

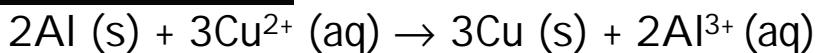
# April 15, 2002

## ➤ Exam #3

- ✓ 1999 Exam #3 Questions - answers posted
- ✓ Exam Info Page - updated!
- ✓ Monday, 4/15 Review/Problem Session: 3 - 4 pm,  
A531 Cook

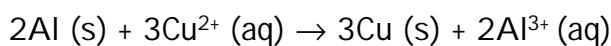
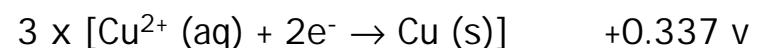
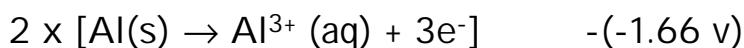
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## Example



$E^\circ_{\text{cell}}$ ?  $\Delta G^\circ$ ?  $K$ ?

$E^\circ_{\text{cell}}$ :



**+2.00 V**

reaction is spontaneous

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## Now for $\Delta G^{\circ}$

$$\Delta G^{\circ} = -n FE_{\text{cell}}^{\circ}$$

$$\Delta G^{\circ} = -(6 \text{ mol e-}/\text{mol})(9.6487 \times 10^4 \text{ C/mol e-})(2.00 \text{ V})$$

$$\Delta G^{\circ} = -1.158 \times 10^6 \text{ } \cancel{\text{C-V/mol}}$$

Joules

$$\Delta G^{\circ} = \underline{-1.16 \times 10^3 \text{ kJ/mol}}$$

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## Equilibrium at last

- Two paths:
  - From  $\Delta G^{\circ} (= -RTLnK)$
  - From  $E_{\text{cell}}^{\circ} = (0.0592/n)\text{LogK}$

$$\text{LogK} = \frac{(E_{\text{cell}}^{\circ})n}{0.0592}$$

$$\text{Log K} = \frac{(2.00 \text{ V})(6 \text{ mol e-})}{0.0592} = 202.703$$

$$K = 10^{202.703} = 5.043 \times 10^{203} = \boxed{10^{203}}$$

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## Non-Standard States?

Recall:

$$\Delta G = \Delta G^\circ + RT\ln Q$$

Since:

$$\Delta G = -nFE_{\text{cell}}$$

Substituting:

$$E_{\text{cell}} = E_{\text{cell}}^\circ - \frac{RT}{nF} \ln Q$$

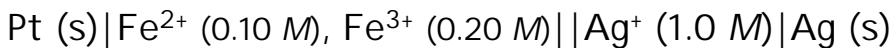
The Nernst Equation

At 298.15 K:

$$E_{\text{cell}} = E_{\text{cell}}^\circ - (0.0592/n) \log Q$$

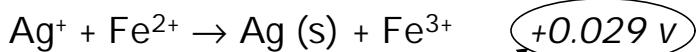
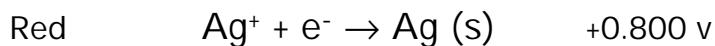
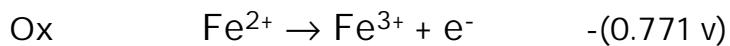
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## Nernst Example



Calculate  $E_{\text{cell}}$

First, determine  $E_{\text{cell}}^\circ$ :



$E_{\text{cell}}^\circ$

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## Example Continues

Next, find value of  $Q$ :

$$Q = \frac{[\text{Fe}^{3+}]}{[\text{Ag}^+][\text{Fe}^{2+}]} = \frac{(0.20)}{(1.0)(0.10)} = 2.0$$

Lastly, into the *Nernst Equation*:

$$E_{\text{cell}} = E_{\text{cell}}^{\circ} - (0.0592/n)\text{Log}Q$$

$$E_{\text{cell}} = 0.029 - (0.0592/1)\text{Log}(2.0)$$

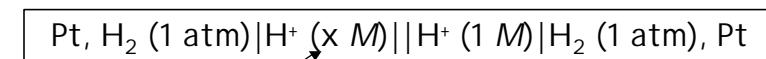
$$E_{\text{cell}} = 0.029 - 0.01782 = 0.01179 \text{ volts}$$

$$E_{\text{cell}} = \underline{0.012 \text{ volts}}$$

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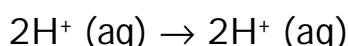
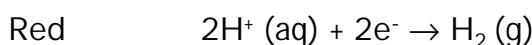
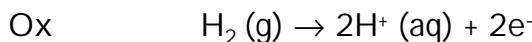
Nernst (huh!)  
... What is it good for?

➤ Concentration Determinations



Unknown  $[\text{H}^+]$   
(Anode)

Std Hydrogen Electrode  
(Cathode)



(1 M)  $(x \text{ M})$

concentration  
cell

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## Using Nernst

$$E_{\text{cell}} = E_{\text{cell}}^{\circ} - (0.0592/n) \log Q$$

$$Q = \frac{[H^+]_{\text{anode}}^2}{[H^+]_{\text{cathode}}^2} = \frac{[H^+]_{\text{anode}}^2}{1 M}$$

$$E_{\text{cell}} = 0.000 - (0.0592/2) \log [H^+]_{\text{anode}}^2$$

$$E_{\text{cell}} = \frac{-2(0.0592)}{2} \log [H^+]_{\text{anode}}$$

$$E_{\text{cell}} = -0.0592 \log [H^+]_{\text{anode}}$$

$$E_{\text{cell}} = 0.0592 \text{ pH}$$

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