



MUHAMMAD ADNAN SHAHID

State Specialist, Greenhouse and Nursery Production

**Cooperative Extension & Department of Agriculture,
Nutrition and Food Systems, UNH**

Research interest

- Plant physiology and biochemistry
- Nutrient and water management
- Abiotic stress management
- Nanotechnology
- Light quality
- Hydroponic and aeroponic systems

Research Plans

- Supplemental LED lightening
- Silicon application to improve plant health
- Nanoparticles/Nanofertilizers
- Substrate amendments
- Biotic and abiotic stress management
- Grower-researcher joint research projects

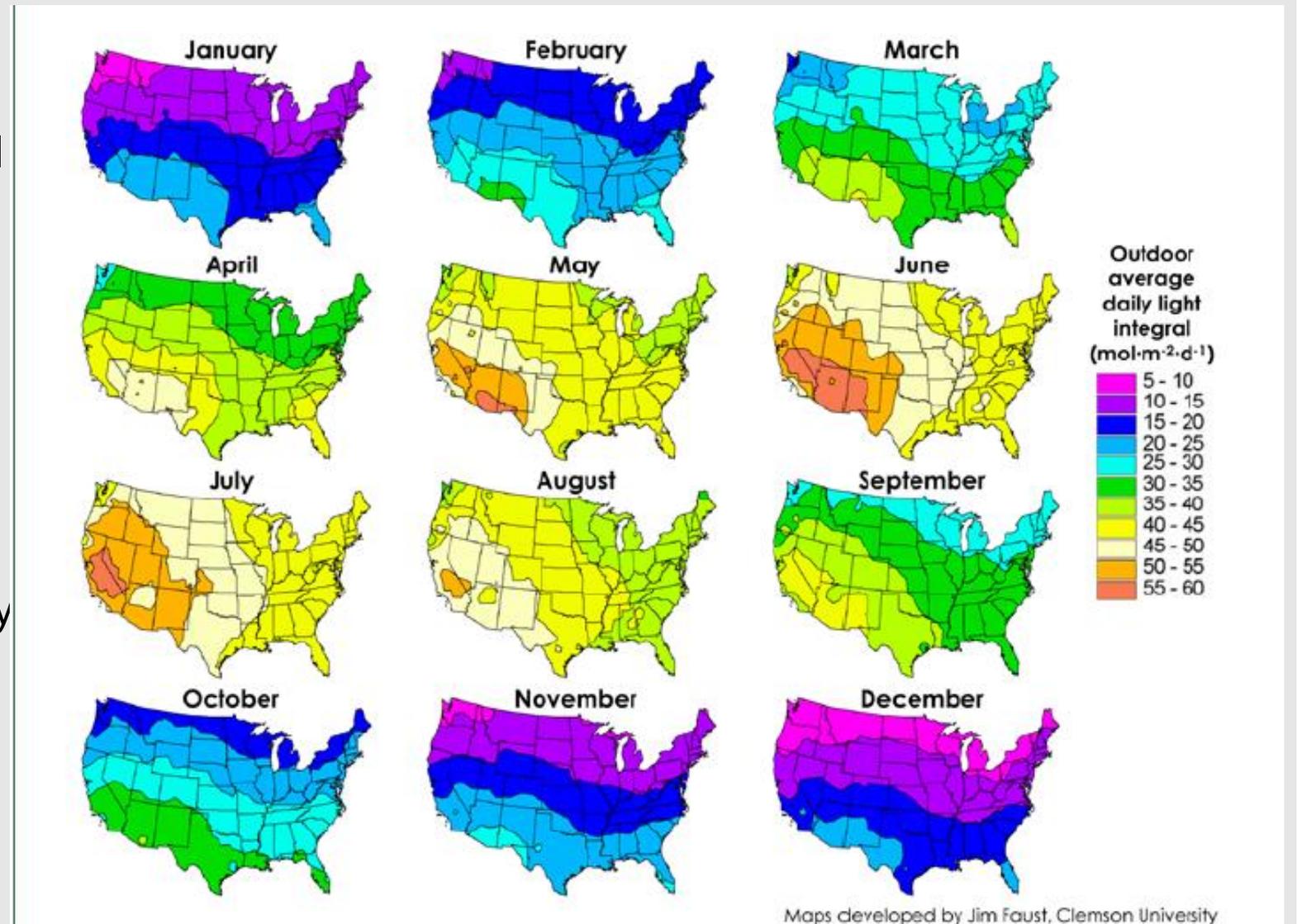
Supplemental LED lightening

- **Light Quality**
 - Different light spectrum
 - Combinations of different spectrum



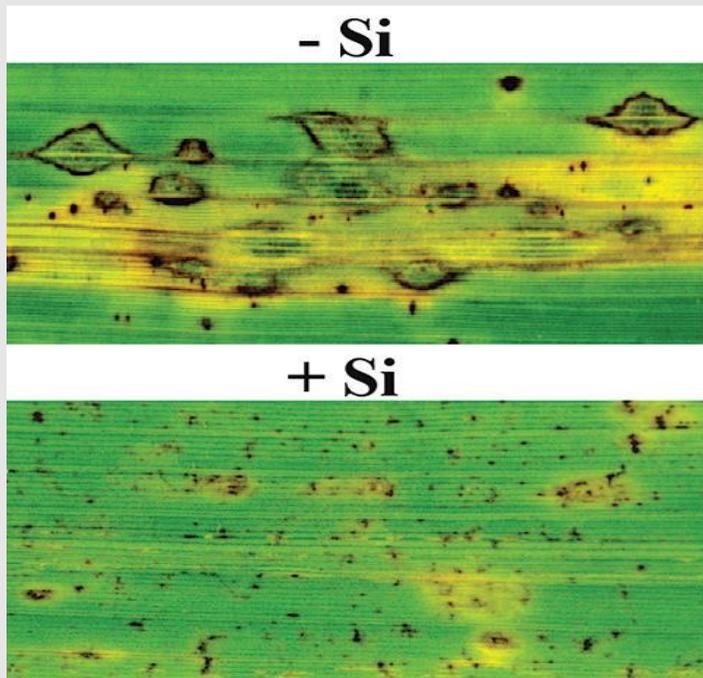
Why Light Quantity???

- DLI: Daily light integral
- Lights meters measure DLI
- DLI Varies from 5-30 mol/m²/d1 in northern latitude
- Further 40-70% reduction by glazing, lights, baskets etc.
- DLI directly impacts root and shoot growth in seedlings, and finish quality like branching, uniform flower size, compactness etc.
- Work on crop-wise DLI requirement particularly in NE is required???



Silicon Application in Greenhouse Production

- Second most abundant element
- Approved by Association of American Plant Food Control Officials (AAPFCO)
- Improve growth, yield and quality of produce
- Resistance to bacterial and fungal diseases
- Resistance to insect-pests
- Resistance to different abiotic stresses like salinity, drought, heat, cold
- Improve nutrient uptake and nutrient use efficiency
- Strengthen the root architecture, stronger and thicker the stem, shorter the internodes, larger and thicker the leaves



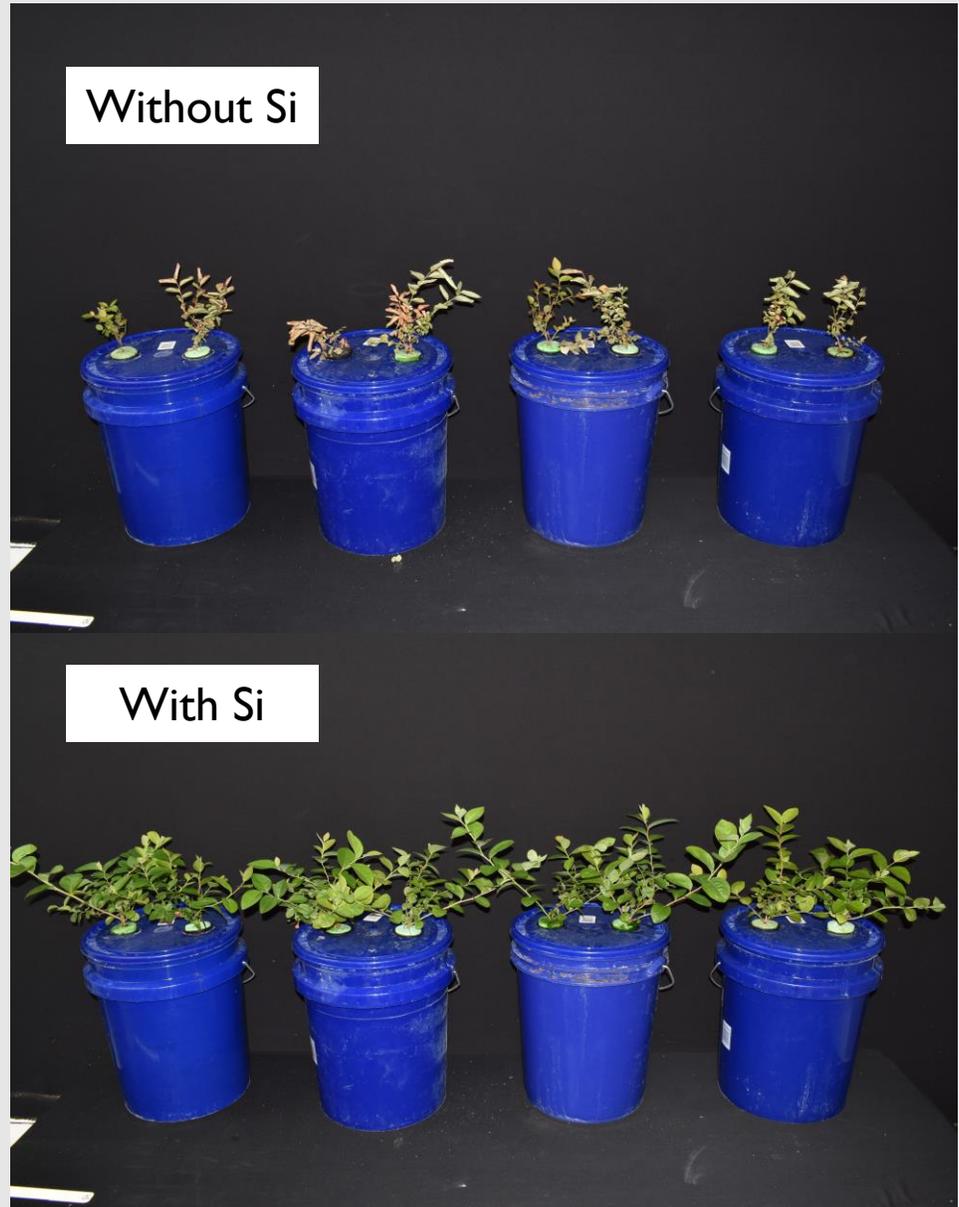
Leaf blast PC: Lawrence Datnoff, LSU



Post harvest life: Neil Mattson, Cornell University



Stem diameter: Steve Marek, Oklahoma State University



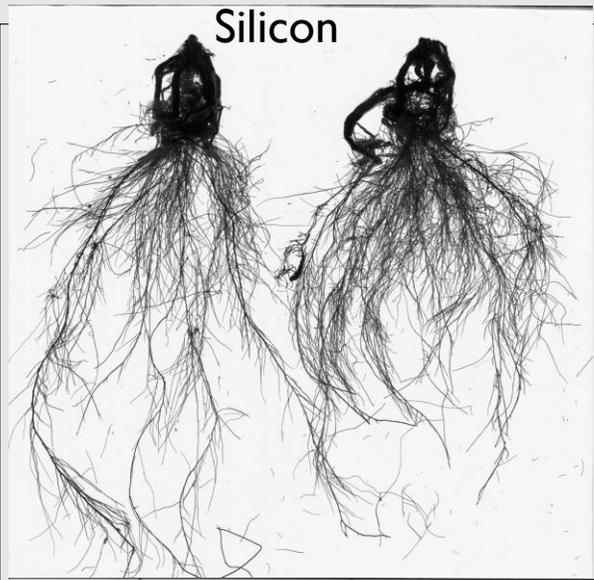
Blueberry seedlings under hypoxia stress



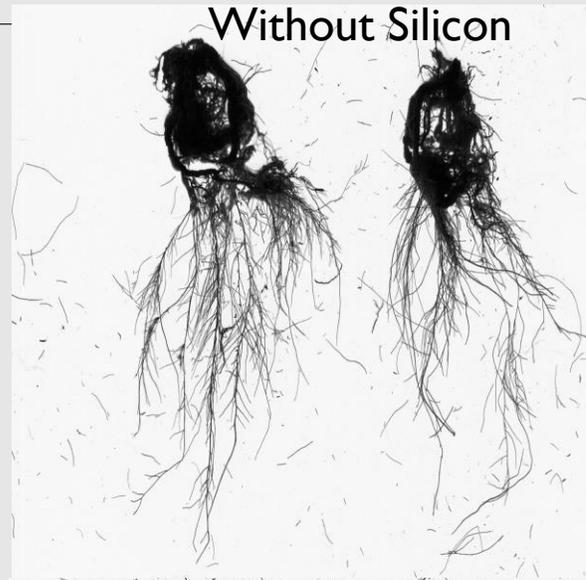
Citrus rootstocks under hypoxia stress



Silicon improved shelf life in grapes, peach and mango (PC: Ali Sarkhosh)



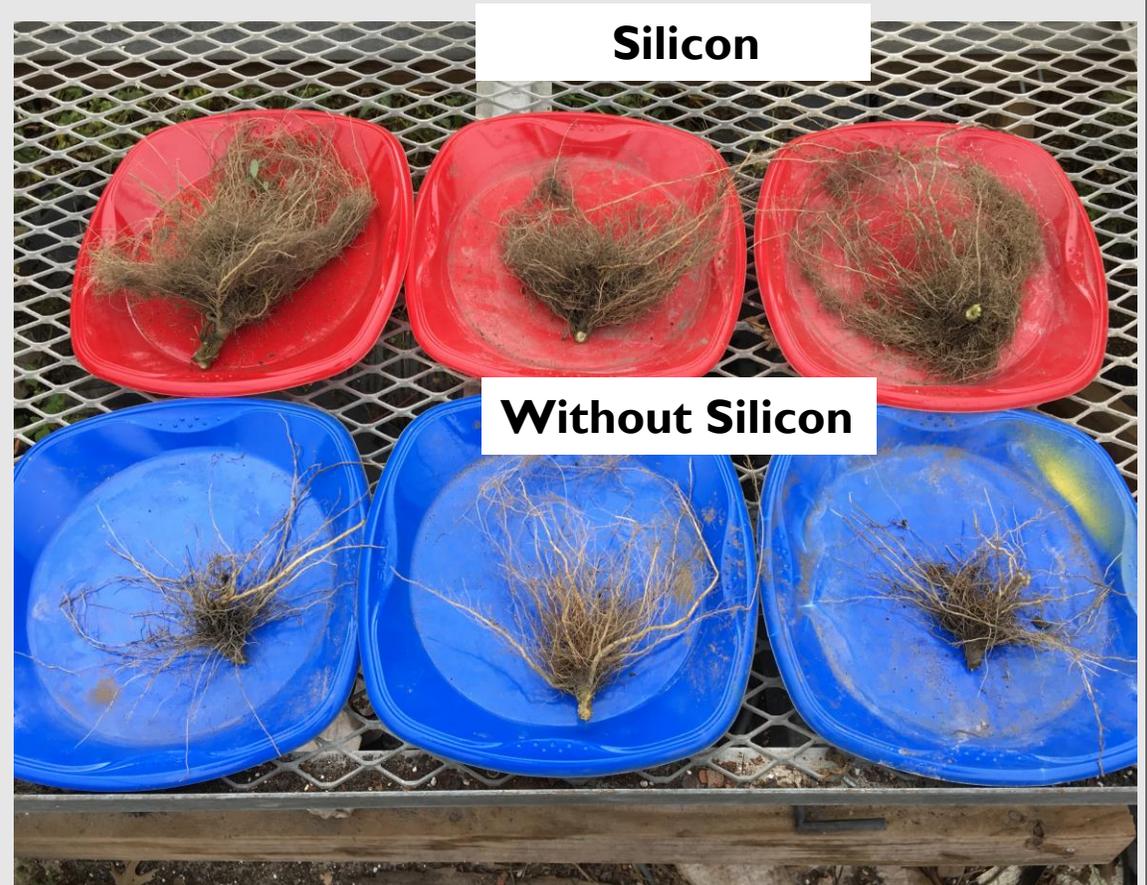
Silicon



Without Silicon



Grape



Silicon

Without Silicon

Tomato

Effect of silicon on root formation in aeroponically grown grape cuttings

(PC: Muhammad)

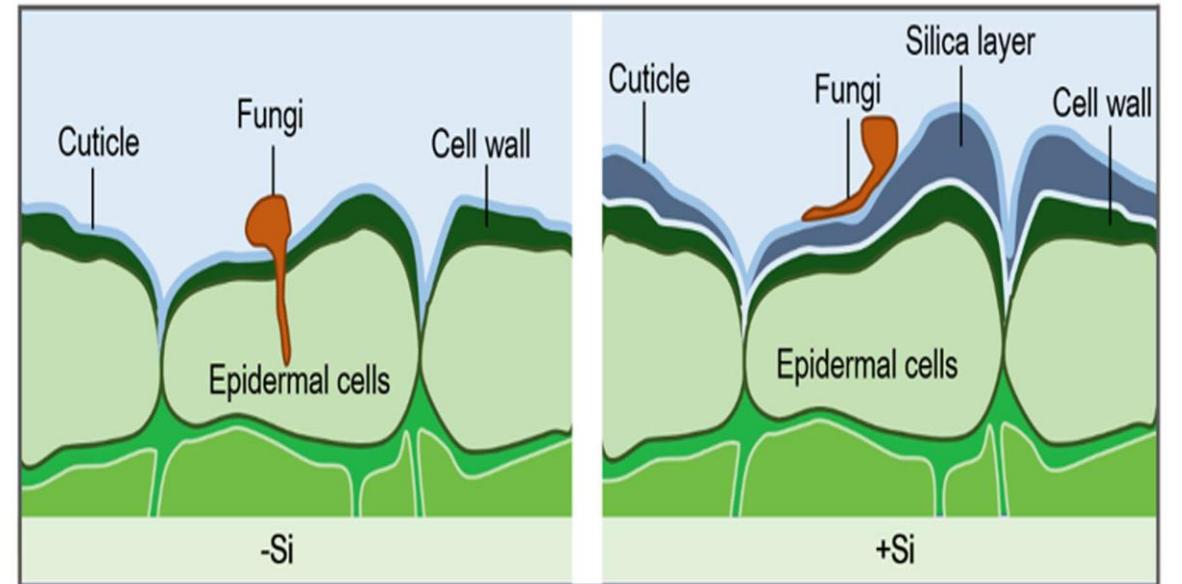
Mode of action of Si

- Physical barrier
- Biochemical action
- Molecular mechanism

A

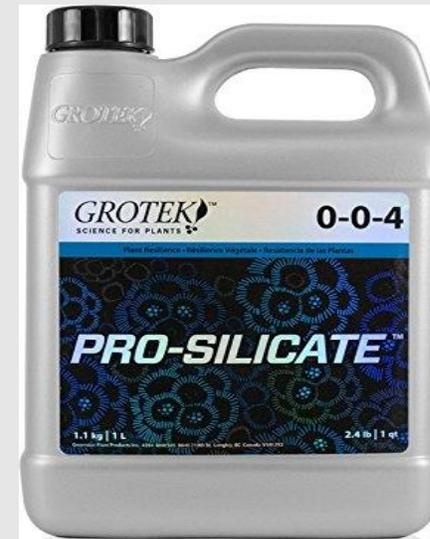
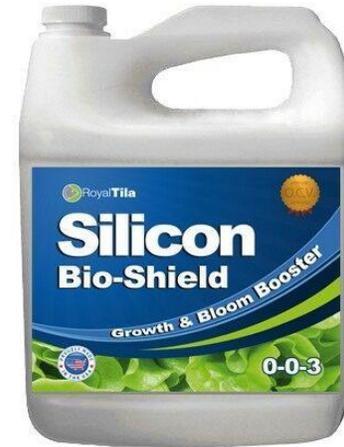


B



Silicon Fertilizers

- Available liquid and powder
 - Biacsil
 - Silifert
 - Nitrosil
 - Agsil 16
 - Agsil 22
 - Silica Balast
 - Sil-guard
 - SiGuard
 - SiMag58



Biochar: Substrate Amendment

- Charcoal produced by burning of plant materials at high temperature in the absence of oxygen
- Improve fertility
- Improve nutrient and water holding capacity
- Mitigate micronutrient deficiencies
- Reduces input cost by limiting nutrient leaching

Biochar Source Material	Soil/Substrate	Effect on Plant Growth	Crop
Citrus wood	Coconut fiber: tuff substrate	Increase	Pepper (<i>Capsicum annuum</i> L.) and Tomato (<i>Solanum lycopersicum</i> L.)
Gasified rice hulls	Peat	Decrease Increase	Geranium (<i>Pelargonium xhortorum</i> 'Maverick Red') Tomato (<i>Solanum lycopersicum</i> 'Megabite')
Hardwood	Soil	Increase	Maize (<i>Zea mays</i> L.)
Hardwood pellets and pelletized wheat straw	Peat moss	Little or no effect	Tomato (<i>Solanum lycopersicum</i> L.) and Marigold (<i>Tagetes erecta</i> L.)
Mixed hardwood	Pine bark	Increase	<i>Hydrangea paniculata</i> 'Silver Dollar'

- Hatch: Effect of different biochar on nutrient availability and water holding capacity



Table: Jahromi



Use of biochar in grape production in south Florida

Project Overview

Impact of Biochar on Moisture and Nutrient Retention in Long Island Nurseries

Commodities

- **Additional Plants:** ornamentals

Practices

- **Crop Production:** application rate management, crop improvement and selection, nurseries, tissue analysis
- **Education and Training:** demonstration, extension, on-farm/ranch research, workshop
- **Soil Management:** organic matter, soil analysis, soil quality/health

LNE19-384R

Project Type: Research Only

Funds awarded in 2019: \$83,949.00

Projected End Date: 04/30/2022

Grant Recipient: Cornell Cooperative

Extension of Suffolk County

Region: Northeast

State: New York

Nanotechnology

- Particle size 1-100nm
- Improve nutrient use efficiency
- Improve nutrient uptake
- Herbicidal, insecticidal, antifungal and bacteriostatic action
- Highly reactive due to more surface to volume ratio
- Low environmental impacts
- Low leaching and volatilization

- **Types**

- Silver based NP
- Zinc based NP
- Chitosan based NP
- Copper based NP
- Urea coated-zeolite chips

- Hatch:

- Evaluate the nanoparticles for disease incidence particularly for downy and powdery mildew
- Evaluate the nanoparticles against abiotic stresses

Abiotic Stress Management

- Screening
- Supplemental lightening
- Growth regulators
- Nutrient management

Joint-Venture Research

- Silicon application in basil production (*DS Cole*)
- Red/Blue light spectrum in Basil production (*DS Cole*)
- Impact of LED lighting on lettuce production (*Moulton Farm*)
- Induction of flowering through LED light spectrum in annuals (*Pleasant View Gardens*)
- Reducing seed germination time in leafy greens by supplemental LED lightening (*LEF Farm*)

Contact

Muhammad Shahid, PhD

Greenhouse and Nursery Production State Specialist

Cooperative Extension & Department of Agriculture, Nutrition
and Food Systems, UNH

Email: Muhammad.shahid@unh.edu

Phone: 603 862 3209

THANKS