MIX IT UP

Uterus _______ F______ A. An estimate of an animal's ability to transmit
Flight zone _______ M______ B. 305 day mature equivalent
Buffers _______ G______ C. For heifers 750# (large breeds)
Breeding weight _______ C______ D. White blood cells
Edema _______ L______ E. 160°F for 15 seconds
Mastitis _______ I______ F. Site of development of calf
DM _______ K______ G. Feed additive such as sodium bicarbonate
ME _______ B______ H. Drained from curds, milk protein
SCC _______ D______ I. Inflammation or infection of
HSUS _______ N______ J. By-product of sugar beets
Flash pasteurization _______ E______ K. Dry matter
Whey _______ H______ L. Accumulation of fluids in the cells
Beet pulp _______ J______ M. Comfort zone
TPI _______ A______ N. Wants to abolish all animal agriculture

- A cow’s respiration (breathing) rate should be 10 to 30 per minute. It is subject to body size, age, exercise, excitement and fullness of digestive tract.

- Her pulse should be 60-70 beats per minute. You can feel this on her jaw or the muscle of her tail.

- The temperature of a cow is 101.4. You should always carry a digital thermometer in your show box and use it if you feel your animal is not feeling good.

CMT means micro or parts per million
Diarrhea can be caused by coocidian
Carbohydrates are length of milking
Rumen is a main source of energy
Forages are roughage
Concentrates are a primary source of antibodies
Colostrum is cereal, protein and vitamins
Body condition tells nutritional needs
Lactation is scours
TMR is different feeds mixed together

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