

Maple Start-Up: 10,000 Taps– Single Site

Mark Cannella, UVM Extension Associate Professor
Rob Guay, Viewpoint Ag Valuation and Consulting



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Introduction

This guide is part of a series that offers a summary of the start-up investments needed for maple production systems at several scales. Capital budgets for sap-only enterprises and sap-to-bulk syrup enterprises are included in this series. The profiles demonstrate typical commercial scales and situations common in maple production regions. Five separate scenarios for sap-only enterprises range from 3,000 taps to 15,000 taps. Four scenarios for sap-to-bulk syrup business models are included that range from 5,000 taps to 20,000 taps. Business models include sap collection systems flowing direct to a sugar house and also situations that include satellite sugarbush locations that require moving sap back to the main processing facility.

The guide includes a section on maple production investments and a separate section on real estate investments. Readers with existing real estate can utilize the maple production start-up investment section to plan for a new enterprise on existing owned or rented land. Readers without access to forest land can combine the maple production investment totals with estimated real estate investment ranges demonstrated in the last section of the guide.

The business profiles presented here are each meant to serve as a building block for the capital budgeting individual business owners will need to complete before making investments or seeking outside capital. A list of assumptions is provided below that indicates which elements are included or not included in each business start-up profile. Maple producers, agricultural lenders and other users of this guide are advised to consider the start-up estimates presented here to be lower than the full business start-up costs for several reasons. The University of Vermont Northeast Maple Benchmark project has been tracking detailed financial records with participating maple businesses for several years. Detailed inventory and asset valuation from that research demonstrates that actively operating businesses invest in additional necessary items. These include but are not limited to: forestry services, additional trucks/trailers, all-terrain vehicles for sugarbush management, specialized shop tools, specialized packing equipment, office equipment, site improvements and many other items that may or may not be directly linked to sap harvest and syrup processing.

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Research for this project was conducted from winter 2021 through August 2021. The costs presented here reflect an average of prices from multiple equipment manufacturers and tubing installers at the time of the study. (Authors Note: Any price changes caused from supply chain disruption, inflationary trends or other market dynamics after August 2021 are not factored into this report).

Assumptions

The following assumptions have been used to standardize the business start-up investment profile.

All Terrain- Utility Vehicle (ATV-UTV): the valuation of listed ATV/UTV and snow machines recorded through the UVM Northeast Maple Benchmark were averaged for relevant business size classes. All size classes had approximately \$1.50 per tap assigned to these investments.

Equipment Cost: retail prices minus a typical 10% dealer discount.

Extractors/Releasers: self-contained units with submersible pump.

Monitoring System: includes vacuum sensors at each main line and a tank level sensor.

Hauling: No hauling investment is included in this specific profile report. Hauling investments are included in the 10,000 tap and 20,000 tap profiles that include satellite sugarbushes at other locations. The two profiles that include hauling also include an additional \$5,000 charge for driveway-access site work and electrical service hook-up.

Power/Driveway: a short distance gravel driveway with limited site work and easily accessible power supply for 200-amp service hook-up. A \$5,000 estimate is used for all sap-only profiles. This same cost is included in the “sugarhouse” line item for bulk syrup profiles. Factor in additional costs for longer distance to access electrical supply.

Processing Capacity and Sizing: Reverse Osmosis (RO) and evaporator run-time is limited to 4-5 hours per day for 5,000 taps, limited to 4-6 hours per day for 10,000 taps, and limited to 5-7 hours per day for 20,000 taps. Run time limitations were established by assessing the different personnel and staffing availability at various scales. Smaller enterprises assume shorter processing run-time because owner operators will also need to allocate a portion of time for work in the woods.

Real Estate: Using a tap density of 55 taps per acre the following real estate values can be added to the production system totals. \$1,000 per acre = \$18 per tap; \$1,500 per acre = \$27 per tap; \$2,000 per acre = \$36 per tap; \$2,500 per acre = \$45 per tap and \$3,000 per acre = \$55 per tap.

Sugarhouse: The following calculations have been used to estimate sugarhouse construction:

5,000 taps: 768 square feet @ \$55 per square foot

10,000 taps: 1,300 square feet @ \$50 per square foot

20,000 taps: 1,500 square feet @ \$50 per square foot

Shipping Container: a 40 foot “Conex” type container set on level ground with limited site work and small insulated room for a vacuum pump in rear of container with room in front for a tank or for storage.

Tanks: the most cost effective units that will fit into a shipping container or for larger sizes are set near container.

Truck and Tractor: the valuation of listed trucks and tractors recorded through the UVM Northeast Maple Benchmark were averaged for relevant business size classes. The truck and tractor investment is \$8.50 per tap for size classes 10,000 taps and under. The truck and tractor investment is \$5.50 for all size classes greater than 10,000 taps.

Tubing System: estimated 3 taps per lateral line with a modern wet/dry system that is professionally installed by a third party. Includes main-lines, lateral and drops. This assumes a short distance between the sap collection house or tank and the sugarbush of less than 50 yards. Estimated cost is \$15 per tap. Factor in additional costs for longer runs of wet/dry lines without taps.

Vacuum Pump: dry vein pumps with variable frequency drive (VFD).

10,000 Tap Bulk Syrup Enterprise

- Single Site Start-Up Investment

The budget below provides an estimate of start-up investments directly related to a 10,000 tap sap collection and bulk syrup processing. This budget does not include real estate acquisition costs. See the next section for real estate costs.

	10,000 Taps Direct to Sugar House
ATV/UTV	\$15,000
Extractor	\$5,255
Hauling	\$0
Monitoring System	\$16,500
Power/Driveway	\$0
Shipping Container	\$0
Tanks	\$13,692
Tubing	\$150,000
Truck and Tractor	\$85,000
Vacuum Pump	\$11,150
Subtotal Sap Collection	\$296,596
Cost Per Tap	\$30
Barrels	\$19,200
Concentrate Tank	\$1,823
Evaporator	\$32,875
Filter Press	\$3,156
Misc Tools	\$1,500
Permeate Tank	\$2,677
Sugarhouse	\$60,000
Reverse Osmosis	\$35,500
Subtotal Sugarhouse Cost	\$156,730
Cost Per Tap	\$16
Total Cost - Sap & Processing	\$453,326
Total Cost Per Tap	\$45

Real Estate Investment

The profile shown in the tables below estimates the purchase of 180 acres of forest to support 10,000 taps.

Forest land values can vary dramatically in U.S. maple production regions. The tables in this section provide estimated land acquisition costs for new maple enterprises. The acquisition of forest land for a newly established maple sap or syrup business is likely to incur additional costs related to forest thinning, roads, trails, culverts and other improvements. The same parcel may also have the potential to generate revenue from timber harvesting prior to the establishment of the maple sap collection system. These additional costs and revenue are not included in the forest real estate section because of the wide range of situations present. Prospective business owners can use the general estimates in this report with their own site specific factors to enhance the accuracy of their financial start-up investment plan.

Using a tap density of 55 taps per acre the real estate values shown in Table 1 below can be added to the production system investment totals reported in the earlier section.

Table 1: Real estate investment per tap at different land values

	Forest Land \$1,000/A	Forest Land \$1,500/A	Forest Land \$2,000/A	Forest Land \$2,500/A	Forest Land \$3,000/A
Per Tap	\$18	\$27	\$36	\$45	\$55

Table 2: Combined maple production and 180-acre real estate investment totals

	Sap and Processing	Full Start-Up With 180 Acres at \$1,000/A	Full Start-Up With 180 Acres at \$2,000/A	Full Start-Up With 180 Acres at \$3,000/A
Total Cost	\$453,326	\$633,326	\$813,326	\$933,326

Table 3: Start-up capital per tap for 10,000 tap profile at different land values

	Total Cost Sap and Processing	Full Start-Up With Forest Land \$1,000/A	Full Start-Up With Forest Land \$2,000/A	Full Start-Up With Forest Land \$3,000/A
Per Tap	\$45	\$63	\$81	\$93

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