

Date: March 7, 2006

DUPONT MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

03/07/2006

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***** SECTION 1 - Product and Company Identification ******

Manufacturer: E.I. DuPont de Nemours & Co.

Fluoroproducts

Wilmington, DE, 19898

Telephone:

Product Information: Medical Emergency:

Transportation Emergency:

(800) 441-7515

(800) 441-3637

(800) 424-9300 (CH

PNCR 3

espirable bu

TOPCOAT CLE

RODUCT CODE:

456N-41350

Chemical Family: No Information Available

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SECTION 2 - Composition, Information on Ingredients

Managar I was	Concentration/						
CAS #	Ingredient Range (%	Exposure Limits**					
0828-73-6	POLYETHYLENE GLYCOL TRIM- ETHYLNONYLETHER	A None O None					
60828-78-6	POLYETHYLENE GLYCOL TRIM- ETHYLNONYL ETHER	A None					
9002-84-0	POLYTETRAFLUOROETHYLENE	O 15.0 mg/m3 Total Sust					
		0 5.0 mg/m3 Respirable Dus					
		D 10.0 mg/m3 Total Dust D 5.0 mg/m3					
26655-00-5	PERFLUOROALKOXY RESIN	A None					
732-18-5	WATER 1	A None O None					
Not Avail	ACRYLIC POLYMER	A Mone 0 None					



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THREE SHEEDING ***** SECTION 2 - Composition, Information on Ingredients tocated action of the control of Cont'd

With the state of 112-34-5 ETHANOL, 2-(2-BUTOXYETHO-XY)-Α None None 102-71-6 TRIETHANOLAMINE O None

SHA HAZARDOUS? Yes

Ocaa syrodian see Hesiday haut you

A = ACSIH, O = OSHA, D = Dupont, S = Supplier (For additional definition of terms, see Section 16). Limits are 8-hour TWA unless otherwise specified.

Third Land Strain And Land Land Land the a section 3 - Hazards Information Melta Telegraphy I. Company of the second control of the second co

ergency Overview:

CONTRACTOR STATE

the decision and spuned WARNING! VAPORS AND SPRAY MIST HARMFUL IF INHALED. MAY CAUSE NOSE, THROAT, EYE AND SKIN IRRITATION.

rential Health Effects:

Inhalation:

and typically occur street a celly May cause nose and throat irritation. exposure a grever exposure

Ingestion: 000 1100 production the art fundanated gases, from

May result in gastrointestinal distress. . the typecal processing

Skin or eye contact:

y cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged iguid contact may cause skir irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Other Potential Health Effects in addition to those Listed above: 100 1000000

STHYLENE GLYCOL TRIMETHYLNONYL ETHER e contact may cause any of the following: severe irritation corneal injury

POLYTETRAFLUORCETHYLENE

inhalation of fluoropolymer dust ray cause irritation of the mose, an and lungs with cough, difficulty breathing or shortness of Inhalation of fumes (fine particulates) and gase ated fluoropolymer may result in delayed or imme espiratory effects. The severity of these effects depends on the tent of overheating and the quantity inhaled. Mild exposure may It in polymer fume fever, a temporary (24-48 hrs) ndition characterized by fever, chills, and/or se symptoms are not immediate and typically occur after ximately 4-24 hours following exposure. decomposition products (fume and fluorinated gases) from fluoropclymer heated to temperatures above the typical processing rature, especially in poorly ventilated or confined spaces,

en salabasis

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***** SECTION 3 - Hazards Information ******
Cont'd

cause extensive and potentially life-threatening lung damage. These decomposition products may produce progressive breathing difficulty and later develop into severe pulmonary edema. Edema may be delayed and unlike polymer fume fever, requires medical intervention. Do not exceed recommended baking temperatures. Baking ovens must be properly ventilated. At temperatures above 400 C (750 F), small amounts of hydrogen fluoride can be evolved; amounts increase as temperatures increase. Hydrogen fluoride is toxic and can cause skin and eye irritation. (3ppm - ceiling ACGIH-TLV). High concentrations can cause lung damage, pulmonary edema, burns. Some vegetation is particularly sensitive to damage by hydrogen fluoride and attention must be given to exhaust ventilation. Explosive reaction may occur above 800 degrees F with finely divided fluorocarbon and metal powder (aluminum or magnesium). Operations such as grinding, buffing or grit blasting may generate such mixtures. Avoid any dust build p with fluorocarbons and metal mixtures. intermediate MARNING: This chemical contains Tetrafluoroethylene which is known to e State of California to cause cancer.

RELUGROALKOXY RESIN

inhalation of fluoropolymer dust may cause irritation of the nose, throat and lungs with cough, difficulty breathing or shortness of breath. Inhalation of fumes (fine particulates) and gases produced from overheated fluoropolymer may result in delayed or immediate respiratory effects. The severity of these effects depends on the extent of overheating and the quantity inhaled. Mild exposure may result in polymer fume fever, a temporary (24-48 hrs) flu-like condition characterized by fever, chills, and/or cough. These symptoms are not immediate and typically occur after a delay of exposure. However, exposure approximately 4-24 hours following decomposition products (fume and fluorinated gases) from polymer heated to temperatures above the typical prosperature, especially in poorly ventilated or confined space cause extensive and potentially life-threatening lung damage. These decomposition products may produce progressive breathing difficulty and later develop into severe pulmonary edema. Edema may be delayed and unlike polymer fume fever, requires medical intervention. ceed recommended baking temperatures. ventilated. At temperatures about hydrogen fluoride can be evolved exatures increase. Eydrogen fluoride is toxic and can d eye irritation. (3ppm - ceiling ACGIH-TLV). High concentration cause lung damage, pulmonary edema, burns. Some vegetation is clarly sensitive to damage by hydrogen fiboride and given to exhaust ventilation. Explosive reaction 200 degrees F with finely divided fluorocarbon and metal powd minum or magnesium). Operations such as grinding, buffing or grit blasting may generate such mixtures. Avoid any dust buildup ith fluorocarbons and metal mixtures.



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***** SECTION 3 - Hazards Information ***** Cont'd THE CHARLE WHEN THE PROPERTY OF

Do not exceed recommended baking temperatures. Baking ovens must be properly ventilated. At temperatures above 400 C (750 F), small amounts of carbonyl fluoride can be evolved. This substance irritates the eyes, the skin and respiratory tract. Inhalation of whigh concentrations my cause lung edema. The effects may be delayed. Individuals with preexisting diseases of the lungs may have increased susceptibility to the toxicity of excessive exposures from thermal decomposition products. WARNING: This chemical contains Tetrafluoroethylene which is known to

othe State of California to cause cancer.

ACRYLIC POLYMER

STEED THE

Increased susceptibility to the effects of this material may be observed in people with preexisting disease of any of the follows skin

THANOL, 2-(2-BUTOXYETHOXY) -

Increased susceptibility to the effects of this material may be observed in people with preexisting disease of any of the following: central nervous system eyes kidneys liver skin Tests in laboratory animals have shown effects on any of the following organs/systems: blood kidneys liver Recurrent overexposure may result in liver and kidney injury-Righ doses in laboratory animals have shown non specific effects such as irritation, weight loss, moderate blood changes. Eye contact may cause any of the following: severe irritation burns corneal injury

TRIETHANOLAMINE

Can be absorbed through the skin in harmful amounts. AUSCHMON GOMBSHY ecurrent overexposure may result in liver and kidney injury. splashes in the eye may result in ch

If a chemical listed above is not identified as a carcinogen it is not an "IARC, NTP, or OSHA carcinogen".

***** SECTION 4 - First Aid Measure

if affected by inhalation of vapor or spray mist, move to fresh air. breathing, give artificial respiration, preferably outh. If breathing difficulty persis physician.

unlikely event of ingestion, DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. Call a physician immediately and have names of ingredients available. or eve:



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****** SECTION 4 - First Aid Measures ****** Cont'd

In case of eye contact, immediately flush with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes; call a physician. In case of skin contact, wash thoroughly with soap and water. If irritation occurs, contact a physician.

Vendal Latin Co LA HOVE SOURIER OF ign to ***** SECTION 5 - Firefighting Measures ******

Tash Point (Method) Above 200 deg P Closed Cu

at the water where the contract the

rox. flammable limits No Information Available tito ignition temperature

No Information Available

azardous Combustion Products:

CO, CO2, smoke, and oxides of any heavy metals that are reported in Composition, Information on Ingredients" section.

Extinguishing media:

Dhiversal aqueous film-forming foam, carbon dioxide, dry chemical. eclar fire fighting procedures:

Sull protective equipment, including self-contained breathing amounts apparatus, is recommended. Water from fog nozzles may be used to went pressure build-up.

explosion hazards:

Combustible liquid. When heated above the flashpoint, emits vapors which, when mixed with air, will burn if an ignition source is present. Fine mist or sprays could ignite at temperatures below the flashpoint. Heat as Havis appear of respectator as populate

Wentd Laufer was and in ***** SECTION 6 - Accidental Release Measures ******

Procedures for cleaning up spills or leaks:

Ventilate area. If heated above the flashpoint, remove sources of ignition. Prevent skin and eye contact and breathing of vapor

properly fitted air-purifying respirato cartridges (NIOSH approved TC-23C), eye protection, gloves and protective clothing. Confine, remove with inert absorbent, and dispose of properly.

***** SECTION 7 - Handling and Storage *****

aken in handling and stor

label precautions. Close container after each us hove its flash point, this must be handled as if it were a flan d. Do not transfer contents to bottles or unlabeled contains h thoroughly after handling and before eating or smoking. Do not

A Storage Classification: er precautions:

If waterial is a coating: do not sand, flame cut, braze or weld dry coating without a NIOSH approved respirator or appropriate ventilation, and gloves.



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***** SECTION 8 - Exposure Controls or Personal Protection ******

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Engineering controls and work practices: Ventilation:

Provide sufficient ventilation in volume and pattern to keep contaminants below applicable exposure limits.

Personal Protective Equipment:

Maria Solder And Select Annual

account and a series of the series of the AND STATE OF STATE OF

Personal protective equipment should be worn to prevent contact with seyes, skin or clothing.

Respiratory:

ADo not breathe vapors or mists. Wear an appropriate, properly fitted ANIOSH approved respirator during application and until all vapors and spray mists are exhausted unless air monitoring demonstrates "wapor/mist levels are below applicable limits. If respirators are required, use a properly fitted air-purifying respirator with organic wapor cartridges (NIOSH approved TC-23C) and particulate filter (NIOSE TC-84A). In confined spaces, or in situations where continuous spray operations are typical, or if proper air-purifying respirator fit is not possible, wear a positive pressure, supplied-air respirator (NIOSH TC-19C). In all cases, follow respirator manufacturer's directions for respirator use.

rotective clothing:

Neoprene gloves and coveralls are recommended.

Eye protection:

Desirable in all industrial situations. Goggles are preferred to prevent eye irritation. If safety glasses are substituted, splash guard or side shields.

***** SECTION 9 - Physical and Chemical Properties *****

Slower than Ether Evaporation Rate Vapor Pressure of principal solvent 0.01 mm @ 20 Deg C Lubility of solvent in water 5,10 - 365 tree (C) r density of principal solvent (Air = 1) morox. Boiling range 327 - 342 DEG (C) Approx. Freezing range 11.28 Gallon weight (lbs/gal) 1.35 Specific gravity 37.81 ercent volatile by volume volatile by weight one solids by weight hysical state Liquid (waterborne systems only) No Data Available less exempt (lbs/gal) as packaged (lbs/gal) 2.1 1.0

VOC less exempt (theoretical) and VOC as packaged (theore re based upon the VOC of the packaged material at the point of cture.



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**** SECTION 15 - Regulatory Information ***** Cont'd see such to the see see

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DESCRIPTION SERVICES	AND THE RESERVE AND THE PERSON OF THE PERSON		to come in married	Months of the	IN PROPERTY	15 PHA 107 HO	
60828-78-6	POLYETHYLENE GLYCOL TRIM- ETHYLMONYLETHER	N	NR III	NA NA	N	NA	N
60828-78-6	POLYETHYLENE GLYCOL TRIM- ETHYLNONYL ETHER	N	NR	A,C	N	NR	N
9002-84-0	POLYTETRAFLUOROETHYLENE	N	NR -	N	N	NR	N
26655-00-5	PERFLUOROALKOXY RESIN	N	NR	N	N	NR	N
7732-18-5	WATER	N	NR	N	N	NR	N
Not Avail	ACRYLIC POLYMER	N	NR	N	N	INR P	100
112-34-5	ETHANOL, 2-(2-BUTOXYETHO- XY)-	N	NR	A, F	Y	NR	Y
MIN 102-71-6	TRIETHANOLAMINE	N	NR	C	N	NR	N

EPCRA: Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Ac (aka Title III, SARA)

302: Extremely hazardous substances

311/312 Categories: F = Fire Hazard 3

R = Reactivity Hazard C = Chronic Haza

P = Pressure Related Hazard

313 Information: Section 313 Supplier Notification - The ch

listed above with a 'Y' in the 313 column are subject to reporting requirements of Section 313 of the Emergency Planning and Community anent or

Right-to-Know act of 1986 and of 40 CFR 372.

CERCLA: Comprehensive Emergency Response, Compensation and Liability Act of 1980.

HAP = Listed as a Clean Air Act Hazardous Air Pollutant

TPO = Threshold planning quantity

R2 = Reportable quantity

NA = not available

NR not regulated / 00000

SECTION 16 - Additional Infor

HMIS Rating:

Glossary of Terms:

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

International Agency for Research on Cancer

National Toxicology Program

mational Safety and Heal:

Short term exposure limit

Time-weighted average

Particles not otherwise regulated

Particles not otherwise classified

: Do not use in medical applications involving permanent or orary implantation in the human body. For further information, "DuPont Medical Caution Statement." H-50102.