Please solve **ONE** of the three problems below:

1. Let G be a finite group acting transitively on the left on a nonempty set  $\Omega$ . Let  $N \leq G$ , and let  $\mathcal{O}_1, \mathcal{O}_2, \ldots, \mathcal{O}_r$  be the orbits of N acting on  $\Omega$ . For any  $g \in G$ , let

$$g\mathcal{O}_i = \{g\alpha : \alpha \in \mathcal{O}_i\}.$$

- (a) Prove that  $g\mathcal{O}_i$  is an orbit of N for any  $i \in \{1, 2, ..., r\}$ , i.e.,  $g\mathcal{O}_i = \mathcal{O}_j$  for some j.
- (b) With G acting as in part (a), explain why G permutes  $\mathcal{O}_1, \mathcal{O}_2, \ldots, \mathcal{O}_r$  transitively.
- (c) Deduce from (b) that  $r = [G : NG_{\alpha}]$ , where  $G_{\alpha}$  is the subgroup of G stabilizing the point  $\alpha \in \mathcal{O}_1$ .
- 2. Let N be a normal subgroup of the group G, and for each  $g \in G$ , let  $\phi_g$  denote conjugation by g acting on N, i.e,

$$\phi_g(x) = gxg^{-1}$$
 for all  $x \in N$ .

- (a) Prove that  $\phi_g$  is an automorphism of N for each  $g \in G$ .
- (b) Prove that the map  $\Phi \colon g \mapsto \phi_g$  is a homomorphism from G into  $\operatorname{Aut}(N)$ .
- (c) Prove that ker  $\Phi = C_G(N)$  and deduce that  $G/C_G(N)$  is isomorphic to a subgroup of Aut(N).
- 3. In this problem, G is a finite group.
  - (a) Show that if G/Z(G) is cyclic, where Z(G) is the center of G, then G is abelian.
  - (b) Let p be a prime and P be a p-group. Show that Z(P) is nontrivial.
  - (c) Show that if P has order  $p^2$  then P is abelian.
  - (d) Show that every *p*-group is solvable.