Erosion rates along the continental escarpment in Southern Brazil

University of Toronto



Continental escarpments are common features along many passive margins. This project seeks to determine erosion rates along the Brazilian continental escarpment (> 1,000 m in elevation) in SE Brazil. Erosion rates will be used to understand the long-term evolution of this landscape, and answer the following questions: 1) how lithology influences the rate of escarpment retreat? 2) what are the effects of river capture in this region?





Visitor: Mauricio Barcelos Haag Visit dates: June 19-30 and September 18-28, 2023

I am 2nd year Ph.D. student at the University of Toronto studying the landscape and tectonic evolution of the Parana-Etendeka Igneous Province. I am visiting the CCF because I want to get hands-on experience in sample processing for erosion rates.