To: PAUL BIERMAN

FROM: MICAN PAVICH

SUBJECT: GARDEN VARIETY Be

HERE'S THE DIGHTON WETHOD

FIRST DEVELOPED BY FOUND TERM (DIM)

AND MODIFIED BY SHU HU ZHENG.

I USED IT FOR SEVERAL GEARS IN MY LAB.

SHU HUI NOW USES A COLUMN
METHOD, I BELIEVE. YOU MAY BE
ABLE TO REACH HER AT UC-IRVINE

(SZheng@uci.edu).

CHERRS, Nula.

10Be Chemistry for Sediments

Before extraction:

- Mechanical clean the used teflon jar; soak in 1:1 HCl for several days; rinse by distilled water; oven dry at 60°C.
- Mechanical clean the used alumina crucible; soak in conc.HNO3 for several days on hot plate (~ 100°C); rinse by water; oven dry.
- Rinse 50ml and 15ml screw-top vials with 1:1 HCl; rinse by water; oven dry at 60°C.
- Grind sediments sample to fine powder; oven dry at 55-60°C for 24hrs, store in vials in the dessicator.

(1) Sample decomposition.

- Weigh samples; for surface samples (~109atoms/g), the amount is ~0.2g; down to the cores, from 0.5g to 1g; place the sample in 60ml teflon jar.
- Weigh out 9Be spike into jar; weight of spike is 0.5-1mg 9Be.
 - Wash down sides of jar with ~5ml water.
- add 5-10ml HF (49%) and 2ml HClO4 (72%)
- Let sit with cape on, but loose for several hrs.
- Dry down samples on hot plate ~200°C, sometimes add more HClO4 to further oxidize the black organic stuff in the jar.
- Dry down hard until sample forms solid cake.
- Add 10ml 1:1HCl, swirl well, be sure all sample taken up, then dry down again.

2) Precipitation of Fe(OH)3 with Be & Al etc.

- Take up sample in 20ml 3N HCl; let sit until it forms clear solution and transfer to 50ml vial.
- add 15ml conc. NH₄OH, pH~8; shake well; sit overnight to complete the precipitation of hydroxides.

3) Separation of Be from Fe and Al.

- Centrifuge; decant the supernate; wash the precipitation twice with conc.NH4OH; using 3:1 NH4OH/ppt.ratio.
 - Using Vortexter to homogenize ppt. and NH4OH.
- Centrifuge 10-15min ; decant supernate as quantitatively as possible.
- Add 1:10 HF to residue in 2:1 HF/residue ratio.
- Using Votexter to homogenize.
- Add more 1:10 HF until the solution turns to ivory (pH-5).
- Add conc.NH4OH dropwise until the solution turns to brown again, pH~7; wait for 1 hr to let complete precipitation of Fe (OH) 3.
- Centrifuge; pour supernate (Be) into original jar(after washed with 3N HCl, then rinse with water); discard the residue with the vial.

4) Final product - BeO

- Dry down the solution in the jar on the hot plate overnight at 200-250°C, (under Al foil canopy)

- mixed up ~1ml 20% HClO4 to cover the sample; dry down at ~200°C.
 - Repeat the above proceedure.
 - Take up sample in 1ml 1:1 HCl; dry down at ~150°C.
 - Repeat the above proceedure.
- Take sample up in 10ml 1NHCl and transfer the solution to 15ml vial.
- add ~40 drops of conc. NH4OH; shake well; stay for 1hr.
- Centrifuge; decant the supernate.
- Transfer the gel Be(OH) 2 to alumina crucible.
- Bake the crucible in furnace; 2hrs at 80°C, 1hr at 550°C.

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