# CHEM 35 <br> General Chemistry <br> Quiz \#4 

October 6, 2000
Take-home problem set

## Name:

 Largo, Key1. Boyle investigated the effects of pressure changes on the volume of a gas (at a constant temperature). Indicate, either graphically or by an equation, the relationship that we now know as Boyle's Law.

Boyle found that the product of the pressure and the volume of a gas was constant: $\boldsymbol{P} \times \boldsymbol{V}=$ constant.

Graphically, this means that a plot of Pressure as a function of $1 / V$ is a straight line having a slope equal to the constant.
2. One mole of $\mathrm{N}_{2}$ gas at 1.00 atm is heated from $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}(273.15 \mathrm{~K})$ to $100^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ( 373.15 K ). If the gas occupied 22.41 L at $0{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, what volume does it occupy at $100^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (still at 1.00 atm of pressure)?

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\frac{\mathrm{P}_{1} \underline{V_{1}}}{\mathrm{~T}_{1}}=\underline{\mathrm{P}}_{2} \underline{\mathrm{~V}}_{2} \mathrm{~T}_{2}
$$

$$
\text { Solving for } V_{2}: \quad \begin{aligned}
V_{2} & =\frac{\mathrm{P}_{1} \mathrm{~V}_{1} \mathrm{~T}_{2}}{\mathrm{~T}_{1} \mathrm{P}_{2}} \\
& =\frac{(1.00 \mathrm{~atm})(22.41 \mathrm{~L})(373.15 \mathrm{~K})}{(273.15 \mathrm{~K})(1.00 \mathrm{~atm})} \\
& =30.6143 \mathrm{~L} \\
& =30.6 \mathrm{~L}
\end{aligned}
$$

