## **Perinatal Quality Collaborative Vermont**

### Birth Certificate Quality Improvement Initiative Learning Series Call #3 October 7, 2024 12:00-1:00PM





**DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH** 



## Housekeeping

COLLABORATIVE

VERMONT

Use the Chat box to ask a question.       Image: Imag	Chat Chat	Chat — — X	Microphone	
Captioning       Evaluation       Evaluation <td>Use the <i>Chat</i> box to ask a question.</td> <td></td> <td>ask your question during the Q&amp;A p</td> <td>ortion of the</td>	Use the <i>Chat</i> box to ask a question.		ask your question during the Q&A p	ortion of the
	Show Captions Click Show Captions from your naviga	tion bar to view	Before leaving the event, please complete the evaluation by copying and pasting the link provided in the <i>Chat</i> into a browser or scan the QR	<image/>

**DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH** 



VERMONT CHILD HEALTH IMPROVEMENT PROGRAM

The University of Vermont ILARNER COLLEGE OF MEDICINE

## Agenda

- Welcome
- Revisit: 3 Educational Tools
- Northwestern Medical Center Birth Certificate Workflow
- Breakout Rooms by Hospital
- Using Birth Certificate for Maternal Mortality Review Panel (MMRP)







### Hospital Strategies to Improve Birth Certificate Information

- Established a multidisciplinary team to review records and identify challenges in reporting birth certificate information
- ✓ Identified the best sources of information and specific locations in the records and developed instructions for HIM specialist on reporting this information
- ✓ Modified electronic medical records to capture information consistent with birth certificate items

- ✓ Adopted use of resources, such as the guide to encourage adherence to birth certificate definitions
- ✓ Trained clinical staff to consistently document information in specific locations in the medical records
- ✓ Identified experts in state vital records department for staff to contact with questions
- ✓ Trained hospital staff on all the new procedures







## Education Resources Available for Hospital Teams

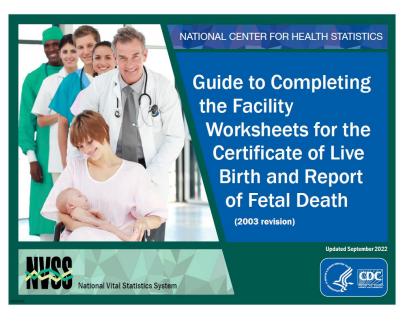






### **Essential Education Resources for Hospital Teams**

### #1 Guide (Updated Sept. 22)



www.cdc.gov/nchs/nvss/facility-worksheets-guide.htm

- Provides definitions, instructions, sources, and keywords and abbreviations for each of the medical and health items
- Available online in html and pdf
- FREE spiral-bound hard copies available
  - Request from <u>births@cdc.gov</u>







## **Essential Resources for Hospital Teams**

**#2** Applying Best Practices for Reporting Medical and Health Information on Birth Certificates



NCHS Training - Applying Best Practices for Reporting Medical and Health Information on Birth Certificates (cdc.gov)

- Free training available on NCHS website
- Continuing education units, certificate of completion available
- New EBRS Users to complete this training as part of VDH onboarding protocol
- Recommend that clinical team entering the data at hospital complete this training as part of competency education.



DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH





### Tips to Increase Accuracy

#### Provider responsibility:

- Work with your Birth Certificate abstractors to determine where in the chart the pregnancy-related and/or newborn conditions is noted.
- Best practice recommendation: document in the admission History and Physical
- Think specificity pre-existing vs gestational diabetes
- Document in the area mutually agreed upon with Birth Certificate abstractors

Birth Certificate abstractor responsibility:

- Look in the designated area for pregnancy related and/or newborn conditions
- Ideally the History and Physical section
- Work with providers for mutual agreement re: where data are located









- Established a multidisciplinary team to review records and identify challenges in reporting birth certificate information
- Meet with some frequency to share experience of Health Information Managers and Clinical teams
- Acknowledge the expertise of all members of the team to improve accuracy of birth certificate data







### VT Resource: Hospital Tip Sheet

#### [ADD YOUR HOSPITAL NAME]

This is a template for you to complete with your team to easily retrieve birth certificate information available in your EHR.

Hospital Specific Tip Sheet to Completing the Birth Certificate Facility Worksheet

All definitions of variables being entered into the Electronic Birth Registration System (EBRS) are important. However, this guide focuses on 11 Vermont Birth Certificate Variables for the purpose of the BCQII review.

2024



DEFINITION	EBRS TAB	TIPS FOR ENTRY
Facility Transfer		
Vermont Facility Worksheet number 40. <u>Was child transferred?</u> : Transfer status of the infant from this facility to another within 24 hours after delivery.	Stat: Child	[Instructions: Include in this column where you usually find this information in your EHR or other tips for entry]
Vermont Facility Worksheet number 42. Is the child being breastfed at time of discharge?: Information on whether the infant was receiving breastmilk or colostrum during the period between birth and discharge from the hospital. Breastfeeding refers to the establishment of breastmilk through the action of breastfeeding or pumping (expressing). Include any attempt to establish breastmilk production during the period between birth and discharge from the hospital. Include if the infant received formula in addition to being breastfed. Does not include the intent to breastfeed.	Stat: Child	

#### **Principal Source of Payment**

#### Vermont Facility Worksheet number 46. Stat: Mother Source: The primary source of payment for the delivery at the time of delivery: Private insurance: (Blue Cross/Blue Shield, Aetna, etc.) Medicadi: (or a comparable state program) Self-pay: (no third party identified) Other: (Indian Health Service; CHAMPUS or TRICARE; other government [federal, state, or local]; or charity)

The principal source of payment is important public health information and is

DEFINITION	EBRS TAB	TIPS FOR ENTRY
Vermont Facility Worksheet number 53.	Medical / Health	
<u>Pre-pregnancy diabetes:</u> Diagnosis before this pregnancy.		
Vermont Facility Worksheet number 53. Gestational diabetes: Diagnosis during this pregnancy.	Medical / Health	

#### age, sex, and physiological condition.

Vermont Facility Worksheet number 53.	Medical / Health	
Pre-pregnancy hypertension (chronic): Diagnosis prior to the onset of this pregnancy- <u>does not include gestational</u> (pregnancy-induced hypertension [PIH]).		
Vermont Facility Worksheet number 53. <u>Gestation hypertension (PIH.</u> <u>preeclampsia</u> ): Diagnosis in this pregnancy (Pregnancy-induced hypertension or preeclampsia).	Medical / Health	Q: How to document chronic hypertension with superimposed preeclampsia? A: Report as chronic hypertension. Justification: Although of course it is possible to have chronic with superimposed preeclampsia, our primary interest is whether the condition began before or during pregnancy.

#### Onset of Labor

Vermont Facility Worksheet number 54.	Medical / Health	Q: What if they opt to start Pit prior to 12
Premature Rupture of Membranes (prolonged, >= 12 hours): Tearing of the uterine wall. Uterine rupture is a full- thickness disruption of the uterine wall that also involves the overlying visceral peritoneum (uterine serosa). Does not include uterine dehiscence (window), in which the fetus, placenta, and umbilical cord remain contained with the uterine cavity. Does not include a silent or incomplete rupture or an asymptomatic separation.		hours? A: Should not be checked.

Medical and Health Information



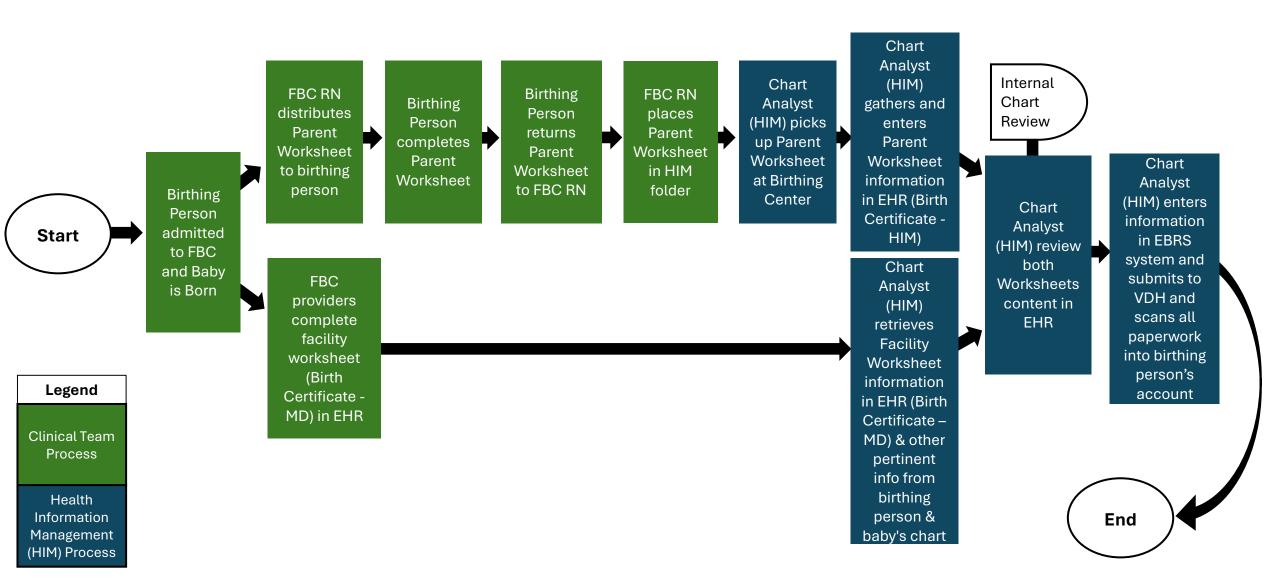
Northwestern Medical Center Birth Certificate Data Collection Approach Anna Gabaree and Bailee Martin

## Birth Certificate Data Entry Team

- 4 Health Information Technicians
- 22 RNs from the Family Birth Center
- 6 OBGYN Providers
- Families who have given birth

#### Birth Certificate Data Collection Current Workflow Northwestern Medical Center (NMC)

March 2024



### Parent Worksheet Workflow

- Parent worksheet and parentage form are added to admission folder
- On admission AND after delivery forms are discussed by nursing with family.
- Nursing asks and confirms completion and documents in EMR.
- Parent completes form
- Form goes into binder
- HIM picks up forms from binder

	Care Item	<u>4</u> 2 (1)	Last Done
Α	Hourly Rounding (FBC)	Q1H I	61m
Α	Address Medications/Pain/Clock	QSHIFT	6h
Α	Birth Certificate Worksheet	QSHIFT	4h
Α	Intrapartum Fall Risk Assessment	QSHIFT	6h
Λ	IV/Incortion/Accoccmont		0h

Interven Birth	tions Certificate Worksheet QSHIFT	✓
	nents <b>Certificate Worksheet</b> rth Certificate Worksheet	✓
	Status	Given to Parent Completed / On Chart
	Comment	
		Do not complete off the worklist until the patient's purple form is completed.

### Facility Worksheet Workflow

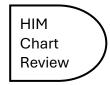
- Integrated into EHR
- "Starred" in provider favorites \*
- Completed by OBGYN provider after delivery of infant

	Diabetes (gestational)		Hypertension-prepregnancy			
Hypertension-gestational	Hypertension-eclampsia	=	Previous preterm births			
Other previous poor pregnancy outcome	Pregnancy resulted from infertility treatment		Fertility enhancing drugs, artificial or intrauterine insemination			
Assisted reproductive technology (e.g. in vitro fertilization)	Mother had a previous cesarean delivery		None of the above			
Onset of labor (Check all that apply)						
PROM (prolonged > 12 hrs)	Precipitous labor(<3 hrs)	=	Prolonged labor (>20 hrs)			
None of the above						
Pregnancy Infections (Check all that apply)						
Gonorrhea	Syphillis	=	Chlamydia			
Hepatitis B	=) (Hepatitis C		None of the above			
Negative     Positive     Not performed       GBS Prophylaxis Status						
Negative     Positive     Not performed       GBS Prophylaxis Status       No treatment     > 4 hours before deliver	y = = 4 hours before delivery =</td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>					
Negative       Positive       Not performed         GBS Prophylaxis Status         No treatment       > 4 hours before deliver         Characteristics of labor & delivery (Check all that apply)	y = = 4 hours before delivery =</td <td></td> <td>Non-vertex presentation</td> <td></td>		Non-vertex presentation			
Negative       =       Positive       =       Not performed         GBS Prophylaxis Status         No treatment       =       > 4 hours before deliver         Characteristics of labor & delivery (Check all that apply         Induction of labor         Steroids for fetal lung maturation received	y = = 4 hours before delivery =</td <td></td> <td>Non-vertex presentation Clinical chorioamnionitis during labor or maternal temp &gt;=100.4F(38C)</td> <td></td>		Non-vertex presentation Clinical chorioamnionitis during labor or maternal temp >=100.4F(38C)			
Negative       =       Positive       =       Not performed         GBS Prophylaxis Status         No treatment       =       > 4 hours before deliver         Characteristics of labor & delivery (Check all that apply         Induction of labor         Steroids for fetal lung maturation received         by mother before delivery         Moderate/heavy meconium staining of the	y = = 4 hours before delivery = )</td <td></td> <td>Clinical chorioamnionitis during labor or</td> <td></td>		Clinical chorioamnionitis during labor or			
GBS Prophylaxis Status	y       =          y       =          y       =          Augmentation of labor       =         Antibiotics received by mother during labor         =       Fetal intolerance of labor such that action		Clinical chorioamnionitis during labor or maternal temp >=100.4F(38C)			
Negative       =       Positive       =       Not performed         GBS Prophylaxis Status         No treatment       =       > 4 hours before deliver         Characteristics of labor & delivery (Check all that apply         Induction of labor         Steroids for fetal lung maturation received by mother before delivery         Moderate/heavy meconium staining of the amniotic fluid         None of the above	y       =          y       =          y       =          Augmentation of labor       =         Antibiotics received by mother during labor         =       Fetal intolerance of labor such that action		Clinical chorioamnionitis during labor or maternal temp >=100.4F(38C)			
Negative       =       Positive       =       Not performed         GBS Prophylaxis Status         No treatment       =       >       4 hours before deliver         Characteristics of labor & delivery (Check all that apply         Induction of labor         Steroids for fetal lung maturation received         by mother before delivery         Moderate/heavy meconium staining of the aminiotic fluid	y       >         y       >         x		Clinical chorioamnionitis during labor or maternal temp >=100.4F(38C)			
Negative       =       Positive       =       Not performed         GBS Prophylaxis Status         No treatment       =       > 4 hours before deliver         Characteristics of labor & delivery (Check all that apply         Induction of labor         Sterolds for fetal lung maturation received         by mother before delivery         Moderate/heavy meconium staining of the amniotic fluid         None of the above         Method of Delivery	y       >         y       >         x		Clinical chorioamnionitis during labor or maternal temp >=100.4F(38C)			
Negative <ul> <li>Positive</li> <li>Not performed</li> <li>GBS Prophylaxis Status</li> <li>No treatment</li> <li>&gt; 4 hours before deliver</li> <li>Characteristics of labor &amp; delivery (Check all that apply</li> <li>Induction of labor</li> <li>Steroids for fetal lung maturation received by mother before delivery</li> <li>Moderate/heavy meconium staining of the amniotic fluid</li> <li>None of the above</li> <li>Method of Delivery</li> <li>Was delivery with forceps attempted but unsuccessful?</li> <li>Yes</li> <li>No</li> <li>No</li> <li>Was delivery with vacuum extraction attempted but unsuccessful?</li> </ul> <li>Was delivery with vacuum extraction attempted but unsuccessful?</li>	y       >         y       >         y       >         x       >         x       >         x       >         x       >         x       >         x       >         x       >         x       >         x       >         x       >         x       >         x       >         x       >         x       >         x       >         x       >		Clinical chorioamnionitis during labor or maternal temp >=100.4F(38C)			
Negative <ul> <li>Positive</li> <li>Not performed</li> <li>GBS Prophylaxis Status</li> <li>No treatment</li> <li>&gt; 4 hours before deliver</li> <li>Characteristics of labor &amp; delivery (Check all that apply Induction of labor</li> <li>Steroids for fetal lung maturation received by mother before delivery</li> <li>Moderate/heavy meconium staining of the anniotic fluid</li> <li>None of the above</li> <li>Method of Delivery</li> <li>Was delivery with forceps attempted but unsuccessful?</li> <li>Yes</li> <li>No</li> <li>No</li></ul>	y       >         y       >         y       >         x       >         x       >         x       >         x       >         x       >         x       >         x       >         x       >         x       >         x       >         x       >         x       >         x       >         x       >         x       >         x       >		Clinical chorioamnionitis during labor or maternal temp >=100.4F(38C)			

### HIM Checklist/worksheet

Baby's Information Name:			DOB:	
MR#: Acct#:				
Sex:				
Date of Birth:	Time o	of Birth:		
Weight (Grams and Pounds) Gram	s:G	Pounds:	lbs _c	<u>)Z</u>
APGAR				
Gestational Age:				
Breast or Bottle		Baby Transferred?	Y N	
Phone #:				
Mom's Information Name:			DOB:	
MR#: Dr				
Gravida: Para: Last Live	Birth:	(Other Outcome #	)Date	:
Height:"		Date of Oth	er Outcome	:
Weight: Pounds: PrePo	ost:	Kilograms: Pre:	Post	t:
Marital status: If sin	gle is Dad involve	ed:Y N		
Insurance type:				Purple Sheet
WIC- Yes or No				Parentage
GBS:				MD
LMP:				нім
1 <sup>st</sup> Visit:				DSW Letter
Last Visit:				Print
Total Visits:	renatal Provider:			Scan
				Submit Excel

### **Internal Audit Processes**



- Put baby and birthing person's info into the baby spreadsheet that we obtain from FBC's Birth Log binder
- Utilizing checklist HIM technician reviews both worksheets content doing a chart review (EHR) to ensure all
  information needed is there.
  - EMR
  - Parent Worksheet
- Create HIM report in birthing person's account w/ the info gathered
- Check birthing person's insurance regarding social security cards. If birth person has Medicaid, they will get a
  DSW w/ a DSW letter. If birth person has any other insurance, they will only receive a Non DSW letter
- Then begin birth certificate through State Website (EBRS) followed by printing the draft birth certificate and submitting it into the system
- Scan parent's worksheet, draft birth certificate from State Website, dsw/non dsw letter, dsw (if needed) & parentage form into the patients EMR
- Update the baby's name in EMR if D/C for 24 hours or longer
- Update excel birth log spreadsheet

Chart Analyst (HIM) review both Worksheets content in EHR

### Birth Certificate Spread Sheet

- Use spreadsheet before paperwork is received log MRN for birthing person and baby & babies dob and current Meditech name
- Review labor log daily to ensure all patients are on the spreadsheet and that nobody gets missed.
- Spreadsheet includes:

	Patients Name (*comments Exist)	D.O.B.	Mom	Baby	Interview	Printed	Parentage Form	Phone #	DSW	Comment	baby's wt (g)	NB Acct #	name in MT	Scan	MD	Social Security Y/N	* Additional Comments
	October																
1																	
2																	

• Gestational Carriers get highlighted in spreadsheet and information scanned into intended parent's chart is not scanned into GC chart. No GC information gets scanned into baby's chart. Paperwork gets mailed to vital records.

## Compliance with 5-day reporting

#### • Timeliness of Birth Reporting <u>98.3%</u>

- Staff turnover
- New team members

## Pros and Cons of this Approach

#### Pros

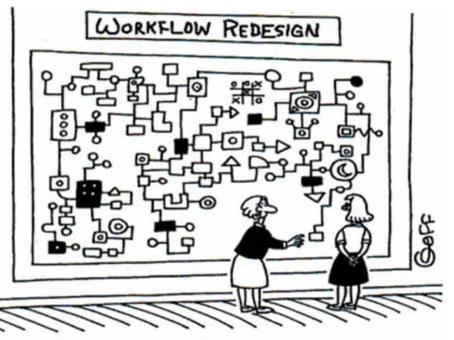
- Roles are well defined
- Seamless for providers
- Technicians process is clearly laid out
- Spreadsheet ensures technicians are prepared for every baby born before receiving parents birth worksheet.
- Checklist makes a big difference

### Cons

- If nursing forgets to collect paper form or patients leaves AMA – can cause delay
- Occasionally parents take Parent Worksheet home

### **Breakout Session**

- In your groups:
  - Introduce yourselves
  - What questions do you have ?
  - What challenges are you facing?
  - What more do you and your team need to know or further explore?



"And this is where our ED workflow redesign team went insane."







### Large group debrief of the Break-out Group



## Opportunity for feedback on:

- Birth Certificate Worksheets
- Complications and/or concerns about Voluntary Acknowledgement of Parentage (VAP) form process
- Vermont Department of Health Quarterly Report
- Specific questions for Vermont Department of Health vital stats

https://redcap.med.uvm.edu/surveys/?s=JEK7RW3CEDFXH3RL







## Using Birth Certificate for Maternal Mortality and Morbidity Surveillance

Audrey Ling, MPH, Public Health Analyst, Division of Health Statistics & Informatics Vermont Department of Health







### The Maternal Mortality Review Panel

The Maternal Mortality Review Panel (MMRP) was established in 2011 to conduct comprehensive, multidisciplinary reviews of perinatal deaths for the purpose of identifying factors associated with these deaths and creating recommendations for system changes for improving the health care and social services for individuals living in Vermont



### Timing of Maternal Deaths

Timing of Maternal Deaths at the State and National\* Levels

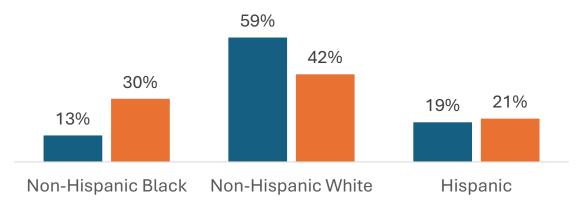


\*At the time of data collection, 36 states were reporting maternal deaths.

Sources: U.S. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (2017 – 2019), Vermont Vital Statistics (2012 – 2023)

### Race and Ethnicity in Maternal Deaths

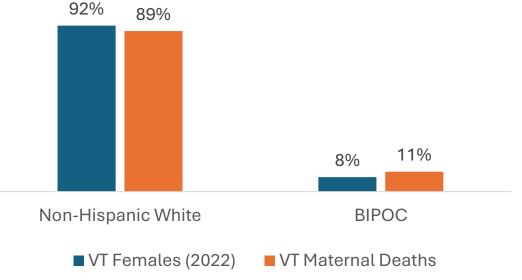
Race/Ethnicity by Percent for United States General Population and Maternal Deaths, 2021



US General Population
Maternal Deaths

Source: National Center for Health Statistics (2021), National Vital Statistics System, Natality and Mortality (2021), U.S. Census Bureau via USA Facts (2021)

#### Race/Ethnicity by Percent for Vermont Females and Maternal Deaths, 2012-2023



Source: Vermont Vital Statistics (2012 – 2023), Vermont Population Estimates (2022)

#### Vermont Department of Health

### Vermont's MMRP Data

Maternal Mortality in Vermont bears out this distressing trend...

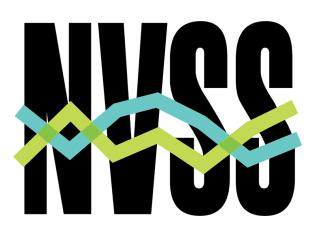
- From 2020 to 2023, the last year of full reviews, all deaths have been in the post partum period.
- Since 2012, **43**% of perinatal deaths in Vermont were the result of accidental overdose. Substance misuse contributed to a significant majority of overall deaths.
- Of the 8 maternal deaths reviewed by the panel since 2021, all were related to opioid misuse 7 were directly caused by overdose and one by endocarditis due to IV drug use.

#### Vermont's MMRP Data

- More than 90% of perinatal deaths in Vermont occurred among people with a diagnosis of a mental health disorder. Since 2012, 11% were identified as being caused by suicide.
- In many of the cases reviewed in 2023 and 2024, we also saw comorbidities such as:
  - Housing instability or homelessness
  - Poverty
  - Intimate partner violence
  - Involvement with the child welfare system

### Vitals Statistics Data

- CDC funded
- Data lag
  - Updated daily
  - Final data available 1 year following completion of calendar year
- Data included
  - All births and deaths which occur in Vermont
  - Births and deaths of Vermont residents which occur out of state



### Death Identification Process

- Pregnancy check box on death certificate
  - Not always accurate
- Searching cause of death fields for pregnancy relation
  - ICD-10 codes
  - Text fields
- Linking the death certificate of a birth parent to the birth certificate of their child
  - SSN
  - Name
  - DOB

/\*UPDATE SSN TO NUMERIC, AND CREATE CDATEB\*/

```
DATA D1;
SET DEATHS;
```

```
SSN1 = INPUT(SSN, 9.);
FORMAT SSN1 Z9.;
CDATEB = MDY(MOB, DOB, YOB);
FORMAT CDATEB DATE9.;
FORMAT CID 13.;
```

#### RUN;

```
/*CHECK UPDATES*/

PROC CONTENTS DATA= D1;

RUN;
```

```
PROC PRINT DATA = D1 (OBS = 10);
VAR SSN SSN1 CID CDATEB CDATED;
```

```
RUN;
```

```
/*CREATE LINKPLUS DEATH FILE - ALREADY LIMITED TO FEMALE '
DATA LINK;
SET D1;
WHERE 10 LE AGE_YR LE 60;
RUN;
```

# Linkage of Birth and Death Certificates

- All potential cases must be linked
- Verification of case
- Clarification of date of death in relation to date of delivery
- Provides additional information
  - Conflicts
- Limitations
  - Entry errors
  - Name changes
  - Manual review

	File 1: J:\MCH\Materna	I Mortality/MK\data\2024_01\birt	hs.csv	
Data Type: Delimited	File 2: J:\MCH\Materna	I Mortality\MK\data\2024_01\dea	aths.csv	
elect Blocking Variables			Select II	D Variables (File 1)
Data Item (File 1)	Data Item (File 2)	Phonetic System		
MOMLN MOMDOB MOMSSN	LN CDATEB SSN	Soundex		ildID ATEB
elect Matching Variables and I	lethods		Select I	D Variables (File 2)
Data Item (File 1) MOMLN	Data Item (File 2) LN	Matching Method Last Name	CIE cda	) ated
MOMEN	FN	First Name		
MOMMN	MN	Middle Name		
MOMSSN MOMDOB	SSN CDATEB	SSN Date		
				Advanced
Missing Value (File 1) — M	Cuto	Direct Method Fest Match off Value 7 age results will be saved to		Save Cancel
				Run
Add Remove		CH\Maternal Mortality\MK\data Senerate Non-match Report	<b>2</b>	<u>irtuni</u>

### Putting it all together

- Birth Chart Data:
  - Offers a vivid picture of less visible life conditions and factors for the birthing parent—the social determinants that aren't explicitly documented elsewhere.
  - Allows us to better understand the infant at the time of birth





United States: c. 1940 An operator entering data

Photo Credit: Underwood Archives, Inc / Alamy Stock Photo

#### Learning Series Virtual Call Schedule

June 10, 2024 12:00-1:00 p.m.	Why is the birth certificate important to birthing people, newborns, and your hospital?
September 9, 2024 12:00-1:00 p.m.	Partnering across departments to improve accuracy of 11 key variables
October 7, 2024 12:00-1:00 p.m.	Tools to improve reporting accuracy of 11 key variables
November 4, 2024 12:00-1:00 p.m.	Identify and spread best practices for data collection: Verification and Training

This education opportunity is intended for Vermont Hospital teams involved in birth certificate data collection.

Birth Certificate Quality Improvement Initiative Learning Series

BCQIÎ

#### Next Call

Identify and spread best practices for data collection: Verification and Training

> November 4, 2024 12:00 – 1:00 p.m.

Register Today https://go.uvm.edu/j2fou

OR

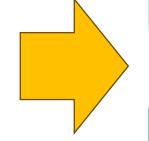


Scan the QR Code











### Comments? Compliments? Questions?

### Please take a few moments to complete the evaluation.

#### Thank you!



Scan QR code





