## **Seeking Balance**

**Soil and Crop Management at Koepke Farms** 

John Koepke, Co-owner



cows.

GREAT

GREAT

## Koepke Farms

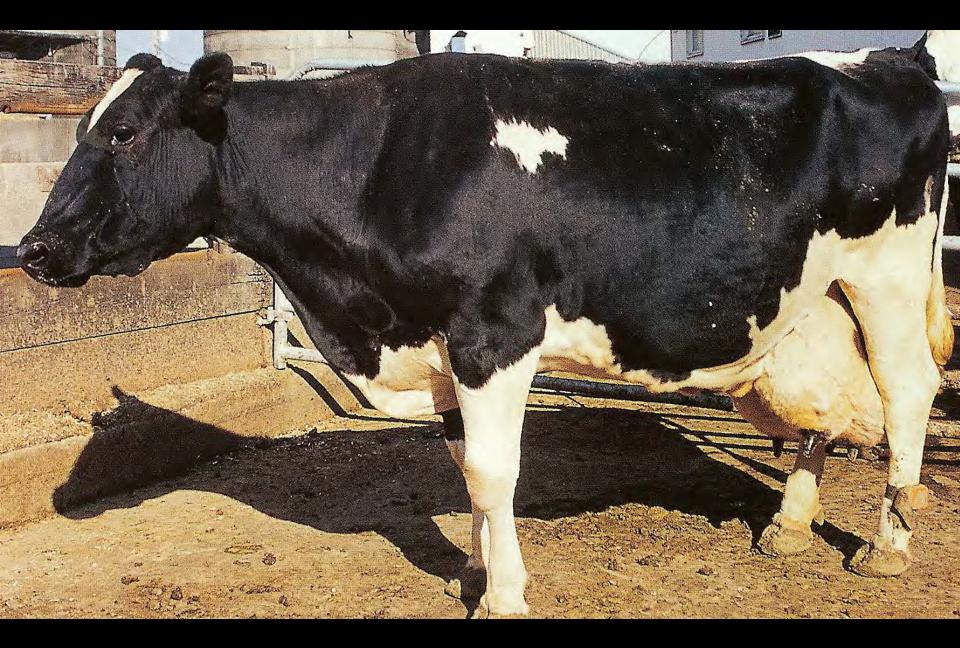


- Milks 330 cows
- Raises 300 replacement heifers
- Markets 60+ head of quality replacement animals per year
- Farms 1100 acres of cropland utilizing all no-till methods, producing feed and commodities for sale
- Manages two rental homes on the farm
- Markets a small percentage of milk directly as a branded specialty cheese product

## **Current herd statistics**



- RHA 29,858 lbs milk, 4.05 fat, 3.05 protein
- Current bulk tank 97 lb per cow
- 75,000 SCC
- Milk 3x and 4x
- No BST since January 2011
- 100+ cows over 200,000 lbs milk lifetime





GR Farm Bureau

PRESENTED TO THE KOEPKE FAMILY

COB

SIL-

### Good environmental health habits from the dairy farm

- Spread manure responsibly
- Crop rotation to maximize yield, minimize inputs and environmental impacts
- No-till
- Maintain ground cover
- Monitor results

Every day is earth day when you make your living from the land!



#### Crop rotation a key component



- Minimize costs of purchased inputs fertilizer and crop protection inputs
- Minimize environmental impact
- Maximize yields

## So about crop rotation...



 Majority of acres is corn, corn, beans, corn silage, alfalfa, alfalfa, alfalfa (7 years)

- Can also be corn, corn, beans, corn silage, wheat, alfalfa, alfalfa (7 years)
- Other acreage can be corn, beans, wheat, clover cover crop (3 years)



## Koepke no-till corn recipe



- Have field fertility, ph and drainage in good shape. Aim for 160 lbs N combined from all sources. (Legume credits, manure credit, commercial N)
- Use starter fertilizer. We use a custom dry blend of 10-20-36 (sod corn) or 47-20-36 (corn following wheat, corn, or beans)
- Pick a hybrid with good emergence
- Use a burndown herbicide application- usually a quart of glyphosate (1.5 qt glyphosate plus pint of 2,4-D on sod)
- Manage post-emerge weeds as you would in a tillage system











#### "Judge a farmer by how he spreads his manure." Jack Rejman, New York dairy farmer

N/



- Think of a no-till manure application as a mulch or as a cover crop.
- Both stimulate soil microbes and worms
- Both provide cover for the soil, protecting it from erosion
- With manure, we see LESS nutrient stratification!



- We focus most manure applications
  prior to planting corn
- Most all our manure is in "solid" or "slurry" format. DM is typically 20% or higher.
- We work very hard to minimize compaction!













## No-till Corn Myths



• I need a new, expensive planter

We started with a \$125 addition to the planter, and used it for 14 seasons

#### • It will take forever for my land to dry out

We can usually plant **sooner** after a rain than someone who has worked land

#### • I have too much residue or manure

See attached photos. Judge for yourself.

#### • I will need a lot more herbicide

We use similar rates to systems with tillage, and sometimes less No-till does require a "burn down" pass. Usually less than one quart of glyphosate per acre

## More Myths



#### My yields will go down

Our experience has been positive. Silage test strips in corn after corn out-yielded chisel plowed ground.

Grain yields have exceeded 275 bu per acre in corn following corn situations

#### I need to use more expensive GMO corn

We use a lot of non-GMO corn, and do not use glyphosate post-emerge in corn.











## Importance of Hay crops....

- Koepke Farms
- Alfalfa very important part of our crop rotation
  - 1. Forage source
  - 2. Fertilizer for a following corn crop
    - 150 lb N credit 1<sup>st</sup> year, 50 lb second year
  - 3. Erosion control
  - 4. Tillage tool
  - Discovery Farms data on our farm indicated less N loss to drain tile under alfalfa than corn or beans

# Tips to no-till seed alfalfa and clover



- Start with a weed free seedbed...glyphosate at seeding works well
- We usually seed 12-15 lbs of seed
- Minimal crop residue from previous crop is best
- Get good seed to soil contact







# A little on wheat . . .









# Thoughts on cover crops



- After corn silage is a great opportunity for a cover crop
  - 1. Wheat has been a big positive
  - 2. Thoughts on rye....
- After wheat another great spot for a cover crop... red clover a great fit here.
- Even better than a cover crop: start the next cash crop!

# No-till has gained us:



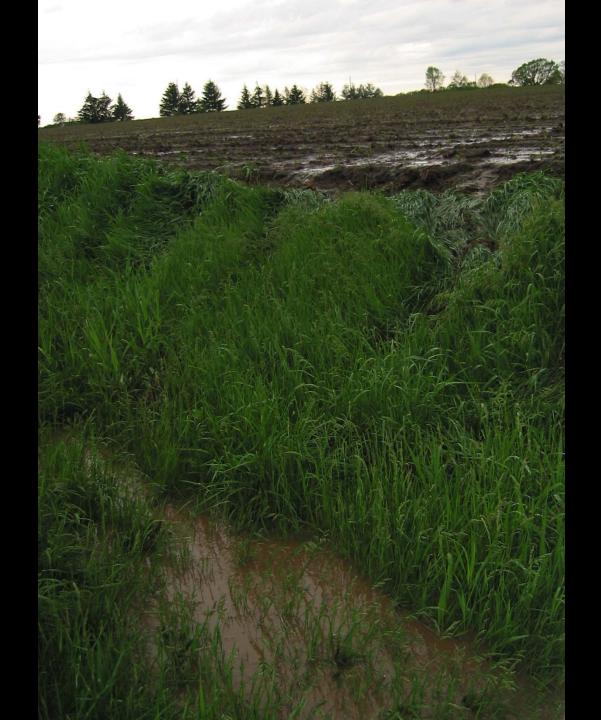
- Great yields in rough growing seasons
- Reduced machinery and fuel costs
- Drastically reduced sediment and N loss to surface waters
- Increased soil organic matter, CEC, and worms!

# 2004 . . . A True Test!











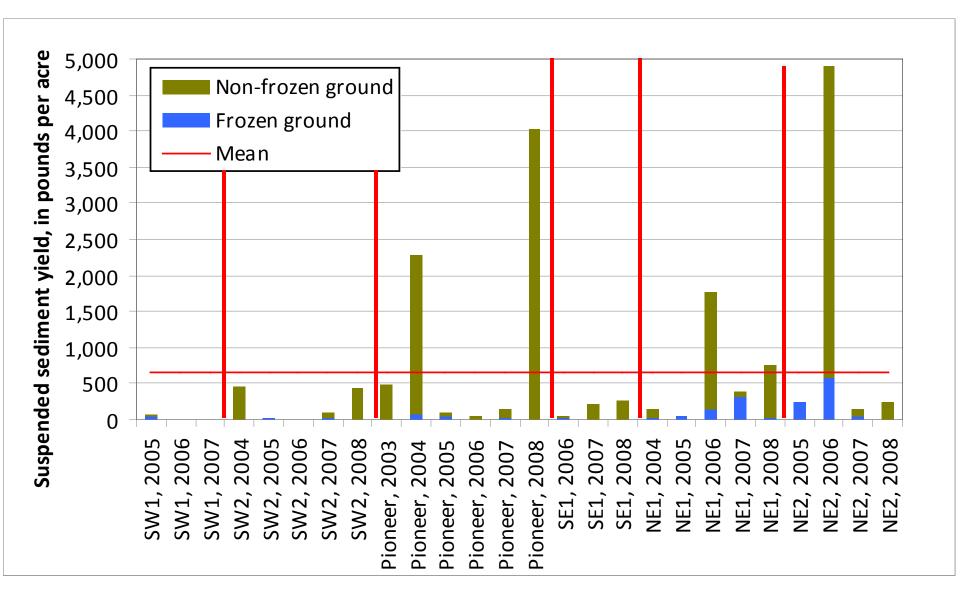






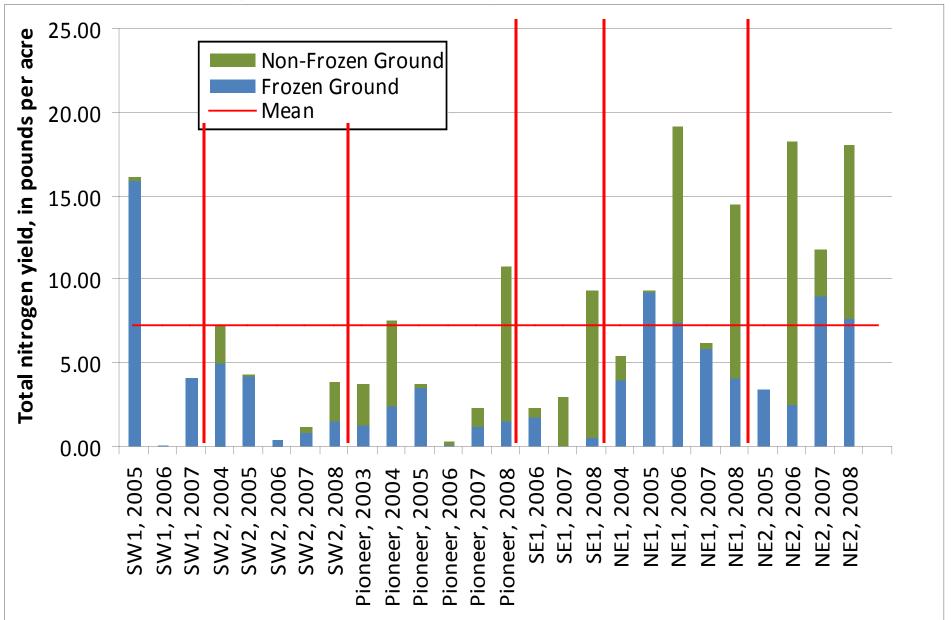
### Sediment Loss

#### Average across all farm years of data was 670 lb/ac



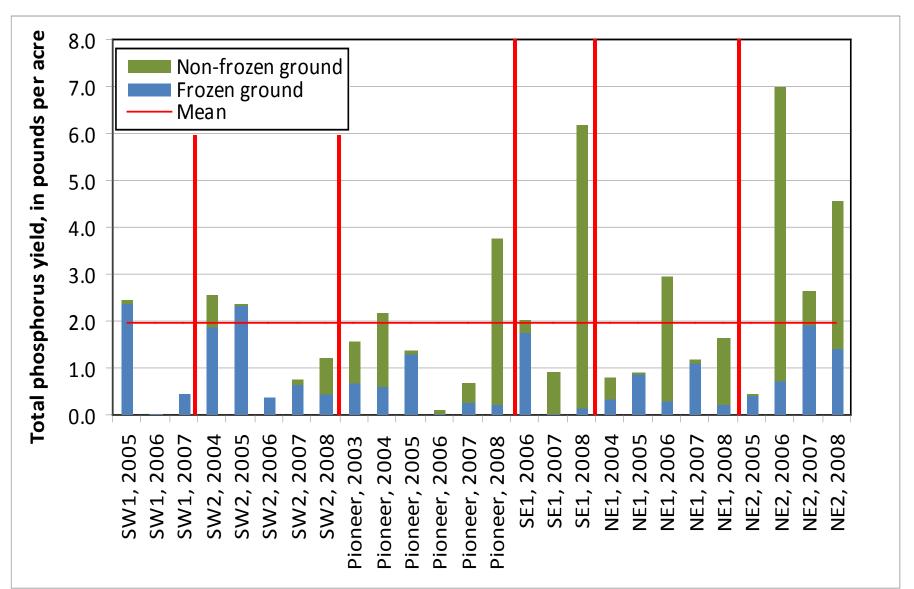
### Nitrogen Loss

Average across all farm years of data was 7 lb/ac

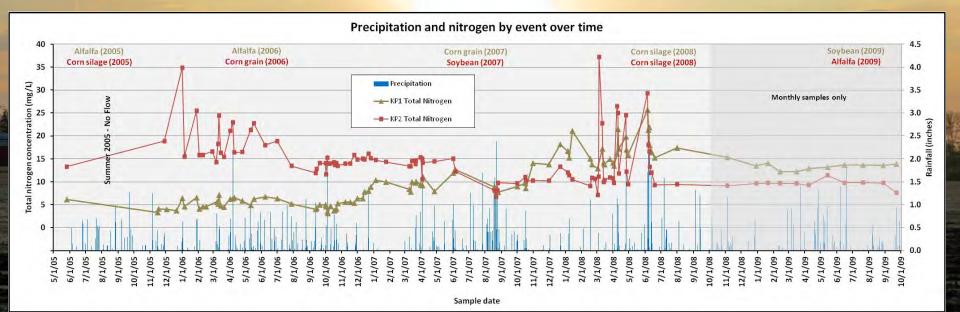


## **Phosphorus Loss**

Average across all farm years of data was 2 lb/ac



### Nitrogen release to drain tile at Koepke Farms, 2005-2009





# We are not alone . . .









### Sustainability takes many forms....









