**Biohazardous Agent Reference Document (BARD) and**

**Information for Healthcare Providers in the Event of an Exposure**

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| The BARD is an additional guidance tool. It is not a substitute for a risk assessment, biosafety training, lab-specific training, SOP as required by the IBC or a formal [IBC master protocol registration](https://www.uvm.edu/rpo/biosafety-oversight). This document must be readily available in the laboratory, and it is the responsibility of the Laboratory Supervisor or Principal Investigator to ensure that all personnel have read and understood the information. The BARD is not intended to be a substitute for professional medical advice, diagnosis, or treatment. Please bring this IBC-approved BARD with you to the UVMMC Emergency Department if there has been an exposure and someone requires medical assistance.  INSTRUCTIONS for BARD Preparation   1. Complete the blue Information for Healthcare Providers section. 2. Review the standard information contained in the green section of this document. 3. Add/revise information that is specific to your work in the laboratory (such as strain-specific information). Please be sure that the track changes function is turned on to indicate any changes that you make. 4. Submit the BARD along with your IBC master protocol registration or amendment. 5. Once approved by the IBC, all personnel must review this BARD. The PI will attest during the submission of the registration or amendment to add new personnel that each lab member has read and understands the material. | |
| **Information for Healthcare Providers**  Dear Healthcare Provider,  This individual works in a UVM research laboratory and has been exposed to a pathogen or toxin. Information about the materials this person may have been exposed to is listed below. You may also find useful additional information in subsequent pages of this reference document. | |
| **Pathogen Name:** | Vesicular Stomatitis Virus (VSV) |
| **Pathogen/Toxin Classification:** |  |
| **List All Strains Used in the Laboratory:** |  |
| **List Resistant Genes Known to be Encoded:** |  |
| **Modes of Transmission *(mucous membranes, needle stick, inhalation)*:** | Contact with non-intact skin, inhalation, bite from an infected sand fly |
| **Known Medical Precautions and Treatment** | |

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| **Prophylaxis** | None available |
| **Vaccines** | None available |
| **Treatment and/or Post-exposure Intervention** | Symptomatic treatment to prevent secondary infections |
| **Surveillance** | Monitor for symptoms and test using viral isolation, PCR, or ELISA |
| **Additional Medical Precautions (immunosuppression, pregnancy, allergies)** |  |

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| **Health Hazards** | |
| **Host Range** | Humans (except for Maraba and Cocal serotypes), horses, cattle, pigs, mules, sand flies, grasshoppers, rodents |
| **Signs and Symptoms** | Infections with Indiana, New Jersey, Alagoas serotypes: Flu-like symptoms including severe malaise, headaches, muscle and joint pain, retrosternal pain, eye aches, nausea, vesicle formation on oral mucosa (rare)  Infections with Chandipura: fever, sensory disorders, convulsions, vomiting, diarrhea, and encephalitis leading to coma and death |
| **Infectious Dose** | Unknown |
| **Incubation Period** | 30 hours – 6 days |
| **Exposure Procedures** | |
| **Mucous membranes** | Flush eyes, mouth or nose for 15 minutes at eyewash station. |
| **Other exposures** | Wash area with soap and water for 15 minutes |
| **Medical Follow-Up** | Contact UVMMC Infectious Disease Dept. directly at **(802) 847-2700** for immediate assistance |
| **Reporting** | Report all exposures or near misses to:   1. Your immediate Supervisor 2. SOS at 802-656-2560 and ask to have the EH&S team paged 3. Risk Management: <https://www.uvm.edu/riskmanagement/incident-claim-reporting-procedures> |
| **Laboratory Hazards** | |
| **Laboratory Acquired Infections** | As of 1980, 46 recorded cases with New Jersey and Indiana serotypes, 13 cases with Piry serotype |
| **Sources** | Infected human or animal blood, throat secretions, saliva, exudates, open wounds, and laboratory cultures. |
| **Characteristics** | |
| **Morphology** | Member of the Rhabdoviridae family, enveloped virus. Livestock pathogen. |
| **Strain Specific Characteristics** | 8 main serotypes: Indiana, New Jersey, Cocal, Alagoas, Isfahan, Chandipura, Maraba, Piry |
| **Containment Requirements** | |
| **BSL - 2** | Manipulation of known or potentially infected clinical samples and cell cultures of laboratory adapted strains (RG2: Indiana, Cocal, Alagoas, New Jersey, Isfahan, Maraba) |
| **BSL - 3** | Manipulation of known or potentially infected clinical samples and cell cultures of laboratory adapted strains (RG3: Chandipura, Piry) |
| **ABSL - 2** | Work with animals infected with risk group 2 strains |
| **ABSL - 3** | Work with animals infected with risk group 3 strains |
| **Aerosol generating activities** | Centrifugation, homogenizing, vortexing or stirring, changing of animal cages, animal surgeries, cell sorting, pipetting, pouring liquids, sonicating, loading syringes |
| **Primary containment device (BSC)** | Use for aerosol-generating activities, high concentrations, or large volumes.  Use for all activities at BSL-3. |
| **Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)** | |
| ***Minimum PPE Requirements*** | BSL-2: Nitrile gloves, lab coat, appropriate eye/face protection.  BSL-3: full coverage protective clothing, solid-front gown with tight-fitting wrists, gloves, respiratory protection, shoe covers, appropriate eye/face protection.  Wash hands after removing all PPE. |
| ***Additional Precautions***  ***(Risk assessment dependent)*** | Sharps use strictly limited. |
| **Viability** | |
| **Disinfection** | Susceptible to 10% bleach, 2.5% phenol, 0.4% HCl, 1% cresylic acid, chlorinated phenol, 2% sodium orthophenylphenate; with 20-minute contact time |
| **Inactivation** | Inactivated by pH at or below 1.5, heat above 60°C |
| **Survival Outside Host** | Capable of surviving outside of host 3 – 4 days in infected saliva |
| **Spill Clean-Up Procedures** | |
| **Small Spill** | Notify others working in the lab. Allow aerosols to settle. Don appropriate PPE. Cover area of the spill with paper towels and apply approved disinfectant, working from the perimeter towards the center. Allow 30 minutes of contact time before clean up and disposal. Dispose in double biowaste bags and biobox. |
| **Large Spill** | **Inside of a lab:** Call UVM Service Operations at 656-2560 and ask to speak to a dispatcher. Ask them to page Risk Management and Safety.  **Outside of the lab:** Pull the nearest fire alarm and evacuate the building. Wait out front of the building for emergency responders to arrive. |
| **References** | |
| **Canadian PSDS** | <https://www.canada.ca/en/public-health/services/laboratory-biosafety-biosecurity/pathogen-safety-data-sheets-risk-assessment/vesicular-stomatitis-virus.html> |
| **BMBL** | <https://www.cdc.gov/biosafety/publications/bmbl5/> |
| **Journal of Virological Methods** | <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC2956192/> |
| **Frontiers in Microbiology** | <http://journal.frontiersin.org/article/10.3389/fmicb.2011.00272/full> |