or death. Misuse of such substances may lead to conduct which causes injury, death or damage to the user or to the person or property of others. Misuse of drugs and alcohol can have serious negative consequences.

The Center for Health and Well-being provides overall coordination of the **Drug-Free School Program**, which provides services related to drug use including dissemination of informational materials, educational programs, counseling services, and referrals. More information can be found at <a href="https://www.uvm.edu/health">https://www.uvm.edu/health</a> (students) or <a href="https://www.uvm.edu/hrs/wellness">https://www.uvm.edu/hrs/wellness</a> (employees).

# **Support Services Information**

#### **Catamount Recovery Resources**

The Center for Health and Well Being provides a number of recovery resources for students. These include but are not limited to on-campus recovery housing, priority registration, collaboration with student accessibility services for accommodations and support, a therapeutic recovery group, and connections with community supports. To learn more about Catamount Recovery Resources, visit <a href="https://www.uvm.edu/health/Recovery">https://www.uvm.edu/health/Recovery</a>

#### **Counseling and Psychiatry Services (CAPS)**

UVM Counseling and Psychiatry Services offers confidential mental health counseling to UVM Students. CAPS can provide help to students with concerns about alcohol or other drug use. For more information visit

https://www.uvm.edu/health/CAPS or call 802-656-3340 to schedule an individual session.

#### **CAPS Recovery Group**

In addition to individual counseling sessions, CAPS offers group counseling, and hosts a weekly recovery group for people who are substance-free for at least 30 days and interested in exploring issues that arise as part of living a substance free life. Participants may be involved in formal recovery programs for this group, but this is not a requirement. For more information about CAPS group counseling, visit <a href="https://www.uvm.edu/health/group-counseling">https://www.uvm.edu/health/group-counseling</a>. If you are interested in joining the CAPS Recovery Group, call <a href="mailto:802-656-3340">802-656-3340</a> to schedule a pre-group meeting.

#### **Employee Assistance Program**

UVM's Employee Assistance Program, Invest EAP, is a Vermont-based public and private non-profit collaborative. Invest EAP provides UVM Employees with a confidential hotline to immediately access clinical counseling services (1-866-660-9533), as well as onsite counseling appointments. *Invest EAP* can provide help to employees with concerns about alcohol or other drug use, as well as any number of other concerns or stressors. For more information visit <a href="https://www.uvm.edu/osher/employeewellness">https://www.uvm.edu/osher/employeewellness</a> or call Invest EAP at (866) 660-9533. To schedule an onsite counseling appointment, follow the directions at <a href="https://www.uvm.edu/sites/default/files/Employee-Wellness/InvestEAP.pdf">https://www.uvm.edu/sites/default/files/Employee-Wellness/InvestEAP.pdf</a>.

# WEAPONS OFFENSES

# POLICY STATEMENT & POLICE NOTIFICATION

The possession of firearms, fireworks, explosives, incendiary devices or weapons of any kind, and replicas or facsimiles thereof, (collectively "weapons") is prohibited on UVM property and facilities including residence halls, grounds, leased spaces, and personal vehicles in UVM parking lots, as they pose a substantial danger to the safety of community members. Exceptions may be made with permission from the Chief of Police or designee for academic or other legitimate purposes. Certified Law Enforcement Officers may wear a firearm while on campus in accordance with appropriate federal, state, and local law, as well as their department policy, rules, and regulations.

UVM will impose discipline upon students and employees who possess weapons in violation of University policy up to, and including, immediate suspension or dismissal and referral to federal and/or state law enforcement officials for criminal prosecution.

For information regarding federal and state laws regarding weapons possession please contact the **Office of the U.S. Attorney in Burlington** at (802)-951-6725 or the **Office of the State's Attorney** (Burlington) at (802)-863-2865.

The full text of the University's Weapons Policy can be found at <a href="https://www.uvm.edu/sites/default/files/UVM-Policies/policies/firearms.pdf">https://www.uvm.edu/sites/default/files/UVM-Policies/policies/firearms.pdf</a>

# MISSING STUDENTS

# POLICY STATEMENT & POLICE NOTIFICATION

In the event that a faculty or staff member obtains information that a residential student is or may be missing, they must notify UVM Police Services immediately. Students are urged to promptly report to a Residential Life staff member (for students residing on campus) or directly to UVM Police Services if a student living in University housing is missing or thought to be missing. Upon notification that a student is or may be missing, UVM Police Services shall respond through the exercise of reasonable professional judgment to investigate and make a determination as to whether the student is missing, including appropriate notification of institutional officials and other law enforcement agencies.

# CONFIDENTIAL MISSING STUDENT CONTACT

At the beginning of each academic year, the University will notify all residential students of the right to identify an individual to be contacted by the University in the event that the student is determined to be missing. This "missing student contact" may be designated by all students by using the myUVM portal (requires login). Missing student contact information will be maintained confidentially and will only be used by authorized campus officials and law enforcement in the event that a student is determined to be missing; the information will not be disclosed outside of a missing person investigation. The individual identified by the student for this purpose will be contacted only in the event that the student is determined to be missing, in accordance with the University's Missing Student Policy. If a student under the age of 18 who is not emancipated is determined to be missing, the University will notify the student's parent(s) or guardian, in addition to the designated contact person. The designated contact person or parent(s)/guardian will be contacted as described above within 24 hours of a student being determined to be missing. In addition to UVM Police Services, other appropriate law enforcement agencies will be notified within 24 hours, regardless of whether the student has provided a contact person, is over 18, or is an emancipated minor. Missing student contact information is separate from emergency contact information, and all students may designate both a missing student contact and an emergency contact in the myUVM portal.

# DESIGNATION OF MISSING STUDENT CONTACT

The University recommends that students update their missing student contact information at the beginning of each academic year, at a minimum. Students are solely responsible for the accuracy of the information provided and updating the information when needed. Students are encouraged to notify their missing student contact that they have been designated as such.

In addition to a missing student contact, the University recommends all students designate an emergency contact, which may or may not be the same as their missing student contact. The emergency contact shall be used in the event of a health or safety emergency.

Every student (residential and non-residential) may enter or change a designated emergency contact and/or missing student contact at any time by updating the information through myUVM. To update this information, log into myUVM at <a href="https://myuvm.uvm.edu">https://myuvm.uvm.edu</a> and navigate to the "Registrar" tab. Here, students my select which contact to add or update, and input the appropriate contact information.

The full text of the University's Missing Student Policy can be found at: <a href="https://www.uvm.edu/sites/default/files/UVM-Policies/policies/missingstudent.pdf">https://www.uvm.edu/sites/default/files/UVM-Policies/policies/missingstudent.pdf</a>

# CAMPUS SECURITY AUTHORITIES ("UVM REPORTERS")

# OVERVIEW & STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

The University encourages all members of the campus community to contact UVM Police Services when they have been the victim of, or have witnessed, criminal actions, and to contact the Office of Equal Opportunity if they have experienced or witnessed acts of discrimination, harassment, or sexual misconduct. The University, and in some cases federal law, further requires certain employees ("UVM Reporters") to make such reports, as outlined herein. UVM Reporters are identified and notified annually by the University's Clery Act Coordinator of their responsibilities. The category of "UVM Reporters" includes all individuals designated Campus Security Authorities (CSAs) under the Clery Act.

# **IDENTIFICATION OF UVM REPORTERS**

It is the responsibility of the University's Clery Act Coordinator, in cooperation with the Vice Provost for Student Affairs and the Campus Title IX Coordinator, to annually identify who, as a result of their job duties at the University, has required reporting responsibilities ("UVM Reporters"). UVM Reporters are identified as, but not limited to:

- Members of the University of Vermont Department of Police Services and contract security personnel;
- · Supervisors, managers, or higher level employees;
- · Any chair, director, or dean of an academic unit;
- All full and part-time faculty members;
- Personnel with oversight responsibilities for students or student employees;
- · Advisors to recognized student organizations;
- Coaches and coaching staff;
- Any other individuals considered to be a Campus Security Authority pursuant to the Clery Act

The annually compiled list of UVM Reporters, as well as copies of submitted crime statistic reports by the same, are retained by the University's Clery Act Coordinator.

Based on the list compiled by the Clery Act Coordinator, an annual notice will be distributed to all UVM Reporters via their official @uvm.edu email addresses informing them of their responsibilities under the Clery Act, various non-discrimination laws, and University policy. Should a UVM Reporter not possess an official UVM email address, the annual notice will be distributed to them via the email address they have provided the University for official communications. This notice also contains written educational materials about reporting obligations and process. Additionally, the University **strongly encourages** all UVM Reporters to complete a training program annually to familiarize themselves with their legal obligations. A copy of the current presentation is available at: <a href="https://www.uvm.edu/police/uvm-reporters-campus-security-authorities">https://www.uvm.edu/police/uvm-reporters-campus-security-authorities</a>. For information about how to register for an in-person training session, UVM Reporters should contact UVM's office of Professional Development & Training at 802-656-5800.

# EXEMPTIONS FROM UVM REPORTER STATUS

Professional counselors<sup>8</sup> employed by the University whose official responsibilities include providing

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> The University of Vermont does not employ any individuals as pastoral counselors at this time. By law, any individual employed by the University primarily as a licensed pastoral counselor without other job duties triggering mandatory reporting requirements would be considered confidential and exempted from the reporting obligations described in this section when acting within the scope of their license.

confidential mental health counseling to members of the campus community are exempt from the above listed reporting responsibilities when acting within the scope of their license. However, while not required by law or policy, these individuals are encouraged to discuss the possibility of filing a voluntary crime report to the appropriate law enforcement agency or University office with clients who have experienced crime, in addition to assisting them with accessing both on-campus and community resources.

Medical and healthcare providers, including Athletic Trainers, who are employed by the University in Student Health Services or Athletic Medicine, both within the Center for Health and Well-Being, are required to provide anonymous reports of criminal incidents to UVM Police Services for statistical purposes when incidents are disclosed to them in the scope of practice. Medical providers do not share patient information with UVM Police Services or the Office of Equal Opportunity absent the express consent of the patient.

UVM Reporters who are conducting research under the authority of the Institutional Review Board (IRB) are exempt from UVM Reporting duties when a disclosure is made within the context of their IRB covered research. The IRB procedures ensure that appropriate resource and support information is made available to individuals who make a disclosure that would otherwise need to be reported and notifies any such individuals that their disclosure does not constitute notice to the University.

# VICTIM'S SUPPORT SERVICES

**On-Campus Victim's Support Services** provided by HopeWorks are available to all members of the campus community. HopeWorks provides crisis counseling and advocacy for those whose lives have been affected by sexual violence. Victim's support services through HopeWorks are confidential and a victim's name will not be reported without the individual's explicit consent. HopeWorks does, however, provide de-identified data to the Clery Act Coordinator and Title IX Coordinator in compliance with federal law when incidents are disclosed to them in the scope of their on-campus practice.

Hope Works provides on campus office hours for UVM students to drop-in for support from an advocate. The on-campus drop-in schedule and location are listed at <a href="https://www.uvm.edu/health">https://www.uvm.edu/health</a> in the gray box on the right side of the page. As-of the publication of this report, drop-in hours were held in Living Learning Commons 215:

- Monday from 11am 2pm
- Wednesday from 3pm 5pm
- Thursday 5pm 7pm

To contact an advocate 24/7, call 802-863-1236 or visit https://hopeworksvt.org

# REPORTING PROTOCOL FOR UVM REPORTERS

UVM Reporters are *required* to report certain (alleged) crimes, including hate crimes and instances of sexual misconduct, of which they become aware to help inform whether a timely warning or emergency notification to the campus community is warranted; to allow Police Services to optimize the safety of our campus community; to ensure proper statistical inclusion of reported crimes in the University's Annual Security Report, in compliance with federal law; to facilitate and ensure appropriate support and institutional response in cases of discrimination and harassment, including all forms of sexual misconduct.

**Call 9-1-1** <u>immediately</u> if a crime or other emergency is in progress, or if at any time there is an imminent or continuing threat of harm to persons or property.

<u>In all other cases</u>, upon the receipt of information that a crime or incident of discrimination or harassment (including sexual misconduct) has occurred, the UVM Reporter <u>MUST</u>:

1. **Promptly fill out a crime statistic form** at <a href="www.uvm.edu/police/csa">www.uvm.edu/police/csa</a>, regardless of whether the individual who disclosed the incident to you chooses to file a police report, as outlined above.

The name of the alleged victim(s) should not be included unless:

- The incident involves abuse or neglect of minors<sup>9</sup> or vulnerable adults<sup>10</sup>;
- The incident presents an "imminent or continuing threat of harm" 11; or
- The UVM Reporter is given permission to do so.

UVM Reporters are not responsible for determining authoritatively whether a crime took place. A report should be made based on the information currently available to them, including location, name(s) of alleged perpetrators or witnesses, and an incident description.

- 2. **Promptly make a report to the Office of Equal Opportunity** to facilitate appropriate support and institutional response, if the (alleged) incident involves discrimination or harassment, including sexual misconduct:
  - Bias, Discrimination & Harassment Incident Reporting Form
- 3. Make the individual with whom they are in contact aware of their option to report the incident to local law enforcement (UVM Police Services: 284 East Avenue; 656-3473) and that UVM makes confidential and non-confidential resources available to the campus community that may be helpful to individuals who have experienced or witnessed an alleged crime, or incident of discrimination or harassment. Information on confidential and non-confidential resources is available in the COMMUNITY AND SUPPORT RESOURCES section of this report (see page 44). The University must respect the decision of the individual not to report an incident to law enforcement, unless otherwise required by law.

A copy of the full Designation and Responsibilities of UVM Reporters Operating Procedure can be found at <a href="http://www.uvm.edu/policies/riskmgm/campussecruity.pdf">http://www.uvm.edu/policies/riskmgm/campussecruity.pdf</a>.

The various reporting forms used in this process are also all available at https://www.uvm.edu/report.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> Vermont law **requires** that certain professionals report to the Vermont Department for Children and Families (DCF) any incident arising as to which there is reasonable cause to believe a minor has been sexually abused or neglected. In addition, to protect optimally the safety of minors who are participating in University programs and activities, the University **requires** *any* employee who has reasonable cause to believe that a minor participating in such program or activity has been abused or neglected to report the concern promptly to DCF and UVM Police Services. You need not have proof that abuse or neglect has occurred. Any uncertainty in deciding whether to report suspected abuse or neglect should be resolved in favor of making a good faith report. *Please see* the Minors; Reporting Abuse or Neglect of and Crime University Operating Procedure. **DCF Child Abuse Hotline: 1-800-649-5285**UVM Police Services: (802) 656-3473

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> Vermont law further **requires** that certain professionals listed in 33 V.S.A. § 6903 report within 48 hours to the Vermont Department of Disability, Aging, and Independent Living any incident arising as to which there is reasonable cause to believe a vulnerable adult has been abused or neglected by calling the Abuse Reporting Hotline at 1-800-564-1612. In addition, to protect optimally the safety of vulnerable adults who are participating in University programs and activities, the University **requires** *any* employee who has reasonable cause to believe that a vulnerable adult participating in such program or activity has been abused or neglected to report the concern promptly to the Department of Disability, Aging, and Independent Living and UVM Police Services. You need not have proof that abuse or neglect has occurred. Any uncertainty in deciding whether to report suspected abuse or neglect should be resolved in favor of making a good faith report. *Please* see the <u>Vulnerable Adults; Reporting Abuse, Neglect or Exploitation of, and Crimes University Operating Procedure</u>. **Abuse Hotline: 1-800-564-1612**UVM Police Services: (802) 656-3473

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> The University presumes as a matter of policy that incidents of intimate partner violence and stalking constitute a continuing threat of harm to the targeted individual, thereby requiring notification of UVM Police Services, including names of the individuals involved, to maximize both personal and campus safety, unless such notification by the UVM Reporter is constrained by law (e.g. doctor-patient confidentiality, crisis worker privilege).

# UNIVERSITY CODES OF CONDUCT & DISCIPLINARY PROCESSES

# POLICY STATEMENT & INTRODUCTION

Where there is reason to believe that University rules and policies have been violated, the University will engage the applicable conduct process through established channels. During the applicable process, the rights of the parties are as described in the following policies and procedures.

Policy and procedures for allegations of discrimination, harassment, and sexual misconduct are detailed in the "OFFENSES OF DISCRIMINATION, HARASSMENT, AND SEXUAL MISCONDUCT" section of this report (see page 11).

# CODE OF STUDENT CONDUCT

By formulating a general student code of conduct, the University reaffirms the principle of student freedom coupled with personal responsibility and accountability for individual action and the consequences of that action. Reports of a perceived violation of the Code of Student Conduct may be submitted to the **Center for Student Conduct** via online form at <a href="https://cm.maxient.com/reportingform.php?UnivofVermont">https://cm.maxient.com/reportingform.php?UnivofVermont</a> (or <a href="https://cm.maxient.com/reportingform.php?UnivofVermont">www.uvm.edu/report</a>). Perceived criminal activity reported to UVM Police Services will be appropriately investigated, and a report forwarded to the Center for Student Conduct, when a student is the (alleged) respondent. To the extent possible, the Center for Student Conduct will wait for the outcome of any investigation and accompanying report, such as a police report, before proceeding with the conduct process.

Upon receipt of a report from any source, the Center for Student Conduct will evaluate the report and determine whether, if the facts as alleged were proven, the conduct would be a violation of this Code. The Center for Student Conduct may decide, in its sole discretion and based on this review, whether to proceed with the conduct process by way of a formal student conduct meeting or by way of an alternate process, such as administrative action, mediation, or others as fully outlined in the Code. Any student found responsible for violation of the Code will be held accountable up to, and including, immediate suspension or dismissal. For the full range of outcomes available to and considered by the Center for Student Conduct, please visit <a href="https://www.uvm.edu/sconduct/potential-outcomes-conduct-meeting">https://www.uvm.edu/sconduct/potential-outcomes-conduct-meeting</a>. For information about incidents of discrimination, harassment, and sexual misconduct, refer to the OFFENSES OF DISCRIMINATION, HARASSMENT, AND SEXUAL MISCONDUCT section of this report.

Upon conclusion of the student conduct process, the Center for Student Conduct will provide a written decision (sent via the Respondent's University email account) stating what information was considered and a rationale for the decision that was reached. If the Respondent is found responsible, the decision will state what outcome will be imposed. In cases involving a Complainant and Respondent, and where the allegations include conduct that could constitute a crime of violence, the Complainant will be copied on the decision letter to the Respondent.

The full text of the University's Code of Student Conduct can be found at: <a href="http://www.uvm.edu/policies/student/studentcode.pdf">http://www.uvm.edu/policies/student/studentcode.pdf</a>

# LARNER COLLEGE OF MEDICINE FITNESS COMMITTEE

Students in the Larner College of Medicine are expected to meet, at a minimum, the behavioral expectations found in the University's Code of Student Conduct and the University's Discrimination, Harassment, and Sexual Misconduct Policy, and are subject to the procedures outlined therein. Violation of University policy, including the commission of any criminal act, may result in disciplinary action up to and including dismissal from the Larner College of Medicine. In addition, students' fitness for a career in medicine may be called into guestion at

any time by a member of the faculty of the Larner College of Medicine by making a report to the College's Committee on Fitness. When a report of (alleged) criminal conduct is made to the Committee on Fitness, the Committee shall be convened to review the conduct, any related reports from Police Services, or other appropriate University office, and to conduct any additional investigation that may be necessary. The student is notified of charges and provided an opportunity for a formal hearing before the Committee, which is responsible for determining responsibility and appropriate outcome.

The full text of the Larner College of Medicine Medical Student Handbook can be found at: <a href="http://www.med.uvm.edu/studenthandbook/home">http://www.med.uvm.edu/studenthandbook/home</a>

# OTHER COLLEGE AND DEPARTMENT STUDENT HANDBOOKS

Colleges and departments have the ability to create student handbooks that include professionalism expectations as related to their individual disciplines. In addition to the policies and procedures listed above, students should refer to their college or department websites to review the terms of these handbooks and the disciplinary procedures described for violations of professionalism standards. Any professionalism review will minimally include notification to the student of the allegations and an opportunity to be heard before the applicable body makes a determination of violation and sanctions.

# STUDENT ATHLETE HANDBOOK AND CODE OF CONDUCT

The Department of Athletics has established a Student Athlete Handbook, which includes a Student Athlete Code of Conduct containing additional conduct rules and expectations for student athletes. The Student Athlete Code of Conduct is available upon request from UVM Athletics at <a href="mailto:athletecode.">athletic.office@uvm.edu</a>.

# EMPLOYEE CODE OF CONDUCT

The University has a Code of Conduct and Ethical Standards for employees, which outlines expectations for employee conduct and disciplinary processes for employees. It is available online at <a href="http://www.uvm.edu/policies/general\_html/businessconduct.pdf">http://www.uvm.edu/policies/general\_html/businessconduct.pdf</a>.

Additionally, employees, including both staff and faculty, are subject to discipline for violation of work rules, criminal conduct, or other conduct that presents a threat to the health and safety of the campus community. When a report of alleged misconduct is received by a supervisor, that supervisor is required to notify Police Services if the alleged conduct is criminal in nature. If the alleged conduct may constitute a violation of the University's Discrimination, Harassment, and Sexual Misconduct Policy, the supervisor must report the incident to Office of Equal Opportunity and/or Police Services in accordance with the University Operating Procedure on Designation and Responsibilities of UVM Reporters. Upon completion of an investigation by Police Services or the Office of Equal Opportunity, a report is provided to the supervisor to determine appropriate discipline after the employee is provided an opportunity to respond to any alleged conduct before a final determination is made.

Processes related to discipline of Non-Represented Employees, including information on sanctions, may be found in the Staff Handbook. For Represented employees, this information may be found in the applicable collective bargaining agreements. The UVM Staff Handbook and all collective bargaining agreements are available online at:

https://www.uvm.edu/hrs/handbooks-policies

# INSTITUTIONAL EMERGENCY RESPONSE

# \*In the event of an emergency, always call 911\*

# POLICY STATEMENT & INTRODUCTION

The University has taken steps to prepare for emergency situations, as the University of Vermont's resilience is directly related to its ability to manage the unexpected by maintaining critical functions during and following an emergency. The University has developed an Emergency Operations Plan and has in place an Emergency Management and Continuity of Operations policy in order to ensure emergency readiness and maintains a trained group of key administrators called the Emergency Operations Group (EOG) to manage operational decisions in campus-wide emergencies.

Additionally, in the interest of campus health and safety and in keeping with federal law, UVM maintains a robust emergency alerting system called *CatAlert* to notify the campus community (or segments of the campus community) upon confirmation by UVM Police Services that a significant emergency or dangerous situation involving an immediate or continuing threat to the health or safety of students or employees is occurring on or near UVM campus (within Clery geography). Notifications may also be distributed for other situations and by different methods as appropriate and detailed below.

# EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AND READINESS

# **Emergency Management**

During a disaster or campus crisis and in accordance with the University's <a href="Emergency Management and Continuity of Operations Policy">Emergency Management and Continuity of Operations Policy</a> (<a href="https://www.uvm.edu/policies/riskmgm/emergency.pdf">https://www.uvm.edu/policies/riskmgm/emergency.pdf</a>), the President (or the next most senior available administrator) has ultimate responsibility and authority for declaring (and ending) a "state of campus emergency," setting direction as to how the emergency will be managed, and making key executive decisions. At the appropriate time, the President (or next most senior administrator) will declare an end to the "state of campus emergency." The President will be advised by a Policy Group of senior executives and has delegated institution-wide operational decisions to the Emergency Operations Group (EOG) composed of key administrators and led by a designated EOG Manager. The Chief Safety and Compliance Officer serves as the link between the Policy Group and the EOG.

The Emergency Operations Group meets monthly to ensure readiness for an emergency situation. When an emergency exceeds the capacity of the on-scene Incident Commander or the nature of an emergency requires a University-Wide response, the Emergency Operations Group will be assembled under the direction of either the Vice Provost for Student Affairs (or designee) or the UVM Emergency Manager (or designee), depending upon the nature of the emergency. The Emergency Operations Group will be supported by an on-scene incident commander who will provide situational updates and integrate into the unified command.

The University maintains a detailed Emergency Operations Plan, that describes how the University will respond to emergencies of varying scope and scale, and details the protocol for EOG activation and response. UVM follows the Homeland Security Exercise and Evaluation Program (HSEEP) framework to verify that the institution is constantly evaluating, testing, and updating its emergency plan. This ensures that UVM is applying best practices and is prepared for emerging hazards and threats. For more information about the UVM Emergency Operations Plan, visit:

https://www.uvm.edu/emergency/preparing\_and\_planning\_emergencies

**Tests will be conducted at least annually** on UVM's ability to respond to an emergency, **including activation of its Emergency Operations Group and a table-top exercise involving a campus-based scenario**. Participants will include the Emergency Operations Group, their designated back-ups, select Emergency Support Function

representatives, and at least one member of the Policy Group. Additional tests will involve evacuation drills overseen by the Campus Fire Marshal.

# **Incident Command System**

During an on-campus emergency, the University follows the **Incident Command System (ICS) model** which includes an on-scene Incident Commander (often from UVM Police Services), and an Emergency Operations Center (staffed by the Emergency Operations Group) that can be activated to support Incident Command during a major emergency. A separate Policy Group of senior leaders is available, as needed.

## Official Communications in Emergency Situations

The following methods and resources may be used by the University to provide updates to the campus community and the general public, in addition to the CatAlert system, in the event of an emergency situation on the University campus.

- CatAlert System: The University has licensed a multi-modal alerting system (automated email, with optin text messaging, phone calls, paging, social media) to be used to notify the campus community of pending or current emergency situations, and to provide direction (for example: evacuation or shelter-in-place). The CatAlert system is described in more detail in the CatAlert System, Warnings, & Notifications section of this report (see page 37). This system will generally be used for campus-wide communications in emergency situations.
- Emergency Operations Information Line: A special Emergency Operations Information Line with a
  recorded message has been established (802-656-0000) and can be used to help keep faculty, staff,
  students, parents, and the community at large updated regarding an emergency.
- **E-Mail Broadcast Capabilities:** As an alternative to the CatAlert System, broadcast e-mail (using UVM E-mail System) may be sent to everyone on campus with computer access.
- Incoming Call Center: During a type 1 or 2 emergency, as defined within the University's <u>Emergency Operations Plan</u>, or when the nature of the emergency suggests there will be an influx of telephone inquiries concerning the well-being of faculty, staff, and students, a special incoming 800 number will be announced through the UVM website, national media, and other appropriate means; a multi-seat call center will be opened.
- In-Person Notification: Should both the phone and data network be unavailable, staff will be dispatched by the Emergency Operations Group to alert key leaders in each building, who will be expected to alert others in their building. At the direction of the Supervisor in charge of Police Services, UVM police officers can/may also make announcements through the speakers on their patrol cars.
- Use of Social Media (e.g. Facebook, Twitter): Through the CatAlert System, or direct entry by the EOG
  Public Information Officer, UVM's social media sites can be populated with information concerning a
  campus emergency.
- Use of Websites: The UVM website will display a banner across the top of all pages with emergency information. The UVM Emergency Management home page will provide emergency information and updates.
- Use of Local Media (TV, radio, newspapers, etc.): When appropriate, a media briefing center will be
  established by the Public Information Officer of the Emergency Operations Group and the local media
  will be advised and regularly updated. Written emergency communications, both on and off-campus,
  will be coordinated by the Public Information Officer, or his/her designee. During a winter weather
  emergency, any closing or delayed opening information will be displayed on the banner on local TV
  stations during morning newscasts.
- Radio Communications: UVM has a robust radio communications system utilizing multiple commercial
  and public safety repeaters. During a large incident, the EOG would also utilize the Mansfield Repeater
  to communicate with the State Emergency Operations Center and with area higher education

- institutions. UVM Emergency Management has access to emergency operations channels used by area public safety agencies and interoperability channels used nationally.
- **Building Alarms:** When appropriate, building fire alarms may be activated signaling the need for an evacuation of the facility. A fire alarm can be activated by anyone using the facility by pulling the nearest alarm box.

# CATALERT SYSTEM, WARNINGS, & NOTIFICATIONS

The *CatAlert* system is a multi-modal alerting system which automatically sends notifications to all uvm.edu e-mail addresses and allows members of the campus community to opt-in for additional telephone and text-message / SMS based alerts. *CatAlert* notifications are also automatically posted to the University's Department of Emergency Management homepage (<a href="https://www.uvm.edu/emergency">https://www.uvm.edu/emergency</a>).

In order to facilitate the CatAlert notification process, all emergencies should be reported to UVM Police Services by calling 911 (from a campus phone whenever possible). Calls placed from cell phones or off-campus telephones related to an emergency on-campus will be routed through the E911 Dispatch Center in Williston, Vermont to UVM Police Services. Additionally, since such events may originate beyond the borders of the campus, UVM Police, Burlington Police, and South Burlington Police collaborate and share information on a daily basis.

## **Public Awareness and Testing**

Every semester, the UVM Emergency Manager will send an e-mail describing the purpose of the CatAlert System, how it works, and providing notice that a test of the system will occur twice a year.

Twice a year, the University's Emergency Manager will initiate (or authorize the initiation of) a test emergency response alert message (usually in September and January). Faculty, staff, and students (all UVM affiliates) are given advance notice of the upcoming test via email sent to their official UVM email account. A description of the CatAlert system and emergency notification procedures, a description of and link to the University's emergency response and evacuation procedures, and encouragement to sign up for expanded notifications (which can include phone call and/or text message notifications for up to three phone lines) are included in the notice of the upcoming test. A record of all such tests, including a description of the test, the date, time, and whether the test was announced or unannounced is accessible from the **UVM Emergency Management website at:** 

https://www.uvm.edu/emergency/catalert\_campus\_alerting\_system.

## **Timely Warning**

When a confirmed Clery crime occurs on campus, or in a geographic area near to campus (i.e. within Clery geography), that represents a serious or continuing threat or the possibility of a continuing threat to the safety of the UVM community, a timely warning will be made to alert the campus community of the incident. Whenever a timely warning is sent, it shall be sent to the entire campus community. At no time shall the names or other identifying information of the victim(s) be included as part of a timely warning.

Timely warnings are distributed through the University's Emergency Notification system, *CatAlert*, which is capable of sending an e-mail communication to all members of the University community.

The decision whether to issue a timely warning will be made on a case-by-case basis through consultation with appropriate University officials. Appropriate officials may include but are not limited to Police Services Sergeants and leadership or their designee, the Emergency Manager, members of the University's Emergency Operations Group, UVM General Counsel, and the Title IX Coordinator. Timely warning notices will normally be

issued by UVM Police Services, and all UVM Police leadership staff and Sergeants are empowered to authorize a timely warning. Periodic updates to timely warnings may be disseminated as information becomes available but are not sent for all timely warnings.

# **Emergency Notification**

In addition to the above procedures for initiating a timely warning, the University has a policy and procedures in place for immediate emergency response and evacuation. Emergency Notifications shall be issued upon confirmation of a significant emergency or dangerous situation involving an immediate threat to the health or safety of individuals on campus. Generally, Emergency Notifications will be issued via the *CatAlert* system. Other emergency notification systems may also be utilized, including fire and carbon monoxide alarm systems to alert individuals immediately impacted by an imminent emergency in a building, or in rare cases on-site announcement of emergency by first responders. Some examples of significant emergencies or dangerous situations include but are not limited to outbreaks of serious illness, approaching extreme weather conditions (e.g. hurricane, tornado, etc.), earthquakes, gas leaks, terrorist incidents, armed intruders, bomb threats, civil unrest or rioting, explosions, and nearby chemical or hazardous waste spills. All members of the University community are automatically enrolled to receive CatAlert emergency notifications at their official University of Vermont email address and may opt in to have CatAlert emergency notifications sent to them by any or all of the following additional means: text message and/or voice message to a cell phone, campus phone and/or home phone. Directions for opting into additional means of notification are described in the CatAlert Registration section of this report.

As appropriate, emergency notifications may be targeted at the full campus community, or at a limited segment or segments of the campus community that is at risk. The University will, without delay, and taking into account the safety of the community, determine the content of an emergency notification and initiate the notification system unless issuing a notification will, in the professional judgement of UVM Police Services and/or the Emergency Operations Group, compromise efforts to assist a victim or to contain, respond to, or otherwise mitigate the emergency.

The decision whether to issue an emergency notification will be made on a case-by-case basis through consultation with appropriate University officials. Appropriate officials may include but are not limited to Police Services Sergeants and leadership or their designee, the Emergency Manager, members of the University's Emergency Operations Group, and the Emergency Operations Group Manager. Confirmation that there is a significant emergency or dangerous situation is generally the responsibility of UVM Police Services and may include visual verification of the nature and scope of an emergency. For certain emergency conditions, the Emergency Manager and/or Emergency Operations Group Manager may make the determination of an emergency condition or potential emergency condition, based upon available information like a severe weather forecast or alert.

Determination of the content of an emergency notification, including any required actions (such as evacuate to a safe location or shelter in place away from windows), whom to notify, and the actual launch of the notification will normally be the responsibility of the Emergency Operations Group (EOG) Manager with assistance from the Senior Police Services official on duty or their designee. Depending upon the nature and scope of a confirmed emergency condition, UVM Police personnel, the Emergency Manager, or the Emergency Operations Group Manager may determine the content and scope and distribute an emergency notification without or prior to the activation of the EOG. The EOG membership is also fully versed in operation of the *CatAlert* system and may take the lead on initiating campus notification and/or providing updates to emergency notifications as circumstances require. Periodic updates to emergency notifications will be disseminated via the *CatAlert* system (or onsite announcement, if appropriate) as information becomes available.

Should the nature of the emergency require notification outside the campus community, the responsibility for doing so rests with the Director of University Communications or the person assigned the Public Information Officer (PIO) role within UVM's Emergency Operations Group. Based upon the nature of the event, the PIO may use differing means and methods including but not limited to those listed on the **UVM Emergency**Management website at: <a href="http://www.uvm.edu/emergency/">http://www.uvm.edu/emergency/</a>.

## **Campus Advisories**

In situations that do not meet the criteria for a Timely Warning or Emergency Notification, the University may still issue an advisory message ("Campus Advisory") to inform the campus community and allow individuals to take appropriate precautions. A Campus Advisory may include information about public health and safety concerns (e.g. power outages, snow closures, strings of larcenies), as well as actions individuals may take to ensure their personal safety and wellbeing. Campus Advisories may be disseminated using the CatAlert system, the CatSafe App, via e-mail to all UVM faculty, staff and students, and/or posted on the Police Services Webpage or social media accounts (Facebook, Twitter, etc.) Additionally, hard copies of Campus Advisories may occasionally be placed around campus in areas frequented by students, faculty, and staff. Campus Advisories may take the form of educational messages, awareness bulletins, crime alerts, or other messaging.

#### CATALERT REGISTRATION

When an Emergency Notification is distributed through the *CatAlert* system, faculty, staff, and students will automatically receive an e-mail notice of the campus emergency to their uvm.edu address, as well as a text message on their cell phone or pager, and/or a voice message, if opted into the "expanded notification" feature, for up to three phone numbers. To opt-in for expanded notification, or to change existing preferences, students may do so through myUVM (<a href="https://myuvm.uvm.edu">https://myuvm.uvm.edu</a>). Faculty and staff can do so through the self-service section of PeopleSoft (<a href="https://erp.w3.uvm.edu/">https://erp.w3.uvm.edu/</a>).

# How to Provide an Emergency Phone Number for Expanded CatAlert Notification

#### Students:

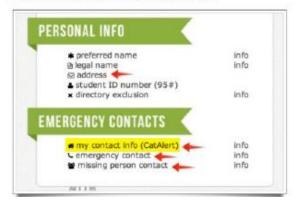
Log into **MyUVM** at <a href="https://myuvm.uvm.edu">https://myuvm.uvm.edu</a> with your netID and password.

The University relies on 4 methods of contacting you in cases of emergency. You can easily input/update all 4 on this page

- 1. address (your local address)
- 2. my contact info (CatAlert)
- 3. emergency contact
- 4. missing person contact
- 1. Log Into myUVM. Go to the Registrar Tab.



Update each of the four contact methods under the headings of Personal Info and Emergency Contact



#### **Employees (Faculty and Staff):**

Log into the Human Resources portal of UVM **Peoplesoft** at <a href="https://erp.w3.uvm.edu/">https://erp.w3.uvm.edu/</a> with your netID and password.

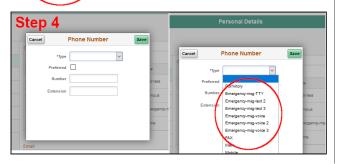
#### Log into PeopleSoft, then:

- 1. Click "Personal Details
- 2. Click "Contact Details"
- 3. Click the plus symbol under "Phone"
- 4. Enter your contact information, and select your prefered emergency contact type in the "type" dropdown menu.









# **EMERGENCY POLICIES LISTING**

The full text of the following University Policies and Procedures detailing appropriate incident response can be found at:

- Emergency Management and Continuity of Operations:
   <a href="https://www.uvm.edu/sites/default/files/UVM-Policies/policies/emergency.pdf">https://www.uvm.edu/sites/default/files/UVM-Policies/policies/emergency.pdf</a>
- CatAlert Emergency Notification & Response Procedures: http://www.uvm.edu/emergency/catalert\_campus\_alerting\_system
- Campus Emergency Evacuation Procedures: <a href="https://www.uvm.edu/emergency/evacuation">https://www.uvm.edu/emergency/evacuation</a>
- Emergency Operations Plan Summary: http://www.uvm.edu/emergency/preparing\_and\_planning\_emergencies

# COMMUNITY AND SUPPORT RESOURCES

UVM Police Officers, the Title IX Coordinator, Deputy Title IX Coordinators, Dean of Students, Director of Equal Opportunity and HopeWorks' victim support personnel within the Center for Health and Well-being are trained on issues related to victim and bystander support, including assisting individuals with contacting appropriate authorities (at the individual's election), securing needed medical attention and/or counseling, remedial and protective measures, and other support as requested. Other resources are listed in this section including counseling, health, mental health, victim advocacy, legal assistance, visa & immigration assistance, student financial aid guidance, and other services and supports for victims of crime. Confidential Resources are highlighted in blue.

# ON CAMPUS SUPPORT RESOURCES & SERVICES LISTING

Resource	Phone Number	Description
Emergency Assistance	9-1-1	Call in any emergency throughout the United States for police, fire, ambulance, and other emergency services.
24 Hour UVM Counseling & Psychiatry Services (CAPS) Hotline	802-656-3340 (Option 2)	UVM CAPS has same day appointments during business hours and on-call counselors available for those in urgent need 24/7.
Equal Opportunity Support Coordinators	802-656-3368	Provides guidance throughout the Discrimination & Harassment and sexual misconduct processes for both reporting and responding parties. Coordinates support measures for both parties and acts as a liaison for campus and community support services and resources. Support measures may include but are not limited to changes to academic, living, transportation, and working situations or other protective actions, on a case-by-case basis.
Equal Opportunity Process Advisors	802-656-3368	Specially-trained faculty and staff members who are very familiar with UVM's equal opportunity policies and procedures, and who volunteer their time to help UVM affiliates navigate the student or employee resolution processes related to discrimination, harassment and sexual misconduct. The Advisors serve people of all genders and identities, and their services are completely free of charge. Advisors are available for complainants and respondents involved in an Equal Opportunity matter. Contact the Office of Equal Opportunity for assistance finding an Advisor, or contact an advisor directly using the information at the link: <a href="https://www.uvm.edu/equal-opportunity/aaeo-process-advisors">https://www.uvm.edu/equal-opportunity/aaeo-process-advisors</a>
Office of Equal Opportunity	802-656-3368	Provides administrative resolution options for equal opportunity, discrimination, and harassment issues. The Office of Equal Opportunity also houses UVM's Title IX Coordinator.
Americans with Disabilities Act /504 Coordinator	802-656-0945	Supports employment applicants and employees of the University with accommodation requests and accessibility concerns. The ADA/504 Coordinator also assists with needs regarding access to our campus for members of the public who have disabilities.
Victim Support Services	802-863-1236	Free and confidential on-campus support services by appointment or drop-in for anyone impacted by sexual misconduct offered through HopeWorks VT, in partnership with UVM's Center for Health and Wellbeing On-campus drop in hours: <a href="https://www.uvm.edu/health">https://www.uvm.edu/health</a>

Center for Student Conduct	802-656-4360	Student accountability processes, conflict intervention programs, social justice mediation, and academic integrity programming. The CSC seeks to foster student accountability and skill development in the areas of conflict resolution, dialogue, identity development, & restorative practice.
Dean of Students Office	802-656-3380	Student administration, student life, CARE Team, & Center for Student Conduct appeals.
Mosaic Center for Students of Color	802-656-3819	The Mosaic Center for Students of Color (MCSC) fully supports the holistic development of African, Latino(a), Asian, Native American, Multiracial and New American students so that as confident students of color they attain their goals for academic achievement, personal growth, identity formation, and cultural development.
Office of International Education	802-656-4296	Can provide visa and immigration assistance and connect international students with their nearest consulate or embassy. Point of contact for study abroad and travel study participants who have experienced concerning behavior.
Prism Center	802-656-8637	The Prism Center serves the diverse queer and trans communities at the University of Vermont. The center supports and empower lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender and queer students, as well as students whose identities fall in between or expand beyond those categories and works to create a campus community where people of all sexual and gender identities can thrive.
Student Accessibility Services	802-656-7753 or email: access@uvm.edu	Provides services and accommodations at no cost to all UVM Students who have current documentation of a disability that substantially limits one or more major life activities. Examples of services and accommodations include access to assistive technology devices and software, collaboration with Residential Life in the provision of housing accommodations, distraction reduced testing center use, extended time for exams and quizzes, print materials in alternate formats, note taking services, communication access real-time translation (CART), and sign language interpreting.
Student Financial Services	802-656-5700	Provides advice and guidance on financial aid and financing education.
Student Legal Services	802-656-4379	Can provide students with a referral to an attorney and/or legal advice. Operated by student interns as a College of Arts and Sciences Communities of Practice opportunity with supervision from attorneys at Milligan Rona Duran & King LLC.
UVM Counseling & Psychiatry Services	802-656-3340	Comprehensive mental health care, psychiatry and counseling services.
UVM Employee Assistance Program (Invest EAP)	1-866-660-9533	Free and confidential counseling and support services for employees.
UVM Police Services (non- emergency)	802-656-3473	Full police services for the UVM campus. Call for assistance or to report any non-emergency crime. Always call 9-1-1 in an emergency.
UVM Student Health Center	802-656-3350 1-866-878-2485 (After Hours)	Provides basic medical services and treatment for UVM students. Call the after-hours number for a consultation with a Triage Nurse if you are experiencing an urgent (non-life-threatening) issue after-hours.

UVM Title IX Coordinator	802-656-3368	Oversees response to reports of sexual misconduct and other behavior covered by Title IX at the University; responsible for the institution's compliance with Title IX.
Women and Gender Equity Center	802-656-7892	The Women and Gender Equity Center (WAGE) supports all facets of life at UVM: the social, professional, spiritual, physical, intellectual, & emotional. The center empowers people to become active leaders for gender equity and collective liberation through community building and the recognition of our gifts and challenges.

# BURLINGTON COMMUNITY-BASED SUPPORT RESOURCES & SERVICES LISTING

Resource Phone Number		Description		
Burlington Police Department (non-emergency) 802-658-2704		Full municipal Police Services in Burlington, Vermont. Call for assistance or to report non-emergency crimes that happen in Burlington, but off campus. Always call 9-1-1 in an emergency. UVM Police can connect you to Burlington Police as needed if you are uncertain which agency to call.		
Center for Crime Victim's Services (Vermont)	802-241-1250	Provides free support services to victims of crime, regardless of whether the crime is reported or prosecuted and independently of the criminal justice system.		
HOPE Works Sexual Violence Hotline	802-863-1236	Free, confidential, 24-hour hotline and online chat (https://hopeworksvt.org/) offering support for victims and survivors of sexual and violence. HopeWorks also provides UVM's On Campus victim's support services.		
SafeSpace Support Line for LGBTQA Survivors	802-863-0003 or toll free 1-866-869-7341	Free and confidential services to LGBTQ survivors of all forms of abuse or violence. Available Monday-Thursday 10AM-6PM & Friday 10AM-2PM.		
Statewide Domestic Violence Hotline (Vermont)	1-800-228-7395	Free, 24-hour crisis & support hotline for victims and survivors of domestic violence in Vermont.		
Statewide Sexual Violence Hotline (Vermont)	1-800-489-7273	Free, 24-hour crisis & support hotline for victims and survivors of sexual violence in Vermont.		
Steps to End Domestic Violence	802-658-1996	Free, confidential, 24-hour hotline for victims and survivors of domestic abuse. Steps to End Domestic Violence also offers legal advocacy services. Steps to End Domestic Violence offers services to people of all genders and identities.		
US State Department	Passport Information 1-877-487-2778  Overseas Citizens Services 1-888-407-4747 (domestic) +1 202-501-4444 (overseas)	For US citizens, the State Department has resources for Americans traveling internationally, including a website with resources for students going abroad for their studies. More information available online at: https://travel.state.gov/content/studentsabroad/en.html		
US State Department Bureau of Consular Affairs  Immigrant Visas 1-603-334-0700  Non-Immigrant Visas 1-603-334-0888		For non-US citizens, this Bureau within the US State Department has resources available on Visas and Immigration. This bureau issues visas for entry to the United States. The State Department also has information about immigration to the United States. More information available online at: https://travel.state.gov/content/visas/en.html		
UVM Medical Center	802-847-0000	Full hospital adjacent to UVM Campus; offers full-range of medical care services.		
UVM Medical Center Emergency Room / S.A.N.E. Nurse	802-847-2434	Full range of emergency medical services. The emergency department has SANE Nurses (Sexual Assault Nurse Examiners) available at any time. You can call ahead to request a nurse or walk into the emergency department at 111 Colchester Avenue.		

Vermont Adult Crisis Hotline (Howard Center Mobile Crisis)	802-488-6400	Support for adults and their family members or friends who are experiencing a mental health crisis and need immediate assistance, 24/7.
Vermont Bar Association Lawyer Referral Service	1-800-639-7036	Provides a referral to a lawyer at no-cost to you with an attorney who will provide an initial 30-minute consultation for no more than \$25.
Vermont Student Assistance Corporation (VSAC) Resource Center	802-655-9602	Offers information about student financial aid and appointments with advisors to help navigate student financial aid and financing options. VSAC is a nonprofit organization that has several student loan programs and options.

ADDITIONAL RESOURCES & SUPPORT SERVICES RELATED TO SEXUAL MISCONDITOR resources listed above and many more, to include national support hotlines and services, are avail University's Support Resources website <a href="https://www.uvm.edu/equal-opportunity/support-resources">https://www.uvm.edu/equal-opportunity/support-resources</a> website includes counseling, health, mental health, victim advocacy, legal assistance, visa & immig assistance, student financial aid, and other resources, supports, hotlines (including crisis hotlines) services for individuals who have experienced, witnessed, or are otherwise impacted by incidents harassment or misconduct that are available from the University and in the community. These resprovided to all UVM students and employees via email at the start of each fall and spring semeste also made available in writing by the Office of Equal Opportunity to all individuals who report sexu harassment or misconduct to the University.	able on the 5. This ration ), and of sexual ources are er. They are
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# CRIME AWARENESS AT UVM

Safety and security on campus is built on a strong foundation that includes community policing by area agencies, including UVM Police Services, and individual action and responsibility. Towards that end, the University has developed the crime awareness and prevention strategies described in this section to assist the whole UVM community in fostering a safe campus.

#### CRIME AWARENESS

The University of Vermont publishes the following information and statistics in print and via our webpage to promote crime awareness within the campus community:

# **Daily Crime & Fire Log**

The University publishes a daily Crime and Fire Log ("Crime Log") that is available for review 24 hours per day on the UVM Police Services website (<a href="https://www.uvm.edu/police/crime-fire-log">https://www.uvm.edu/police/crime-fire-log</a>). The information in the Crime Log typically includes the nature, date, time, general location, and disposition (if known) of each crime. An entry, an addition to an entry, or a change in the disposition of a complaint, is recorded in the Crime Log within two (2) business days of a report of necessary information to UVM Police Services.

# **Annual Security Report**

The University publishes an Annual Security Report (this document) each year by October 1, as required by law. The Annual Security Report includes a statistical report of certain crimes reported to have occurred on or around the UVM Campus and other property owned or controlled by the University for the three previous calendar years. Crime statistics for 2021, 2022, and 2023 are available in the ANNUAL CRIME STATISTICS: 2021 – 2023 section of this report; statistics begin on page 65.

The Annual Security Report is distributed to all UVM affiliates (faculty, staff, and students) via email upon publication every year by October 1. The Annual Security Report is available to the public on the UVM Police Services website at: <a href="http://www.uvm.edu/police/reports/clery/public-safety-report.pdf">http://www.uvm.edu/police/reports/clery/public-safety-report.pdf</a>.

As a matter of policy, to the extent permitted by law, all entries made in the Crime Log and the Annual Security Report, which are both forms of publicly available recordkeeping, shall not include identifying information about the victim.

#### **Sex Offender Registry**

The "Campus Sex Crimes Prevention Act" is a federal law enacted on October 28, 2000 that provides for the tracking of convicted, registered sex offenders enrolled as students, or serving as employees or volunteers at institutions of higher education. The State of Vermont Sex Offender Registry is located at the following link: <a href="http://vcic.vermont.gov/sor">http://vcic.vermont.gov/sor</a>. This is where all information about sex offenders that are required to register is housed for the entire state, including on and around the University campus.

# **Campus Alerts**

The University may distribute different types of alerts to the campus community when certain crimes are reported. One function of alerts distributed to the campus is to promote crime awareness, which can help to reduce crime. The University may issue Campus Advisories, Timely Warning Notifications, or Emergency Notifications as appropriate and in accordance with the procedures described in the <a href="CATALERT SYSTEM">CATALERT SYSTEM</a>, <a href="Warnings, & Notifications">WARNINGS</a>, & NOTIFICATIONS section of this report (see page 37).

# CRIME PREVENTION AND EDUCATION AT UVM

In addition to maintaining a fully sworn comprehensive police agency on campus (UVM Police Services), the University of Vermont has many programs, departments, systems, and other measures in place to enhance public safety and prevent crime. Some of these are outlined in this section.

#### MAINTENANCE OF CAMPUS GROUNDS AND FACILITIES

The departments of Physical Plant, Police Services and Residential Life, in a coordinated effort, regulate key facilities, campus lighting, shrubbery control, software systems, and hardware systems to optimize safety and prevent crime:

# **Landscaping**

Facilities and landscaping are maintained in a manner that minimizes hazardous conditions. The Department of Police Services personnel regularly patrol the campus and report malfunctioning lights and other unsafe physical conditions to the Department of Physical Plant for correction. Other members of the University community are helpful when they report equipment problems to Police Services (802-656-3473) or to Physical Plant Service Operations Support (802-656-2560).

#### **Facility Key and Access Systems**

Some UVM facilities are open to the public during regular business hours, while others have restricted access 24/7. For those facilities with restricted access, as well as for access to facilities after regular business hours, the University issues keys or access cards to faculty, staff, and resident students for their designated work and/or living areas. The University has professional locksmiths designated to repair and maintain the integrity of the key and lock system. Based upon occupant requirements, UVM facilities are opened and closed at various times. Once the exterior doors are locked, Police Services personnel conduct patrols to recheck the security of the facility. In Residential Life areas, designated hall staff provides additional patrols.

#### **Residence Hall Access Systems**

Residence hall entrance doors have locking devices that can be opened by specially coded keys/cards issued to residents and should be kept locked at all times (24/7). Exit-only doors have hardware that cannot be opened from outside. Most exterior doors have automatic closing devices. Student room doors have locking hardware that can be locked or unlocked at the discretion of the occupant, and residents are advised to keep their room doors locked at all times. Residential Life employees perform routine maintenance throughout the residences and respond to any reports of problems with locks. Residents are advised to stop and question any stranger in the hall (e.g. "Can I help you with something?") and notify police immediately of any suspicious activity.

#### **Anti-Intrusion Alarms**

Many academic and support areas of special sensitivity are protected by alarm systems which ring in directly to a central station or UVM Police Services. Officers are dispatched to evaluate the situation and take any appropriate response measures when these alarms are triggered.

# CATSAFE APP

CatSafe is a mobile two-way safety communications platform and risk mitigation tool. It provides campus community members the ability to share information about emerging safety and security risks before they escalate into emergencies. The UVM CatSafe app has three communities: Student, Employee, and Visitor. Each

version provides safety resources tailored to that population.

The CatSafe App includes a number of features to enhance the safety of the campus community, including:

- Quickly contact local emergency services no matter where you are in the world directly through the app like a blue light call box in your pocket;
- · Report incidents to the correct UVM department or official;
- Easily submit anonymous tips to UVM Police Services;
- Access to UVM-specific resources and information;
- The "SafeWalk" feature, which allows users to alert their personal contacts if they do not arrive at a destination in time, or to temporarily watch over them as they watch.

The CatSafe App can be downloaded from your device's app store. It can also be downloaded directly from the following options: <a href="https://document.org/linearing

The UVM CatSafe App is managed by UVM's Department of Emergency Management. For questions, feedback, or tech help, email <a href="mailto:emergency@uvm.edu">emergency@uvm.edu</a>. When registering the app with UVM, please use your full UVM email address (not your netID@uvm.edu address).

# Bystander Intervention - Stepping Up to Prevent Crime

In addition to education, programming, services, and awareness efforts, the University encourages all community members to take steps to reduce risk and promote bystander intervention, with a goal of reducing crime and promoting a safe and healthy campus community. In particular, these efforts can help to reduce incidents of high-risk alcohol and other drug use, instances of sexual misconduct, including dating violence, domestic violence, sexual assault, sexual exploitation, and stalking, as well as other crimes.

# Who is a Bystander?

A bystander is any person who is present at or who is witnessing an event but is not directly involved. When individuals in the community have the knowledge and skills to recognize and intervene in situations in which others may need help, it can have a profound and positive impact on a community.

#### What is Bystander Intervention?

Bystander intervention means safe and positive options that may be carried out by an individual or individuals to prevent harm or intervene when there is a risk of harm to another individual. Bystander intervention includes recognizing situations of potential harm, understanding institutional structures and cultural conditions that facilitate violence, overcoming barriers to intervening, identifying safe and effective intervention options, and taking action to intervene.

# Safe and Positive Options for Bystander Intervention

There are four common strategies for Bystander Intervention, commonly referred to as the "Four D's". They are:

- 1. <u>Direct</u> Directly intervening, in the moment, to prevent a problem situation from happening;
- 2. <u>Delegate</u> Seeking help from another individual, often someone who is authorized to represent others, such as a police officer or campus official;
- 3. Distract Interrupting the situation without directly confronting the offender; and
- 4. <u>Delay</u> Recognition that you may not be able to do something right in the moment. Checking in with the individual who you witnessed at risk of or experiencing harm after an incident has occurred to see if you can do anything to help them. Providing support shows them that they are not alone.

In a given situation, any one or combination of these strategies may be appropriate. Some things to keep in mind when intervening in a concerning situation are:

- **Do not put yourself at risk** if you are concerned that directly intervening could escalate a situation and put you or others at risk of harm, consider delegating by calling police or interrupting the situation with a distraction;
- **Do not make a situation worse** when intervening, it is important to identify a way to stop the concerning situation without escalating it. If people are upset or fighting, a situation can be unpredictable and you should call the police;
- Intervene at the earliest point possible;
- Remember, <u>intervening does not necessarily mean confronting</u> there are resources at your disposal such as UVM Police Services, your RA or RD (in a residence hall), a professor (in a classroom environment), a supervisor or manager (in a work environment), or another official who may be present or reachable in a given set of circumstances;
- Ask for help! Bystander intervention is a community effort alert your friends if you see something and need to intervene, or call the police.

#### **Examples of Bystander Intervention**

- Interrupting a person who you see isolating, hitting on, trying to make out with, or trying to have sex with an incapacitated individual by spilling a drink on the violator and creating a scene about that instead;
- Speaking up when someone discusses plans to sexually take advantage of another person;
- Interjecting yourself into a conversation where another person appears to be unsafe;
- Offering to drive or call and share a cab to get an incapacitated friend home from a party;
- Calling the police or immediately alerting your RA or RD if you hear people fighting in your residence hall;
- Confronting someone or speaking up when you hear them using racist, sexist, homophobic, or other biased or harmful language;
- Confronting a person who is acting sexually or romantically aggressive toward someone who seems uninterested.

# **Additional Training on Bystander Intervention**

UVM offers additional bystander intervention training opportunities and is in the process of implementing and disseminating a new bystander intervention training and curriculum to the campus community. This training is part of the Vermont Violence Prevention Project (VVPP). For more information, visit: <a href="https://www.uvm.edu/dsc/vvpp-vermont-violence-prevention-project">https://www.uvm.edu/dsc/vvpp-vermont-violence-prevention-project</a>.

# RISK REDUCTION - SAFE & POSITIVE WAYS TO REDUCE RISK

Risk reduction means options designed to decrease perpetration and bystander inaction, and to increase empowerment for individuals in order to promote safety and to help individuals and communities address conditions that facilitate violence. Risk reduction used jointly with Bystander Intervention can have a powerful positive impact on a community.

# **Safe & Positive Risk Reduction Strategies:**

- Install and utilize the safety features in the <u>UVM CatSafe App</u>.
- Travel with friends in groups of three or more whenever possible. Have at least one person who is

aware of where you are and who you are with. Be sure to update that person if plans change.

- Know your surroundings. Keep phone numbers for friends, local cab companies, Hope Works, UVM Police Services, Burlington Police, and other support services handy.
- Trust your instincts. If you find yourself at a party where you don't know a lot of people or the crowd doesn't feel right, gather your friends and leave.
- Always carry your cell phone charged and consider carrying a portable charger. If you are concerned for you or a friend's immediate safety, do not hesitate to call 9-1-1.
- If a friend seems to be acting strangely or not like themselves, kindly check in with them to be sure everything is OK. Use "I" statements. Say something like "I have noticed that you seem to be doing XYZ lately. Is everything going OK?" Let them know that you are there and can support them, and that there are resources on campus that they can turn to.
- Continue educating yourself about personal and community safety, and bystander intervention. Get
  involved in on- or off-campus offices that are doing this type of work or sign up for a class that seems
  relevant.
- Visit the UVM <u>Safety & Security Tips & Information</u> website for more information about how to reduce risk.

# PROGRAMMING, EDUCATION, AND SERVICES

The University of Vermont offers an array of crime prevention and awareness programs throughout the year. Programs include general crime prevention and awareness, as well as programs to prevent discrimination and harassment, including dating violence, domestic violence, sexual assault, sexual exploitation, and stalking.

Crime prevention, awareness, and safety education efforts at UVM are conducted using a multifaceted, multi-department approach that begins before a student arrives on campus. Incoming students at all levels must complete primary prevention programs before their first semester, including alcohol education training, and sexual assault prevention education, and bias awareness and prevention education. All incoming first year students are also required to attend two hours of on-campus crime prevention and awareness training during the *Opening Weekend Sessions* when they arrive on campus. In August, members of the Residential Education Team (many leadership staff in the Department of Residential Life) and all Resident Advisors (RAs) for the upcoming academic year receive specific training in preventing harassment, bias, and sexual misconduct. New staff employees must complete an orientation program during onboarding called *UVM Culture and Community*. Additionally, all UVM employees are required to complete an online Harassment and Discrimination Prevention training, which includes a separate supervisor-specific training module for all supervisors at the University.

Many ongoing crime awareness and prevention programs are held on campus throughout the year and are hosted by a number of departments. Police Services offers security audits, active shooter response training, and safety planning for students, employees, and departments.

The University encourages community members to take full advantage of safety programs and initiatives designed to protect their person and property.

# **Primary Prevention and Awareness Programs**

#### **Summary and Compliance Statement**

Primary prevention programs are programming, initiatives, and strategies intended to stop all forms of sexual misconduct, including intimate partner violence, sexual assault, sexual exploitation, and gender-based stalking before they occur through the promotion of positive and healthy behaviors that foster healthy, mutually respectful relationships and sexuality, encourage safe bystander intervention, and seek to change behavior and social norms in healthy and safe directions. Awareness programs are community-wide or audience specific programming, initiatives, and strategies that increase knowledge, and share information and resources to prevent violence, promote safety and reduce perpetration.

The University of Vermont prohibits the crimes of dating violence, domestic violence, sexual assault, and stalking as those terms are defined for the purposes of the Clery Act (definitions in Appendix A see page 69) and as those terms are defined by the State of Vermont (definitions in Appendix B see page 70). The University has defined consent in the Institution's Discrimination, Harassment, and Sexual Misconduct Policy (see page 12), and the State of Vermont has defined consent in the Vermont State Statutes (see page 16). The University encourages members of the community to take safe and positive options for bystander intervention; more information, including a definition of bystander intervention, is available on page 52. The University also encourages members of the community to take risk reduction steps; more information, including a definition of risk reduction, is available on page 53.

Primary prevention and awareness programs offered by UVM are tailored to the needs of the UVM community, including students and employees. These programs are culturally relevant, inclusive of and responsive to all parts of the UVM community and are informed by research for efficacy. These primary prevention and awareness programs for students and employees are further described below.

#### **Sexual Assault Prevention Education for Incoming Students:**

All incoming students are required to complete online educational program prior to their arrival on campus. New students complete online training about sexual assault prevention specifically tailored for undergraduate students. Graduate students also complete a specifically tailored training program. These programs use a population-level approach to educate students on the issues associated with sexual harassment, sexual misconduct, sexual assault, and relationship violence, taking into account their unique perspectives and experiences, providing: key definitions and statistics, reflective and personalized content, bystander skill and confidence-building strategies for intervention, and campus-specific policies, procedures, and resources. For more information about these programs, please email the Dean of Students Office at <a href="mailto:deanofstudents@uvm.edu">deanofstudents@uvm.edu</a>.

#### Sexual Assault Prevention Program for Student Employees:

As part of the hiring process for Student Employees, the University's Student Employment Office verifies that prospective student employees have completed the required their required Sexual Assault Prevention training program as listed above. Students are not eligible for student employment positions until the appropriate training has been completed. Should the Student Employment Office find that a student has not completed the training program, the student will be required to complete the training before being hired into a student employment position at the University.

# **Alcohol Education for College Students:**

The University of Vermont continually takes active steps to reduce unsafe alcohol use on campus. Toward that end, every incoming student under age 21 is required to complete an online tangible population-level prevention education program that challenges students' expectations around alcohol while encouraging students to make healthier and safer decisions, and to reduce risk. For more information, please email the Dean of Students Office at <a href="mailto:deanofstudents@uvm.edu">deanofstudents@uvm.edu</a>.

#### Fall Orientation:

In collaboration with The Office of New Student Programs, the Division of Student Affairs including Student Life, the Center for Health & Wellbeing, and the Dean of Students Office, all first-year students are asked to participate in a series of orientation sessions focused on wellbeing, safety, review of relevant policies and supports available. Sessions also include the following topics: mental health and wellbeing, positive sexuality and consent culture, STI screening and testing, available clinical services and resources, and high-risk alcohol and other drug use. These sessions build off of the required online education courses (described above) that incoming students are required to complete and incorporate a safe and positive bystander intervention model. For more information, please email the Dean of Students Office at <a href="mailto:deanofstudents@uvm.edu">deanofstudents@uvm.edu</a>.

#### **Online Harassment and Discrimination Prevention Training:**

All new UVM employees are required to complete an online Harassment and Discrimination Prevention training. This program addresses topics relating to safe and positive options for bystander intervention and risk reduction, an overview of University policies and procedures, and detailed reporting information relating to sexual misconduct, sexual harassment, and other forms of discrimination and harassment.

#### Online Diversity, Inclusion, and Belonging Training:

All UVM students, staff, and faculty are required to take an online training on diversity, equity, and inclusion. This program addresses topics such as inclusion, power, privilege, identities, and communication, as well as strategies related to ally behavior, self-care, and creating inclusive spaces. This training includes education about safe and positive options for bystander intervention and risk reduction, as well as promoting a safer, more inclusive, and equitable campus community. More information is available at <a href="https://www.uvm.edu/deanofstudents/uvm-forward-creating-stronger-campus-community">https://www.uvm.edu/deanofstudents/uvm-forward-creating-stronger-campus-community</a>

# **Ongoing Prevention and Awareness Campaigns**

Ongoing prevention and awareness campaigns are programming, initiatives, and strategies that are sustained over time and provide the same information as, and share goals with, primary prevention and awareness programs. The University of Vermont coordinates multiple ongoing prevention and awareness programs, some of which target the entire UVM community and some of which target segments of the community, with the goal of reaching all populations of students and employees at the institution. A representative selection of ongoing prevention and awareness campaigns offered at the University is described below.

#### **Annual Sexual Assault Prevention Training for Students:**

Returning UVM students are required to complete online training modules annually. The courses build upon the concepts from the primary prevention course required for all incoming students. These trainings provide information on bystander intervention, consent, relationship dynamics, protection from retaliation, as well as UVM-specific support resources. More information is available at <a href="https://www.uvm.edu/deanofstudents/uvm-forward-creating-stronger-campus-community">https://www.uvm.edu/deanofstudents/uvm-forward-creating-stronger-campus-community</a>

#### **Online Harassment and Discrimination Prevention Training for Employees:**

To ensure ongoing awareness and competency, all UVM employees are required to complete an online Harassment and Discrimination Prevention training annually. The annual program addresses topics relating to safe and positive options for bystander intervention and risk reduction, an overview of University policies and procedures, and detailed reporting information relating to sexual misconduct, sexual harassment, and other forms of discrimination and harassment. For more information, contact UVM's Director of Equal Opportunity Nick Stanton at 802-656-3368 or Nicholas.Stanton@uvm.edu.

#### **Campus Transportation and Safety Escorts:**

UVM maintains a robust Campus Area Transportation System that is closely integrated with local public transportation systems. Buses travel on the campus and into student neighborhoods downtown until midnight during the week, and until 2 a.m. Friday – Saturday. All UVM students and employees also have free access to the Chittenden County Transportation (CCTA) bus system. After-hours parking is available to all students and employees with late-night commitments. Safety escorts and rides are also offered by UVM Police on a case-by-case basis, usually after the shuttle buses stop running, by calling (802) 656-3473. Information about bus service and safety escorts are regularly advertised to students, and students are encouraged to utilize these resources as a means of risk reduction. More information about parking and transportation on campus is available at: <a href="https://www.uvm.edu/transportation/bus-uvm-shuttle">https://www.uvm.edu/transportation/bus-uvm-shuttle</a>.

#### Residential Advisors (RA) Training:

RAs are required to participate in a 2-week intensive training that addresses the following topics: high risk alcohol and other drug use, sexual misconduct and assault and institutional protocols for response, mental health and assisting students in distress, and understanding how to report student conduct efficiently and accurately to address community and individual health and safety. Residential Advisors are student leaders who live with their peers in each UVM Residence Hall who provide mentoring, roll modeling, support, and leadership to the students who live in their halls. Residential Advisors also do regular foot patrols through the Residence Halls to promote safety and wellness in the UVM Residential communities. For more information, contact UVM Residential Life at (802) 656-3434.

#### Student Athlete Development:

The Department of Athletics Student- Athlete Development program consists of programming in five focus areas: academic excellence, athletic excellence, personal/leadership development, community service, and career development. Athletics teaches a mandatory one credit course for all first-year student-athletes

designed to invoke thoughtful, reflective discussion as a means of leading them towards greater understanding of how they might achieve their academic goals, meet college challenges, and make healthy decisions. The Student-Athlete Development program at the University of Vermont offers various speakers, presentations, group training, and workshops through the fall and spring semesters. All athletes receive training and information on personal leadership, social climate and inclusion, consent and bystander intervention skills as part of this program. For more information, contact UVM Athletics at (802) 656-3131.

#### **Security Surveys:**

UVM Police and Service Officers perform security surveys for employees, students, and other organizations and departments upon request, including recommendations for access and surveillance systems. Security surveys from Police Services can help UVM employees, students, organizations, buildings, and departments reduce risk and promote a safe and positive environment on campus. Please call UVM Police Services at (802) 656-3473 for more information.

## **Individual Safety Planning:**

A safety plan is a tool that is designed to empower you in becoming proactive about your personal safety. Safety plans are individualized plans that you should share with a trusted friend(s) describing daily actions you take to stay safe. A good safety plan covers everything from simple actions, such as keeping your door locked at all times, to more elaborate plans that detail actions for emergency or crisis situations. Safety planning is a way to take individual steps to reduce personal risk. Please call UVM Police Services at (802) 656-3473 for more information.

#### **UVM Reporter Training:**

A minimum of four (4) live programs are scheduled each calendar year for the benefit of designated UVM Reporters to familiarize themselves with their responsibilities under federal law (Clery Act, Title IX, and other non-discrimination laws) and University policy. Additional trainings are scheduled on an as requested basis. This training includes basic information on how to support victims of crime and how to safely intervene as a bystander by delegating to the appropriate University or Law Enforcement Official. For more information on this training program, please contact the Clery Act Coordinator at <a href="mailto:kelly.riel@uvm.edu">kelly.riel@uvm.edu</a>. The current training materials are also available electronically at <a href="https://www.uvm.edu/police/uvm-reporters-campus-security-authorities">https://www.uvm.edu/police/uvm-reporters-campus-security-authorities</a>.

All UVM Reporters are provided with written training materials each year with their annual notice, and beginning in Fall 2024 will be given a brief video training module on an annual basis.

#### **Student Conduct Institute (SCI) Training:**

UVM is a member of the *Student Conduct Institute*, through which UVM's Title IX Coordinators and staff who address reports of sexual misconduct receive training annually. Training information about SCI at UVM is available on *the Title IX and Sexual Misconduct* website at: <a href="https://www.uvm.edu/aaeo/title-9-sexual-misconduct">https://www.uvm.edu/aaeo/title-9-sexual-misconduct</a>. For more information, contact the Director of UVM's Office Equal Opportunity, Nick Stanton, at (802) 656-3368

# Sexual Violence Prevention and Education Coordinator:

UVM's Sexual Violence Prevention and Education Coordinator is a year-round full-time staff position in the Vice Provost and Dean of Students Office. This position coordinates a systemic approach to sexual violence prevention and education at UVM, and assists in the development and delivery of relevant primary and ongoing prevention programs. For more information, contact UVM's Sexual Violence Prevention and Education Coordinator, Elliot Ruggles at Elliot.Ruggles@uvm.edu.

# PREPARING AND DISTRIBUTING THE ANNUAL CRIME REPORT

UVM Police Services is responsible for the collection and compilation of crime statistics for Clery qualifying crimes, including hate crimes, through exercise of their traditional duties, working relationships with area law enforcement agencies, and receipt of CSA Reporting Forms through <a href="https://www.uvm.edu/police/csa">www.uvm.edu/police/csa</a>. Written requests for Clery crime statistical information related to off-campus facilities controlled by the institution and used by UVM students as part of their UVM program frequently, repeatedly, or for a long duration (including locations and student housing owned or controlled by officially recognized student organizations) are made on an annual basis to relevant police agencies that do not share the same Law Enforcement Records Management system used by UVM Police Services. Police agencies that do share the same Law Enforcement Records Management system are sent a request letter that includes notice that UVM Police Services is collecting the relevant information pursuant to Clery reporting and a request for assistance in the event that any records may not be included, accurate, or up to date in the Records Management System.

In addition, UVM Police Services is responsible for querying UVM Responsible Officials for campus conduct processes at the close of each calendar year as to (1) the number, (2) location on University property, and (3) classification of violations of state and local ordinances (drug, liquor and weapon laws) occurring on or near campus for the applicable time period for inclusion in this Report. UVM Police Services, in cooperation with local law enforcement agencies as outlined above, tracks arrests of the same.

Each year, an e-mail notification is made to all enrolled students, faculty and staff that provides direct web site access (including exact URL - http://www.uvm.edu/police/reports/clery/public-safety-report.pdf -) to this report. All prospective students are further noticed of the availability of this Report by the Offices of Admissions, which prominently provides a description and link on the "How to Apply" webpage. All prospective employees are noticed of this report by the office of Human Resource Services, which prominently includes a notice of and link to this report in all job postings at the University. Hard copies of the Report are available upon request from University Police Services located at 284 East Avenue in Burlington, Vermont.

# ANNUAL CRIME STATISTICS: 2021 – 2023

Under the Clery Act, colleges and universities are required to report a number of crime statistics using uniform definitions. UVM reports these statistics directly to the Department of Education and publishes them in the University's Annual Security Report (this document) by October 1 each year. The Annual Security Report is published online and distributed as described in the previous section. The Department of Education publishes the Clery statistics from every college and university with obligations under the Clery Act on its website at: <a href="http://ope.ed.gov/campussafety/#/">http://ope.ed.gov/campussafety/#/</a>.

# Understanding Clery Crime Statistics

#### **Introduction**

The Clery Act requires UVM to report statistics for certain crimes reported to have occurred on and around campus and at other properties owned or controlled by the institution that are frequently used by students in support of an educational program. In addition to crime report statistics, the University also must report statistics for certain crimes determined to be motivated by bias or hate (hate crimes), as well as certain arrests and disciplinary referrals to the campus judicial process.

It is important to note that the Clery Act may define a particular crime differently than that crime is defined under Vermont law or the jurisdiction where an incident took place. For purposes of this report, the University uses the Clery Act definitions, which have been adopted from the Federal Bureau of Investigation's Uniform Crime Reporting Handbook (UCR), the National Incident-Based Reporting System Edition of the UCR for sex offenses, and the Violence Against Women Reauthorization Act of 2022. The definitions used for crime classification under the Clery Act are used by institutions throughout the United States.

The Clery Act requires that the statistical information in this report be broken down into standardized geographic categories. These categories are defined by the Department of Education and are used by all colleges and universities with Clery reporting obligations. In the statistical tables in this section, the data is broken down by both the type of offense and the geographic location where the offense occurred, as required by law.

#### **Definitions: Geographic Location Categories**

- On-Campus Property: Any building or property owned or controlled by an institution within the same reasonably contiguous geographic area and used by the institution in direct support of, or in a manner related to, the institution's educational purposes, including residence halls; and any building or property that is within or reasonably contiguous to such buildings or property that is owned by the institution but controlled by another person and is frequently used by students and supports institutional purposes.
- Student Housing Facilities (Subset of On-Campus Property): Any student housing facility that is
  owned or controlled by the institution or is located on property that is owned or controlled by the
  institution, and is within the reasonably contiguous geographic area that makes up the campus.
- **Public Property**: All thoroughfares, streets, sidewalks, and parking facilities that are within the campus, or immediately adjacent to and accessible from the campus.
- **Non-Campus Property:** Any building or property owned or controlled by a student organization that is officially recognized by the institution; or any building or property owned or controlled by an institution that is used in direct support of, or in relation to the institution's educational purposes, is frequently used<sup>12</sup> by students, and is not within the same reasonably contiguous geographic area of the

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12</sup> The University of Vermont considers a property "frequently used" if it is rented, leased, or otherwise controlled by the institution for a "long duration" or if it is subjected to "repeated use." The University defines a "long duration" as use for two consecutive nights or more in a calendar year, and considers a property subjected to "repeated use" if it is used for two nights in a two calendar-year period. This definition is based on US Department of Education guidance from the 2016 edition of <u>The Handbook for Campus Safety and Security</u>.

institution.

# **Definitions: Primary Reportable Clery Crimes (Criminal Offenses)**

The first table below contains statistics for reports of incidents considered to be "Primary Crimes" under the Clery Act (also called "Criminal Offenses" for reporting purposes). This category includes statistics regarding eleven types of criminal incidents. Sexual assault statistics (also referred to as "sex offenses") are reported in this table and are listed as four specific crime categories: fondling, incest, rape, and statutory rape. The list of primary crimes and their definitions are listed here.

- <u>Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter</u>: The willful (non-negligent) killing of one human being by another. Note: deaths caused by negligence, attempts to kill, assaults to kill, suicides, accidental deaths, and justifiable homicides are excluded.
- Manslaughter by Negligence: The killing of another person through gross negligence.
- Rape: The penetration, no matter how slight, of the vagina or anus, with any body part or object, or oral penetration by a sex organ of another person, without the consent of the victim. This offense includes the rape of both males and females.
- Fondling: The touching of the private body parts of another person for the purpose of sexual
  gratification, without the consent of the victim, including instances where the victim is incapable of
  giving consent because of his/her age or because of his/her temporary or permanent mental
  incapacity.
- <u>Incest</u>: Sexual intercourse between persons who are related to each other within the degrees wherein marriage is prohibited by law.
- Statutory Rape: Sexual intercourse with a person who is under the statutory age of consent.
- **Robbery:** The taking or attempting to take anything of value from the care, custody or control of a person or persons by force or threat of force or violence and/or by putting the victim in fear.
- Aggravated Assault: An unlawful attack by one person upon another for the purpose of inflicting severe
  or aggravated bodily injury. This type of assault usually is accompanied by the use of a weapon or by
  means likely to produce death or great bodily harm. Note: It is not necessary that injury result from an
  aggravated assault when a gun, knife or other weapon is used which could or probably would result in a
  serious potential injury if the crime were successfully completed.
- <u>Burglary</u>: The unlawful entry of a structure to commit a felony or a theft. For reporting purposes, this
  definition includes: unlawful entry with intent to commit a larceny or a felony; breaking and entering
  with intent to commit a larceny; housebreaking; safecracking; and all attempts to commit any of the
  aforementioned.
- Motor Vehicle Theft: The theft or attempted theft of a motor vehicle. Motor vehicle theft includes all
  cases where automobiles are taken by persons not having lawful access, even though the vehicles are
  later abandoned, including joy riding.
- **Arson**: The willful or malicious burning or attempt to burn, with or without intent to defraud, a dwelling house, public building, motor vehicle or aircraft, or personal property of another, etc.

#### **Definitions: Violence Against Women Act (VAWA) Offenses**

The second table below contains statistics for offenses defined by the *Violence Against Women Reauthorization Act of 2022*; these offenses included Dating Violence, Domestic Violence, and Stalking. It should be noted that sexual assault / sex offenses are also VAWA Offenses, but that sex offenses must be reported with *Primary Crimes* (see above) under the Clery Act.

• <u>Domestic Violence</u>: Felony or misdemeanor crimes of violence committed by a current or former spouse or intimate partner of the victim; by a person with whom the victim shares a child in common; by a person who is cohabitating with, or has cohabitated with, the victim as a spouse or intimate

partner; by a person similarly situated to a spouse of the victim under the domestic or family violence laws of the jurisdiction in which the crime of violence occurred; or by any other person against an adult or youth victim who is protected from that person's acts under the domestic family violence laws of the jurisdiction in which the crime of violence occurred.

In accordance with Vermont law [15 V.S.A. § 1101], Domestic Violence includes felony or misdemeanor crimes of violence committed by persons who, for any period of time, are living or have lived together, are sharing or have shared occupancy of a dwelling, are engaged in or have engaged in a sexual relationship, or minors or adults who are dating or who have dated ["household members"]. Due to the inclusion of "household members" in the definition of domestic violence under Vermont law, incidents of 'Dating Violence' as defined below which occur in Vermont are captured under 'Domestic Violence."

- <u>Dating Violence</u>: Violence committed by a person who is or has been in a social relationship of a romantic or intimate nature with the victim. The existence of such a relationship shall be determined based on the reporting party's statement and with consideration of the length of the relationship, the type of relationship, and the frequency of interaction between the persons involved in the relationship. For the purposes of this definition, dating violence includes, but is not limited to sexual or physical abuse or the threat of such abuse, and *dating violence does not include acts covered under the definition of domestic violence*.
  - Please note: Due to the inclusion of "household members" in the definition of domestic violence under Vermont law [15 V.S.A. § 1101], all incidents occurring in the State of Vermont covered by the definition of *Dating Violence* listed here are covered under the definition of *Domestic Violence* and are reported as such.
- Stalking: Engaging in a course of conduct directed at a specific person that would cause a reasonable person to fear for their safety or the safety of others or suffer substantial emotional distress. For the purposes of this definition: Course of Conduct means two or more acts, including, but not limited to, acts which the stalker directly, indirectly, or through third parties, by any action, method, device, or means, follows, monitors, observes, surveils, threatens, or communicates to or about a person, or interferes with a person's property.
  - Reasonable Person means a reasonable person under similar circumstances and with similar identities to the victim. Substantial Emotional Distress means significant mental suffering or anguish that may but does not necessarily require medical or other professional treatment or counseling.

# **Definitions: Weapon, Drug, and Liquor Law Violations**

The third table below contains statistics for arrests and referrals for disciplinary action (disciplinary referrals) for law violations including weapons laws, drug abuse laws, and liquor laws. For the purposes of this table, "arrest," "disciplinary referral," and each type of law violation is defined here. **Please note**: *if, in a single incident, an individual is arrested for multiple violations in this category, the statistic will be counted only as the most egregious law violation as determined by a hierarchy rule used internally at the University of Vermont; this hierarchy rule ranks violations from most egregious to least egregious as: Weapons Law Violations, Drug Abuse Violations, Liquor Law Violations.* 

- Arrest: Persons processed by arrest, criminal citation or summons.
- <u>Referral for Disciplinary Action / Disciplinary Referral</u>: The referral of any person to any official who
  initiates a disciplinary action of which a record is established and which may result in the imposition of
  a sanction.
- Weapon Law Violation: The violation of state and local laws or ordinances dealing with weapon
  offenses, regulatory in nature, such as: manufacture, sale, or possession of deadly weapons; carrying
  deadly weapons, concealed or openly; furnishing deadly weapons to minors; aliens possessing deadly
  weapons; all attempts to commit any of the aforementioned.
- <u>Drug Abuse Violation</u>: Violations of state and local laws relating to the unlawful possession, sale, use, growing, manufacturing, and making of narcotic drugs. The relevant substances include but are not limited to: Opium or cocaine and their derivatives (morphine, heroin, codeine); marijuana; synthetic

- narcotics (Demerol, methadone); dangerous non-narcotic drugs (barbiturates, Benzedrine); bath salts and their derivatives; and illegally obtained prescription drugs.
- <u>Liquor Law Violation</u>: The violation of state and local laws or ordinances prohibiting: the manufacture, sale, transporting, furnishing, possessing of intoxicating liquor; maintaining unlawful drinking places; bootlegging; operating a still; furnishing liquor to minor or intemperate person; using a vehicle for illegal transportation or liquor; drinking on a train or public conveyance; all attempts to commit any of the aforementioned. Drunkenness and driving under the influence are NOT included in this definition, nor is possession of alcohol by an individual 21 years of age or older where such possession is in violation of University policy (i.e. in a residence hall).

#### **Definitions: Hate Crimes**

Hate Crime statistics are presented in a narrative format following the statistical tables. A **Hate Crime** is a criminal offense that manifests evidence that the victim was intentionally selected because of the perpetrator's bias against the victim. In order for an incident to be classified as a Hate Crime, sufficient objective facts must be present to lead a reasonable and prudent person to conclude that the offender's actions were *motivated*, in whole or in part, by bias.

Although there are many possible categories of bias, under the *Clery Act* only Hate Crimes motivated by bias based on Race, Religion, Sexual Orientation, Gender, Gender Identity, Ethnicity, National Origin, and Disability are reported. These categories of bias are defined by the Department of Education below.

- Race: A preformed negative attitude toward a group of persons who possess common physical
  characteristics, e.g., color of skin, eyes, and/or hair; facial features, etc., genetically transmitted by
  descent and heredity which distinguish them as a distinct division of humankind, e.g., Asians, blacks or
  African Americans, whites.
- **Religion:** A preformed negative opinion or attitude toward a group of persons who share the same religious beliefs regarding the origin and purpose of the universe and the existence or nonexistence of a supreme being, e.g., Catholics, Jews, Protestants, atheists.
- <u>Sexual Orientation</u>: A preformed negative opinion or attitude toward a group of persons based on their actual or perceived sexual orientation.
- **Gender:** A preformed negative opinion or attitude toward a person or group of persons based on their actual or perceived gender, e.g., male or female.
- Gender Identity: A preformed negative opinion or attitude toward a person or group of persons based on their actual or perceived gender identity, e.g., bias against transgender or gender non-conforming individuals.
- <u>Ethnicity</u>: A preformed negative opinion or attitude toward a group of people whose members identify with each other, through a common heritage, often consisting of a common language, common culture (often including a shared religion), and/or ideology that stresses common ancestry.
- National Origin: A preformed negative opinion or attitude toward a group of people based on their actual or perceived country of birth. This bias may be against people that have a name or accent associated with a national origin group, participate in certain customs associated with a national origin group, or because they are married to or associate with people of a certain national origin.
- <u>Disability</u>: A preformed negative opinion or attitude toward a group of persons based on their physical
  or mental impairments, whether such a disability is temporary or permanent, congenital or acquired by
  hereditary, accident, injury, advanced age, or illness.

Hate Crime statistics are reported for the Primary Reportable Crime categories of Aggravated Assault, Arson, Burglary, Motor Vehicle Theft, Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter, Robbery, and Sexual Assault (including Fondling, Incest, Rape, and Statutory Rape). In addition, hate crimes are reported for the offenses of Larceny-

Theft, Simple Assault, Intimidation, and Destruction/Damage/Vandalism of Property, as defined below.

- <u>Larceny-Theft</u>: The unlawful taking, carrying, leading, or riding away of property from the possession or
  constructive possession of another. Constructive Possession is the condition in which a person does
  not have physical custody or possession but is in a position to exercise dominion or control over a
  thing.
- <u>Simple Assault</u>: An unlawful physical attack by one person upon another where neither the offender displays a weapon, nor the victim suffers obvious severe or aggravated bodily injury involving apparent broken bones, loss of teeth, possible internal injury, severe laceration, or loss of consciousness.
- Intimidation: To unlawfully place another person in reasonable fear of bodily harm through the use of threatening words and/or other conduct, but without displaying a weapon or subjecting the victim to actual physical attack.
- <u>Destruction/Damage/Vandalism of Property</u>: To willfully or maliciously destroy, damage, deface, or
  otherwise injure real or personal property without the consent of the owner or the person having
  custody or control of it. *Incidents of burning that willfully or maliciously destroy, damage, or deface*property are counted as Arson, not Destruction/Damage/Vandalism of Property.

# **<u>Definitions: Unfounded Crimes</u>**

Beginning with the 2014 crime statistics, the *Clery Act* has required institutions to report statistics for the total number of crime reports that were "unfounded" and subsequently withheld from crime statistics during each of the three most recent calendar years. The total number of unfounded crimes is reported in a narrative format following the Hate Crime statistics.

For *Clery Act* purposes, a crime is only considered unfounded if sworn or commissioned law enforcement personnel make a formal determination that the report is false or baseless. Crime reports can be properly determined to be false only if the evidence from a complete and thorough investigation establishes that the crime reported was not, in fact, completed or attempted in any manner. Crime reports can be determined to be baseless only if the allegations reported did not meet the elements of the offense or were improperly classified as crimes in the first place.

• <u>Unfounded Crimes</u>: Clery Act crimes reported to have occurred on the institution's Clery Act geography that are thoroughly investigated by sworn or commissioned law enforcement personnel and found, through investigation, to be false or baseless, meaning that **the crime did not occur and was never attempted.** 

Reports of burglaries where investigation determined that the items were misplaced by the owner and burglary did not occur and was not attempted, and reports of motor vehicle thefts where investigation determines that the car was misplaced by the owner and a motor vehicle theft did not occur and was not attempted are not included as unfounded crimes.

# PRIMARY CRIME STATISTICS: 2021 – 2023

	On Campus (1)	Public Property	Non-Campus Property	Annual Total: All Geography	Student Housing Facilities (2)
Murder /	Non-Negligent Maı	nslaughter			
2021	0	0	0	0	0
2022	0	0	0	0	0
2023	0	0	0	0	0
Manslaug	hter by Negligence	e			
2021	0	0	0	0	0
2022	0	0	0	0	0
2023	0	0	0	0	0
Rape (3)					
2021	10	0	0	10	8
2022	8	0	1	9	7
2023	14	0	1	15	11
Fondling					
2021	3	0	0	3	3
2022	3	0	0	3	2
2023	3	0	0	3	2
Incest					
2021	0	0	0	0	0
2022	0	0	0	0	0
2023	0	0	0	0	0
Statutory	Rape				
2021	0	0	0	0	0
2022	0	0	0	0	0
2023	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery					
2021	0	0	0	0	0
2022	0	0	0	0	0
2023	0	0	0	0	0
Aggravate	ed Assault				
2021	0	1	0	1	0
2022	0	0	2	2	0
2023	3	2	1	6	1
Burglary					
2021	14	0	0	14	10
2022	19	0	0	19	16
2023	6	0	0	6	4
	hicle Theft	_	_	_	_
2021	7	0	0	7	0
2022	2	0	4	6	0
2023	11	1	0	12	0
Arson	,		6		6
2021	4	0	0	4	2
2022	5	0	0	5	5
2023	1	0	0	1	0

# VIOLENCE AGAINST WOMEN ACT (VAWA) OFFENSE STATISTICS: 2021 – 2023

	On Campus (1)	Public Property	Non-Campus Property	Annual Total: All Geography	Student Housing Facilities (2)
Domestic	: Violence (4)				
2021	2	1	0	3	1
2022	7	0	1	8	7
2023	5	0	0	5	3
Dating Vi	olence (5)				
2021	0	0	0	0	0
2022	0	0	0	0	0
2023	0	0	0	0	0
Stalking					
2021	7	0	1	8	2
2022	14	0	0	14	9
2023	17	0	0	17	5

# WEAPON, DRUG, AND LIQUOR LAW VIOLATION STATISTICS: 2021 – 2023

	On Campus (1)	Public Property	Non-Campus Property	Annual Total: All Geography	Student Housing Facilities (2)
Arrests: \	Weapons – Carryin	g, Possessing, etc.			
2021	0	0	0	0	0
2022	0	0	0	0	0
2023	0	0	0	0	0
Disciplina	ary Referrals: Wear	oons – Carrying, Po	ssessing, etc.		
2021	0	0	0	0	0
2022	0	0	0	0	0
2023	0	0	0	0	0
Arrests: [	Orug Abuse Violation	ons			
2021	0	0	0	0	0
2022	1	1	0	2	1
2023	0	0	0	0	0
Disciplina	ary Referrals: Drug	Abuse Violations			
2021	127	0	0	127	106
2022	141	0	0	141	113
2023	164	0	0	164	130
Arrests: L	iquor Law Violatio	ns			
2021	0	0	0	0	0
2022	0	0	0	0	0
2023	1	0	0	1	1
Disciplinary Referrals: Liquor Law Violations					
2021	407	6	0	413	367
2022	290	5	0	295	266
2023	367	3	0	370	346

# STATISTICAL TABLE CAVEATS

In the statistical tables above, caveats are indicated by numbers in parentheses. There are eight caveats to the above statistical tables. These caveats are described by number below.

- 1. Incidents that were reported without exact geographic locations but believed by the University to have occurred on campus are included in the On Campus statistics.
- 2. All crimes in the "Student Housing Facilities" column are also represented in the "On Campus" column. This is in accordance with Department of Education *Clery Act* reporting guidelines.
- 3. To the extent that sex offenses were reported as "sexual assault" with insufficient information to characterize the type of sexual assault, they have been classified and reported as Rape. This is consistent with the terminology used in the Vermont State Statutes defining rape and sexual assault in the state of Vermont. See 13 V.S.A § 3251.
- 4. These statistics encompass both Domestic Violence and Dating Violence as contemplated by the Violence Against Women Act for all crimes reported to have occurred in the State of Vermont, as the State of Vermont's definition of Domestic Violence captures all incidents of Dating Violence as defined by the Act. See Statistical Table Caveat number five for additional details.
- 5. Due to the inclusion of "household members" in the definition of Domestic Violence under Vermont law [15 V.S.A. §1101], all incidents occurring in the State of Vermont considered Dating Violence as defined by the Violence Against Women Act are covered under the definition of Domestic Violence and are reported as such. Due to this jurisdictional definition of Domestic Violence, Dating Violence statistics are not separately reportable by the University of Vermont for locations to include On Campus, Public Property, and Student Housing Facilities, as the entirety of each these geographic categories is within the state of Vermont. Incidents of Dating Violence within these geographic locations are reported as Domestic Violence, in accordance with jurisdictional definition of these crimes. See APPENDIX B:

Vermont Criminal Statute Definitions.

# HATE CRIME STATISTICS: 2021 – 2023

In 2021, 3 crimes were deemed to be bias motivated:

- Two incidents of vandalism were deemed to be motivated by bias based on Race. These incidents both occurred in on campus locations.
- One incident of vandalism was deemed to be motivated by bias based on Gender Identity. This incident occurred in an on campus location.

In 2022, 2 crimes were deemed to be bias motivated:

- One incident of vandalism was deemed to be motivated by bias based on Religion. This incident occurred in a residential on campus location.
- One incident of intimidation was deemed to be motivated by bias based on Religion. This incident occurred in a public property location.

In 2023, 7 crimes were deemed to be bias motivated:

- Four incidents of vandalism were deemed to be motivated by bias based on Religion. All four
  incidents occurred On Campus, with three of the incidents occurring in On Campus Residence Halls.
- Two incidents of vandalism were deemed to be motivated by bias based on Race. One of these incidents occurred in an On Campus Residence Hall. The other occurred on Public Property.
- One incident of vandalism was deemed to be motivated by bias based on Sexual Orientation. This incident occurred in an On Campus Residence Hall.

Unfounded Crime Statistics: 2021 – 2023	
In <u>2021</u> there were <u>0</u> unfounded crimes. In <u>2022</u> there was <u>1</u> unfounded crime. In <u>2023</u> there were <u>0</u> unfounded crimes.	
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# APPENDIX A:

# <u>Violence Against Women Reauthorization Act of 2022</u> <u>Definitions</u>

The University of Vermont's definitions of relationship violence, sexual assault, and stalking (listed above, see page <u>12</u>) capture all offenses defined by the Violence Against Women Reauthorization Act of 2022 (VAWA) as dating violence, domestic violence, sexual assault, and stalking. Below is a listing of these offenses as defined by VAWA:

- 1. **Dating Violence:** Violence committed by a person who is or has been in a social relationship of a romantic or intimate nature with the victim.
  - a. The existence of such a relationship shall be based on the reporting party's statement and with consideration of the length of the relationship, the type of relationship, and the frequency of interaction between the persons involved in the relationship.
  - b. For the purposes of this definition -
    - Dating violence includes, but is not limited to, sexual or physical abuse or the threat of such abuse.
    - ii. Dating violence does not include acts covered under the definition of domestic violence.
- 2. **Domestic Violence:** A felony or misdemeanor crime of violence committed
  - a. By a current or former spouse or intimate partner of the victim;
  - b. By a person with whom the victim shares a child in common;
  - c. By a person who is cohabitating with, or has cohabitated with, the victim as a spouse or intimate partner;
  - d. By a person similarly situated to a spouse of the victim under the domestic or family violence laws of the jurisdiction in which the crime of violence occurred; or
  - e. By any other person against an adult or youth victim who is protected from that person's acts under the domestic or family violence laws of the jurisdiction in which the crime of violence occurred.
- 3. **Sexual Assault:** An offense that meets the definition of rape, fondling, incest, or statutory rape as used in the FBI's Uniform Crime Reporting (UCR) program. Per the National Incident-Based Reporting System User Manual from the FBI UCR Program, a sex offense is "any sexual act directed against another person, without the consent of the victim, including instances where the victim is incapable of giving consent."
- 4. Stalking:
  - a. Engaging in a course of conduct directed at a specific person that would cause a reasonable person to
    - i. Fear for the person's safety or the safety of others; or
    - ii. Suffer substantial emotional distress
  - b. For the purposes of this definition
    - i. Course of conduct means two or more acts, including, but not limited to, acts which the stalker directly, indirectly, or through third parties, by any action, method, device, or means follows, monitors, observes, surveils, threatens, or communicates to or about a person, or interferes with a person's property.
    - ii. Reasonable person means a reasonable person under similar circumstances and with similar identities to the victim.
    - iii. Substantial emotional distress means significant mental suffering or anguish that may but does not necessarily, require medical or other professional treatment or counseling.

# APPENDIX B: Vermont Criminal Statute Definitions

The University of Vermont department of Police Services has full law enforcement authority in the State of Vermont as enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Vermont: Title 16 VSA § 2283. The State of Vermont Statutes contain jurisdictional criminal definitions of domestic violence, sexual assault, and stalking. In addition to enforcement of University of Vermont policies and compliance with the Violence Against Women Reauthorization Act of 2022, The University of Vermont, through the department of Police Services, enforces the Vermont Criminal Statutes. This includes enforcement of laws against domestic violence, sexual assault, and stalking. Vermont criminal definitions of these acts are listed below:

#### Domestic Violence (defined in 15 V.S.A. § 1151)

"**Domestic violence**" means an act of abuse as defined in subdivision 1101(1) of this title and includes a threat of such acts committed against an individual in a domestic situation, regardless of whether these acts or threats have been reported to law enforcement officers.

#### 15 V.S.A. § 1101 Definitions

The following words as used in this chapter shall have the following meanings:

- 1. "Abuse" means the occurrence of one or more of the following acts between family or household members:
  - a. Attempting to cause or causing physical harm.
  - b. Placing another in fear of imminent serious physical harm.
  - c. Abuse to children as defined in subchapter 2 of chapter 49 of Title 33.
  - d. Stalking as defined in 12 V.S.A. § 5131(6).
  - e. Sexual assault as defined in 12 V.S.A. § 5131(5).
- 2. "Household members" means persons who, for any period of time, are living or have lived together, are sharing or have shared occupancy of a dwelling, are engaged in or have engaged in a sexual relationship, or minors or adults who are dating or who have dated. "Dating" means a social relationship of a romantic nature. Factors that the court may consider when determining whether a dating relationship exists or existed include:
  - a. the nature of the relationship;
  - b. the length of time the relationship has existed;
  - c. the frequency of interaction between the parties;
  - d. the length of time since the relationship was terminated, if applicable.

NOTE: There is no separate definition of "dating violence" in the Vermont Statutes. Notably, the above statutory definition of domestic violence captures all incidents characterized by VAWA as dating violence.

#### Sexual Assault (defined in 15 V.S.A. § 1151)

"Sexual assault" means an act of assault as defined in 13 V.S.A. § 3252(a) or (b) (sexual assault) or 3253(a) (aggravated sexual assault), and includes a threat of such acts, regardless of whether these acts or threats have been reported to law enforcement officers.

#### **Sexual assault (13 V.S.A. § 3252)**

- A. No person shall engage in a sexual act with another person and compel the other person to participate in a sexual act:
  - 1. without the consent of the other person; or
  - 2. by threatening or coercing the other person;
  - 3. by placing the other person in fear that any person will suffer imminent bodily injury; or
  - 4. when the person knows or reasonably should know that the other person is asleep, unconscious, or otherwise unaware that the sexual act is occurring.

#### APPENDIX B

- **B.** No person shall administer any alcohol, drugs, or other intoxicants to another person without the person's knowledge or against the person's will and, while the person is impaired by the alcohol, drugs, or intoxicants, engage in a sexual act with that person.
- C. No person shall engage in a sexual act with another person when the other person is incapable of consenting to the sexual act due to substantial impairment by alcohol, drugs, or other intoxicants and that condition is known or reasonably should be known by the person.
- D. No person shall engage in a sexual act with a child who is under the age of 16, except:
  - 1. where the persons are married to each other and the sexual act is consensual; or
  - 2. where the person is less than 19 years old, the child is at least 15 years old, and the sexual act is consensual.
- E. No person shall engage in a sexual act with a child who is under the age of 18 and is entrusted to the actor's care by authority of law or is the actor's child, grandchild, foster child, adopted child, or stepchild.
- F. No person shall engage in a sexual act with a child under the age of 16 if:
  - 1. the victim is entrusted to the actor's care by authority of law or is the actor's child, grandchild, foster child, adopted child, or stepchild; or
  - 2. the actor is at least 18 years of age, resides in the victim's household, and serves in a parental role with respect to the victim.

#### NOTE: For the purposes of the above, the following definitions should be used (from 13 V.S.A. § 3251):

- (1) A "sexual act" means conduct between persons consisting of contact between the penis and the vulva, the penis and the anus, the mouth and the penis, the mouth and the vulva, or any intrusion, however slight, by any part of a person's body or any object into the genital or anal opening of another..
- (3) "**Consent**" means the affirmative, unambiguous, and voluntary agreement to engage in a sexual act, which can be revoked at any time.

#### Stalking (13 V.S.A. § 1061)

- 1. (A) "Course of conduct" means two or more acts over a period of time, however short, in which a person follows, monitors, surveils, threatens, or makes threats about another person, or interferes with another person's property. This definition shall apply to acts conducted by the person directly or indirectly, and by any action, method, device, or means. Constitutionally protected activity is not included within the meaning of "course of conduct."
  - (B) As used in subdivision (A) of this subdivision (1), threaten shall not be construed to require an express or overt threat.
- 2. "Emotional distress" means significant mental suffering or distress that may, but does not necessarily, require medical or other professional treatment or counseling.
- 3. "Reasonable person" means a reasonable person in the victim's circumstances.
- 4. "Stalk" means to engage purposefully in a course of conduct directed at a specific person that the person engaging in the conduct knows or should know would cause a reasonable person to fear for his or her safety or the safety of another or would cause a reasonable person substantial emotional distress. (Added 1993, No. 95, § 1; amended 1999, No. 124 (Adj. Sess.), § 3; 2005, No. 83, § 4; 2013, No. 150 (Adj. Sess.), § 1; 2015, No. 162 (Adj. Sess.), § 5.)