## Math 255 - Spring 2022 Quadratic congruences proofs 10 points

This homework invites you to write some proofs about quadratic congruences.

- 1. For n > 1, let f(n) be the number of solutions to the equation  $x^2 \equiv 1 \pmod{n}$ , and let  $\omega(n)$  be the number of distinct primes dividing n.
  - (a) Give a closed formula for f(n). Your formula should use  $\omega(n)$ .
  - (b) Is f(n) ever odd? When?
  - (c) Assume that f(n) is even. Show that

$$\prod_{a \in (\mathbb{Z}/n\mathbb{Z})^{\times}} a \equiv (-1)^{f(n)/2} \pmod{n}.$$

Hint: This can be shown using a technique similar to the proof of Wilson's theorem.

(d) Assuming still that f(n) is even, when is

$$\prod_{a \in (\mathbb{Z}/n\mathbb{Z})^{\times}} a \equiv -1 \pmod{n}?$$

2. Prove that the quadratic congruence  $6x^2 + 5x + 1 \equiv 0 \pmod{p}$  has a solution for each prime p, but the equation  $6x^2 + 5x + 1 \equiv 0$  does not have an integer solution.