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Department of Environmental Health and Safety

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Department of Risk Management

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Infectious Materials Risk Designation Form (Hepatitis B)

This form must be completed for every at-risk employee and should be kept in the department's personnel files. At-risk designation for new employees must be made within ten (10) days of the employee's arrival at work, and the employee must be offered the Hepatitis B vaccine within this time period.

If the employee <u>consents</u> to receive the vaccine, complete the <u>Medical Authorization Form</u>, and should schedule an appointment at a time of their convenience during their normal working hours. Appointments can be scheduled by calling the UVM approved outpatient clinic:

Champlain Medical Urgent Care 150 Kennedy Drive South Burlington, VT 05403 802-448-9370

At-risk employees need to bring a completed copy of this form and the <u>Medical Authorization Form</u> to their first vaccination appointment.

Print Name (Supervisor or Principal Investigator)	Signature	Date	
Supervisor Name (<i>First, Last</i>):			-
Department/College/Unit:			
Employee Position Title:			
Employee NETID:			
Employee Name (First, Last):			
The following named employee is at-risk formaterials, as defined below, while perform	•		entially infectious
Completion of training, for instance a copy	, PDF, or screenshot, shall l	be provided to ohealth	@uvm.edu.
☐ In-person (to schedule with EHS sta☐ Other (specify):	•	<u>-</u>	
☐ <u>UE Training: Bloodborne Pathogens</u>			
☐ Online CITI training "OSHA Bloodbo	rne Pathogens"		
All required training must be completed be following formats:	erore starting their work. Th	anning can be complete	ed in one of the

Maintain a copy of this form with the employee's personnel records.

If you have any question, please contact Occupational Health & Safety Office at ohealth@uvm.edu.

Definitions

Bloodborne Pathogens

means pathogenic microorganisms that may be present in human blood and can cause disease in humans. These pathogens include, but are not limited to, hepatitis B virus (HBV), hepatitis C virus (HCV), and human immunodeficiency virus (HIV).

Contaminated

means the presence, or the reasonably anticipated presence, of blood or other potentially infectious materials on any item or surface, including laundry.

Other Potentially Infectious Materials (OPIM)

means:

- The following human body fluids: semen, vaginal secretions, cerebrospinal fluid, synovial fluid, pleural fluid, pericardial fluid, peritoneal fluid, amniotic fluid, saliva in dental procedures, body fluid visibly contaminated with blood, and all body fluids in situations in which it is difficult or impossible to differentiate between body fluids;
- 2. Any unfixed tissue or organ (other than intact skin) from a human (living or dead); and
- Any cell or tissue cultures, organ cultures, culture medium and other solutions contaminated with pathogens; and blood, tissues, and organs from experimental animals infected with human pathogens including, but not limited, to HIV, HBV, or HCV.